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## FINAL INVESTIGATION REPORT FOR THE COMPLIANCE RESTORATION SITE CC-RVAAP-80 GROUP 2 PROPELLANT CAN TOPS AND OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant (RVAAP) Ravenna, Ohio

Contract No. W912QR-10-P-0058

Submitted to



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Louisville 600 Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Place Louisville, KY 40202

Submitted by



PIKA International, Inc 12723 Capricorn Drive, Suite 500 Stafford, TX 77477

January 27, 2012



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- OHARNG Ohio Army National Guard Camp Ravenna
- Ohio EPA-NEDO-DERR Ohio Environmental Protection Agency NE District-DERR
- PIKA PIKA International Inc.
- REIMS Ravenna Environmental Information Management System
- RVAAP Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant
- USACE United States Army Corps of Engineers Louisville District



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AOC	Area of Concern
APP	Accident Prevention Plan
BRACD	United States Base Realignment and Closure Division
CELRL	USACE - Louisville District, Louisville, Kentucky
CR	Compliance Restoration
DOD	Department of Defense
EZ	Exclusion Zone
FM	Facility Manager
FWCUGs	Facility Wide Cleanup Goals
GOCO	Government Owned, Contractor Operated
GPS	Global Positioning System
GPR	Ground Penetrating Radar
HAZWOPER	Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response
HTRW	Hazardous Toxic and Radioactive Waste
IAW	In Accordance With
IDW	Investigation Derived Waste
IRP	Installation Restoration Program
LL	Load Line
m	meter
MC	Munitions Constituents
MEC	Munitions and Explosives of Concern
MI	Multi-Increment
mm	millimeter



	Environmental Services
MSD	Minimum Separation Distance
NGB	National Guard Bureau
Ohio EPA	Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
OHARNG	Ohio Army National Guard
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PAM	Pamphlet
PIKA	PIKA International, Inc.
РјМ	Project Manager
QC	Quality Control
RRD	Range Related Debris
RSL	Regional Screening Level
RVAAP	Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant
SOW	Scope of Work
SSHP	Site Safety and Health Plan
SUXOS	Senior Unexploded Ordnance Supervisor
USACE	United States Army Corps of Engineers
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
USP&FO	United States Property and Fiscal Officer
UXO	Unexploded Ordnance
UXOSO	Unexploded Ordnance Safety Officer
UXOT III	Unexploded Ordnance Technician III/Team Leader
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound
WP	Work Plan



## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report describes the activities performed to complete the Scope of Work (SOW) for the Compliance Restoration (CR) Site CC-RVAAP-80 and Other Environmental Services at the Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant (RVAAP) in Ravenna, Ohio. Authorization for performance is contained in contract W912QR-10-P-0058 issued to PIKA International, Inc. (PIKA) by U.S. Army Corps of Engineers - Louisville District (CELRL), Louisville, Kentucky. A copy of the SOW is presented in Appendix A.

The Report describes the procedures, operational sequence, and resources PIKA used for the following tasks:

- Perform a geophysical delineation of the buried or near surface materials (propellant can tops, etc.) in the designated Group 2 areas;
- Collect surface soil samples based on the results of the geophysical delineation;
- Analyze soil samples for the common propellants used by the Department of Defense (DoD) including Nitrocellulose, Nitroglycerine, Nitroguanidine, and Perchlorate, with one (1) of the samples also analyzed for the RVAAP full suite (i.e., Explosives, Propellants, TAL Metals, VOCs, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs and Mercury) and Cyanide;
- Dispose of all Investigation Derived Waste (IDW); and
- Pump and remove accumulated water from the excavation at RVAAP Load Line (LL) 2 Building DB-802 in accordance with Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (Ohio EPA) requirements for ground application.

#### 1.1 Objective

The objective of this project was to conduct an initial investigation of the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops areas. The following tasks were achieved during the investigation:

• Delineate the boundaries of the propellant can top areas;



- Confirm the presence or absence of releases of propellants and/or other munitions constituents (MC) to the surface soils at this area of concern (AOC); and
- Remove accumulated water from the excavation at LL2 Building DB-802 to facilitate completion of scheduled site restoration operations by others under a separate United States Base Realignment and Closure Division (BRACD) contract.

## 1.2 RVAAP Location

When the RVAAP Installation Restoration Program (IRP) began in 1989, the RVAAP was identified as a 21,419 acre installation. The property boundary was resurveyed by the Ohio Army National Guard (OHARNG) over a two year period (2002 and 2003) and the actual total acreage of the property was found to be 21,683 acres. As of February 2006, a total of 20,403 acres has been transferred to the National Guard Bureau (NGB) and subsequently licensed to the OHARNG for use as a military training site known as Camp Ravenna. The current RVAAP consists of 1,280 acres scattered throughout Camp Ravenna. The Camp Ravenna perimeter fence encloses both installations.

Camp Ravenna is in northeastern Ohio within Portage and Trumbull Counties, approximately 4.8 kilometers (3 miles) east northeast of the city of Ravenna and approximately 1.6 kilometers (1 mile) northwest of the city of Newton Falls. The RVAAP portions of the property are solely located within Portage County. Camp Ravenna/RVAAP is a parcel of property approximately 17.7 kilometers (11 miles) long and 5.6 kilometers (3.5 miles) wide bounded by State Route 5, the Michael J. Kirwan Reservoir, and the CSX System Railroad on the south; Garret, McCormick, and Berry Roads on the west; the Norfolk Southern Railroad on the north; and State Route 534 on the east. Camp Ravenna is surrounded by several communities: Windham on the north; Garrettsville 9.6 kilometers (6 miles) to the northwest; Newton Falls 1.6 kilometers (1 mile) to the southeast; Charlestown to the southwest; and Wayland 4.8 kilometers (3 miles) to the south.



When RVAAP was operational, Camp Ravenna did not exist and the entire 21,683acre parcel was a government-owned contractor operated (GOCO) industrial facility. The RVAAP IRP encompasses investigation and cleanup of past activities over the entire 21,683 acres of the former RVAAP, references to the RVAAP in this document are considered to be inclusive of the historical extent of RVAAP, unless otherwise specifically stated. A regional map indicating the General Location and Orientation of the RVAAP is presented in Appendix B as Figure 1. A facility map of the RVAAP is presented in Appendix B as Figure 2.

## 1.3 RVAAP History

Production at the facility began in December 1941 with the primary missions of depot storage and ammunition loading. The installation was divided into two separate units, the Portage Ordnance Depot and the Ravenna Ordnance Plant. The Portage Ordnance Depot's primary mission was depot storage of munitions and components, while the Ravenna Ordnance Plant's mission was to load and pack major caliber artillery ammunition and to assemble munitions initiating components that included fuzes, boosters, and percussion elements. In August 1943, the installation was redesignated the Ravenna Ordnance Center and again, in November 1945, as the Ravenna Arsenal.

The plant was placed in standby status in 1950 and operations were limited to renovation, demilitarization, and normal maintenance of equipment, along with storage of ammunition and components. The plant was reactivated during the Korean Conflict to load and pack major caliber shells and components. All production ended in August 1957, and in October 1957 the installation was again placed in a standby condition. In October 1960, the ammonium nitrate line was renovated for demilitarization operations which involved melting explosives out of bomb casings for subsequent recycling. These operations commenced in January 1961. In July 1961, the plant was again deactivated. In November 1961, the installation was divided into the Ravenna Ordnance Plant and an industrial section, with the entire installation designated as the RVAAP. In May 1968, RVAAP began loading, assembling, and packing munitions on three (3) LLs and two (2) component



August 1972. The demilitarization of the M71A1 90 millimeter (MM) projectile extended from June 1973 until March 1974. Demilitarization of various other munitions was conducted from October 1982 through 1992.

Until 1993, RVAAP maintained the capability to load, assemble, and pack military ammunition. As part of the RVAAP mission, the inactive facilities were maintained in a standby status by keeping equipment in a condition to permit resumption of production within prescribed limitations. In September 1993, RVAAP was placed in inactive caretaker status and subsequently changed to modified caretaker status. The LLs and associated real estate were determined to be excess to the U.S. Army.

## 1.4 RVAAP – CC-RVAAP-80: Group 2 Propellant Can Tops

CC-RVAAP-80 consists of the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops area. Propellant can lids or tops were identified on the ground surface/near surface at the southern end of the former Group 2 Ammunition Storage Area. These materials are typically classified as Range-Related Debris (RRD) (similar to munitions packaging materials). This site was never used or classified as an operational range. It is believed that the discarded propellant can tops might qualify as inert scrap metal.

The propellant can tops located at the south end of Group 2 were initially identified by OHARNG trainees in the winter of 2008. The propellant can tops were observed in the vegetated area located immediately south of the ammunition storage magazines in the vicinity of the southern railroad spur lines (see Appendix B, Figure 3). This area consists of approximately 539,572 square feet (12.4 acres).

The CELRL performed an emergency survey with a metal detector over a portion of the southern area ground surface. Results of the survey revealed multiple magnetic anomalies in the surface and near surface soils. On-site Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) personnel visually identified the surface anomalies as propellant can tops. During the emergency survey, it was also noted that the ground surface had been disturbed and contained hummocks (mounds) ranging in height from one (1) foot to two (2) feet throughout the survey area.



As such, the propellant can tops or RRD are of environmental concern for the subject area. A geophysical survey was necessary to identify the anomalies and anomalous areas within the subject area, and to characterize the subject area boundary(ies). The limited soil investigation within the identified anomalous areas was warranted to assess possible releases of propellants or MC to the surface soils in the vicinity of the can tops. The site is a low probability site in regard to encountering munitions and explosives of concern (MEC). Therefore, only UXO construction support was required for this project.

#### 1.5 RVAAP- 09: Load Line 2

Former excavation activities conducted at LL2 (RVAAP-09) have resulted in the accumulation of water within the Building DB-802 footprint. To facilitate restoration activities at this location, the accumulated water needed to be removed from the excavation to assist in the restoration of the site. A map showing the location of Building DB-802 within LL2 is presented in Appendix B, Figure 4.

NOTE: As per the requirements of the SOW, the water removal services were to coincide with the BRACD contractor's schedule. To that end, the water removal services were conducted by PIKA from May 3, 2010, through May 18, 2010, to facilitate the June 2010 restoration activities at LL2 by the BRACD contractor. All water removal services were conducted in accordance with Ohio EPA requirements. A copy of the Ohio EPA e-mail correspondence relative to approval for discharging the surface water to ground surface is provided in Appendix F.



# 2.0 COMPLIANCE RESTORATION SITE CC-RVAAP-80 SITE INVESTIGATION ACTIVITIES

The following documents were prepared and approved prior to starting the Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 (Group 2 Propellant Can Tops) site investigation operations:

- February 25, 2011, "Final Project Work Plan for the Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services"
- December 17, 2010, "Final Project Management Plan for the Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services"
- February 2011, "Final Accident Prevention Plan for the Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services"
- February 2011, "Final Site Safety and Health Plan for the Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services"
- February 2011, "Final Sampling and Analysis Plan for the Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services"
- February 2011, "Final Quality Assurance Project Plan for the Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services"

The sequence of operations for the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops site investigation as approved in the work plan (WP) was:

• Mobilization and site preparation – Conducted 4 through 6 April 2011;



- Surface sweep Conducted 7 14 April 2011;
- Mark wetland boundaries Conducted 21 April 2011
- Vegetation Removal Conducted 26 April through 5 May 2011;
- Geophysical Delineation of Group 2 Propellant Can Tops area Conducted 9 through 11 May 2011;
- Multi-Increment (MI) surface soil sampling within areas identified as containing propellant can tops Conducted 26 May 2011;
- Disposal of IDW Conducted 26 May 2011;
- Survey boundaries of MI sample areas Conducted 31 May 2011;
- Demobilization Conducted 31 May 2011, and
- Data Validation Conducted 28 June through 5 July 2011

Details pertaining to each of the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops site investigation operations are provided in the subsections that follow. Photographic documentation of the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops site investigation operations are provided in the Weekly Reports that are contained in Appendix C.

#### 2.1 Mobilization and Site Preparation

#### 2.1.1 Mobilization of Manpower

PIKA scheduled the arrival of the work force in a manner designed to facilitate immediate productivity. All PIKA personnel mobilized to the site met requirements for Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER) training and medical surveillance requirements as specified in the Accident Prevention Plan (APP)/Site Safety and Health Plan (SSHP). Site personnel were trained to perform the specific tasks to



which they were assigned. At no time were site personnel tasked with performing an operation or duty for which they did not have appropriate training and experience.

## 2.1.2 Preliminary Activities

During the initial mobilization, PIKA site management personnel engaged in the following preliminary activities:

- Coordinated with the RVAAP Facility Manager (FM) and Camp Ravenna Range Control to finalize access and communications requirements for operations within the Group 2 area;
- Contacted and coordinated with local vendors for accommodations as well as vendors/suppliers for routine purchases to ensure smooth project start up; and
- Inspected the work area to identify possible environmental constraints, terrain limitations, and other interferences.

#### 2.1.3 Equipment

All equipment was inspected as it arrived to ensure proper working order. All instruments and equipment that required routine maintenance and/or calibration were checked initially upon arrival and then checked again prior to use each day. As part of the initial equipment set-up and testing, PIKA also installed and tested its communication equipment to include the following:

- Cellular Phone Service to maintain communication with RVAAP security personnel.
- Hand-held portable radios used to maintain communications between the Project Manager (PjM) and the UXO Technician III (UXOT III)/Team Leader.
- Cellular telephones equipped with Direct Connect Service (very high frequency band) to be used as back up communications between the PjM and the UXOT III/Team Leader.



• Prior to initiating site activities, PIKA coordinated communication with Camp Ravenna Range Control, including information relative to planned road blocks, as needed.

## 2.1.4 Site-Specific Training

As part of the mobilization process, PIKA performed site-specific training for all onsite personnel assigned to this project. The purpose of this training was to ensure that all on-site personnel fully understood the operational procedures and methods to be used by PIKA at RVAAP and the Camp Ravenna Group 2 site. Individual assigned responsibilities and safety and environmental concerns associated with site operations were also covered in the training. The Senior UXO Supervisor (SUXOS)/UXO Safety Officer (UXOSO) conducted the training sessions which included the topics identified below.

- Field equipment operation, including the safety and health precautions, field inspection, and maintenance procedures that were to be used.
- Interpretation of relevant sections of the Final WP and APP/SSHP as they related to the tasks that were being performed.
- Personnel awareness of potential site and operational hazards associated with site-specific tasks and operations.
- Public relations to ensure that personnel do not make any public statements to the media without prior coordination and approval from the RVAAP FM.
- Environmental concerns and sensitivity including the location of wetlands.
- Additional OSHA or CELRL required training per the approved APP.
- Identification features, hazards, and disposal methods of MEC/UXO that may be encountered.

## 2.1.5 Permitting



No permits were identified to be required for the execution of work under this scope of work.

## 2.1.6 Tenant Relocation

PIKA worked with the RVAAP FM in conjunction with the Camp Ravenna Range Control in order to minimize any effects caused by the performance of any/all of the operational tasks conducted during the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops site investigation. However, upon arrival to the site for conducting the surface sweep operations, it was noted that OHARNG training operations were being conducted within the northwest area of the site adjacent to Building AA-150. As such, tenant relocation was required prior to initiating site operations.

## 2.1.7 Site Control

The site was a low probability site in regard to encountering MEC and only UXO "construction support" was required for the project. As such, in accordance with (IAW) Engineering Pamphlet 75-1-2, *Munitions and Explosives of Concern (MEC) Support During Hazards, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste (HTRW) and Construction Activities, a* Minimum Separation Distance (MSD) was not required; however, as a precaution, PIKA instituted a 200-foot diameter exclusion zone (EZ) during the investigation operations for site control and site security purposes. This consisted of establishing barriers including warning cones and yellow tape to control the points of site access along strategic points of the Group 2 access roads. All personnel non-essential to the field activities complied with the limits of EZ.

#### 2.2 Surface Sweep

Prior to initiating the brush clearing and geophysical delineation operations, the PIKA on site UXO technicians conducted an instrument-assisted surface sweep of the entire Group 2 Propellant Can Tops site. The surface sweep was conducted using Schonstedt GA-52Cx metal detectors and a XLT-E Series Whites metal detector to locate and mark any MEC items that could have been present at the site. No MEC items were found. The surface sweep activities were conducted 7 through 14 April



2011. Photo documentation of the surface sweep activities are provided in the weekly reports contained in Appendix C.

## 2.3 Marking Wetlands

Prior to initiating the vegetation removal and site investigation operations, PIKA located and marked the existing wetlands at the site to ensure protection throughout the site investigation operations. The boundaries of the wetlands were located by a licensed surveyor on 21 April 2011 using survey data provided by Ms. Katie Tait, Camp Ravenna Environmental Specialist. A map showing the location of the wetlands within the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops site is presented in Appendix B as Figure 5. Photo documentation of the surveying operations are provided in the weekly reports contained in Appendix C.

#### 2.4 Vegetation Removal

PIKA conducted vegetation removal operations at the Group 2 Propellant Can Top Area to facilitate the site investigation operations. The vegetation removal operations were conducted from 26 April through 6 May 2011 and included the removal of ground level vegetation and small trees. Vegetation removal was conducted using a tractor mounted brush cutter with the deck locked in position at six (6)-inches above ground level. Prior to and during vegetation removal, UXO Technicians visually searched the area where the vegetation was removed to ensure the area was free of surface MEC/UXO items or other items that may have presented a physical hazard. No MEC/UXO items were encountered during the brush clearing operations. Photo documentation of the vegetation removal operations is provided in the weekly reports contained in Appendix C.

#### 2.5 Geophysical Delineation of Group 2 Propellant Can Tops Site

PIKA subcontracted GeoSearches, Inc., located in Chagrin Falls, Ohio to conduct the geophysical survey of the Group 2 Propellant Can Top Area. The objective of the survey was to delineate the boundaries of the propellant can top areas within the



site. The geophysical survey of the Group 2 Propellant Can Top Area was conducted 9 through 13 May 2011.

The geophysical survey was conducted using Electromagnetics (EM61-MK2). Prior to initiating the geophysical activities, 100-foot by 100-foot grids were surveyed and marked across the site to facilitate the investigation. During the geophysical survey, detected anomalies were surveyed utilizing the Global Positioning System (GPS)-integrated EM61 for generating data maps and then marked in the field using colored pin flags to aid in selection of the surface soil samples. At the completion of the geophysical survey operations, a total of five (5) distinct high anomaly density areas (i.e., anomaly clusters) were delineated at the site. Each of these areas was located roughly within the center portion of the site, stretching south to north. Individual anomalies were also detected across the site, but primarily in the southeastern and northwestern regions of the site. Figure 6 in Appendix B shows the location and layout of the anomalies and anomaly clusters delineated within Group 2.

A number of propellant can tops and/or cans were visible on the surface within each of the delineated cluster areas, most notably within cluster areas 1, 3, and 5. A few of the individual anomalies detected outside the cluster areas were also visible on the surface but only within the southeast portion of the site and one near the center of the site along the rail bed. These visible individual detections were identified as propellant cans and/or tops. None of the individual anomalies detected within the northwest region of the site were visible. A photo log showing the propellant cans tops and cans within each cluster area as well as the individual propellant cans and tops that were visible on the surface is presented in Appendix H.

Upon delineating the boundaries of the propellant can tops cluster areas, Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) was used to determine the approximate depth of the anomalies within each cluster area in order to determine if there was any evidence of potential excavation and/or dumping operations. Results of the GPR data indicate that all of the anomalies within the five (5) cluster areas exist at the surface or within near surface soils at no more than nine (9)-inches in depth. Additionally,



based upon the GPR data results there were no signs of disturbance within the subsurface lithology (i.e., signs of excavation and dumping).

Details pertaining to all of the geophysical survey operations are provided in the GeoSearches survey report provided in Appendix D. Photo documentation of the geophysical delineation activities are provided in the weekly reports contained in Appendix C.

## 2.6 Multi-Increment Surface Soil Sampling

Based upon results of the geophysical survey, MI surface soil samples were collected within the boundaries of selected anomaly cluster areas in order to assess possible releases of propellant MC to the surface soils from the propellant can tops and cans. As per the SOW, a total of three (3) biased MI surface soil samples were collected and analyzed for the common propellants used by DoD, including Nitrocellulose, Nitroglycerine, Nitroguanidine and Perchlorate. Additionally, one of the samples was analyzed for the RVAAP full suite. A PIKA UXO team consisting of two UXO Technicians provided construction oversight services during all sampling operations IAW Engineering Pamphlet 75-1-2, *Munitions and Explosives of Concern (MEC) Support During Hazards, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste (HTRW) and Construction Activities*.

Prior to collecting the samples, a site walk was conducted on 25 May 2011 with representatives from the Ohio EPA to evaluate each of the anomaly cluster areas for selecting the three (3) MI sample areas. Based upon site observations including size of the area and amount of visible propellant cans and tops within each area, anomaly cluster areas 1, 3 and 5 were selected for sampling and are identified as MI sample Area 3, MI sample Area 2, and MI sample Area 1, respectively. The locations along with the corresponding MI sample identifications for each of the identified sample areas are provided in Appendix B, Figure 7. The surface soil sampling operations were conducted on 26 May 2011. Photo documentation of the MI surface soil sampling activities is provided in the weekly reports contained in Appendix C.



For each sampling location, a minimum of 30 random aliquots were collected from zero (0) to one (1) foot below ground surface (bgs) using a <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch diameter dedicated stainless steel step probe, placed in a plastic lined container, and mixed in the field. The aliguot locations were selected by the sample technician walking over the entire area and randomly selecting aliquot locations, which were marked with flagging. All the aliquots collected from each MI sample area were placed in a labeled container for transport to the laboratory. At the laboratory, the samples were dried, sieved, and finely ground for specific constituent analysis. All three (3) of the MI samples were analyzed for Nitrocellulose, Nitroglycerine, Nitroguanidine and Perchlorate. Additionally, one of the samples was also analyzed for the RVAAP full suite. Sample PCTss-002M-001-SO within MI sample Area 2 was selected for the RVAAP full suite due to the large amount of propellant can tops and propellant cans present relative to Areas 1 and 3. IAW the SAP, the MI sampling method was not utilized for the volatile organic compound (VOC) component of this RVAAP full suite sample. Instead, one discrete sample was collected from within the MI sample Area 2. The location of the discrete sample was biased toward the area most likely to contain volatile compounds. No soil staining or other obvious signs of potential VOC contamination was observed within MI sample Area 2 so the discrete sample was biased toward the section of MI sample Area 2 which contained the heaviest concentration of propellant can top debris items. The soil portion for the discrete sample for the VOC analyte was placed directly in the sample container and was not composited or further processed in the field or laboratory.

The boundaries of each of the MI sample areas were surveyed on 31 May 2011 to document the layout and location within Group 2 for future use as needed. The total area for each of the MI sample areas is as follows:

MI sample area 1 equals 198 square meters; MI sample area 2 equals 553 square meters; and MI sample area 3 equals 330 square meters.

A map showing the surveyed limits of the MI sample boundaries is provided in Appendix B, Figure 8. A copy of laboratory sample results for all the samples,



including QC samples (i.e., duplicate, equipment rinsate, and MS/MSD), is provided in Appendix E.

## 2.7 Summary of Surface Soil Sample Results

A tabulated summary of all the sample results are provided in Tables 1 and 2, Appendix E. All the sample results have been compared to the established Facility Wide Cleanup Goals (FWCUGs) for National Guard Trainee, Regional Screening Level (RSL), and the established Surface Soil Background Criteria. A narrative summary of the results is provided below:

- 1. None of the samples (including the RVAAP full suite sample) reported detectable concentrations of the chemicals of concern above the established FWCUGs.
- 2. The RVAAP full suite sample (MI sample Area 2, Sample PCTss-002M-0001) did show detectable concentrations for five (5) metal analytes (arsenic, lead, mercury, vanadium, zinc ) that are slightly above the RSL and/or RVAAP-specific Surface Soil Background Criteria.
- 3. Both perchlorate and propellants were reported at MI Sample Area 1 (sample PCTss-001M-0001-SO); including the associated duplicate sample, and also at MI Sample Area 3 (sample PCTss-003M-0001-SO), however each result was flagged as estimated because the target analytes were detected at concentrations below the reporting limit.

#### 2.8 Disposal of IDW

The MI surface soil samples were collected using pre-decontaminated, dedicated, <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch stainless steel step probes. Additionally, all the soils generated from the 30 aliquots at each of the MI samples were sent to the laboratory. Subsequent to lab analyses, excess soils were disposed of by the laboratory. As such, no IDW was generated that required disposal by PIKA.



## 2.9 Data Validation

The analytical methods employed during the implementation of the Group 2 site investigation operations are defined in the Facility-Wide Sampling and Analysis Plan and Facility-Wide Quality Assurance Project Plan for the RVAAP. A listing of all the analytical methods used for this project are provided in Appendix G. All of the Group 2 sample analyses were performed by Test America in Sacramento, CA. Laboratory results included documentation verifying compliance with sample log-in procedures, analytical holding times, and quality control procedures for analyses. The laboratory also provided information about the percent of recovery attained in laboratory spike samples, calibration curves (initial and continuing) dilutions, and detection limits. The laboratory flagged data if results warranted.

All sample results were systematically verified and validated by Purves Environmental in Hudson, OH in accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Test Methods for evaluating Solid Waste SW-846, National Functional Guidelines for Data Validation, and The US Army Corps Louisville Chemistry Guideline, Version 5.0. The validation process was conducted to ensure that the precision and accuracy of the analytical data were adequate for their intended use. The validation process minimizes the potential of using false results in the decision-making process and ensures that detected and non-detected compounds were accurately identified.

Data validation determined that all samples were properly analyzed, diluted as needed, quantitated and that no problems were encountered with the system performance of any of the instruments. As such, data validation determined that all data are 100 percent complete and usable. A copy of the data validation report is provided in Appendix G.

## 2.10 Demobilization

Upon completion of the tasks covered under this SOW, PIKA demobilized from the site on 31 May 2011. The demobilization activities consisted of the following steps:



- 1. Remove/demobilize all PIKA equipment.
- 2. Demobilize any other remaining equipment and supplies.
- 3. Demobilize personnel.



## 3.0 CONCLUSIONS

The objectives of this project were to:

- Delineate the boundaries of the propellant can top areas;
- Confirm the presence or absence of releases of propellants and/or other MC to the surface soils at the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops site; and
- Remove accumulated water from the excavation at Building DB-802 (LL2) to facilitate completion of scheduled site restoration operations by others.

The defined objectives were achieved through completion of the SOW as summarized below:

- 1. The water removal services were conducted by PIKA from May 3, 2010, through May 18, 2010, to facilitate the June 2010 restoration activities at LL2 by the BRACD contractor. All water removal services were conducted in accordance with Ohio EPA requirements. A copy of the Ohio EPA e-mail correspondence relative to approval for discharging the surface water to the ground surface is provided in Appendix F.
- 2. Based upon geophysical survey a total of five (5) distinct high anomaly cluster areas were delineated within the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops site. Individual anomalies were also detected across the site outside of the delineated cluster areas, primarily within the southeastern and northwestern regions of the site as shown on Figure 6, Appendix B. Based upon visual observations within the delineated cluster areas it is evident that the detected anomalies are comprised almost exclusively of propellant can tops and/or propellant cans. Additionally, of the individual anomalies detected that were visible on the surface, each was identified as a propellant can and/or top. It is unlikely that the remaining shallow subsurface anomalies detected within the northwestern and southeastern portions of the site are MEC or munitions debris (MD) given the fact that none of these type items were encountered either during the precautionary surface sweep operations conducted prior to the brush clearing operation, or during the course of any of the subsequent site investigation operations. However, further investigation (i.e., geophysical



and/or anomaly digs with UXO support) of at least a percentage of the subsurface individual anomalies may be warranted for verification.

- 3. Results of the GPR data within the five (5) cluster areas indicate that all of the anomalies exist at the surface or within near surface soils at no more than nine (9)-inches in depth and that there were no signs of disturbance within the subsurface lithology (i.e., no signs of excavation and burial).
- 4. Based upon visual observation of the five (5) delineated cluster areas, one MI surface soil sample was collected from each of the three cluster areas identified as having the most propellant cans and tops present in order to confirm the presence or absence of releases of propellants and/or other MC to the surface soils. The sample results indicate that none of the samples reported detectable concentrations of the chemicals of concern above the established FWCUGs. The RVAAP full suite sample (MI sample Area 2, Sample PCTss-002M-0001) did show detectable concentrations for five (5) metal analytes (arsenic, lead, mercury, vanadium, zinc) that are slightly above the RSL and/or RVAAP-specific Surface Soil Background Criteria. Both perchlorate and propellants were reported at MI Sample Area 1 (sample PCTss-001M-0001-SO); including the associated duplicate sample, and also at MI Sample Area 3 (sample PCTss-003M-0001-SO), however each result was flagged as estimated, i.e., below the reporting limit. None of the samples reported detectable concentrations of the chemicals of concern above the established FWCUGs.
- 5. From the results and based upon site observations, it is likely that the two (2) cluster areas that were not sampled during this investigation (i.e., cluster areas 1 and 4 as depicted on Figure 6 in Appendix B) would show similar sample results. Collecting surface soil sampling within the individual anomaly areas located in the northwestern and southeastern portions of the site would likely be contingent upon results of any further investigation operations conducted in these areas.



## Appendix A

Scope of Work

SCOPE OF WORK

#### **SCOPE OF WORK**

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#### FOR

COMPLIANCE RESTORATION SITE CC-RVAAP-80 AND OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES RAVENNA ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT RAVENNA, OHIO

#### 22 MARCH 2010

The Louisville District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) is requesting environmental services as described in this Scope of Work (SOW) at the former Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant (RVAAP).

Compliance Restoration (CR) site CC-RVAAP-80 (Group 2 Propellant Can Lids) is potentially impacted by range-related debris (RRD) and/or chemical residues of munitions or munitions constituents (MC). Response actions are required under the Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP), Installation Restoration Program (IRP) to further identify these materials and investigate this AOC. The SOW identifies specific requirements that will be completed by the Contractor.

This SOW also identifies other services required of the Contractor. This portion of the SOW pertains to water removal services at Load Line 2.

#### **1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### **1.1 Site Description and Location**

Past Department of Defense (DoD) activities at the former RVAAP date back to 1940 and include the manufacturing, loading, handling, and storing of military explosives and ammunition. Until 1999, the RVAAP was identified as a 21,419-acre installation. The Ohio Army National Guard (OHARNG) resurveyed the property boundary, finishing in 2003, and the actual total acreage was found to be 21,683.289 acres. As of February 2006, a total of 20,403 acres of the former 21,683-acre RVAAP have been transferred to the National Guard Bureau (NGB) via the United States Property and Fiscal Officer (USP&FO) for Ohio and subsequently licensed to the OHARNG for use as a training site. Currently, RVAAP consists of 1,280 acres in several distinct parcels scattered throughout the confines of the OHARNG's Camp Ravenna Joint Military Training Center (Camp Ravenna). RVAAP's remaining parcels of land are located completely within the Camp Ravenna perimeter fence. The RVAAP facility is controlled by the U.S. Army Base Realignment and Closure Division (BRACD).

Camp Ravenna/RVAAP is located in northeastern Ohio within Portage and Trumbull Counties, approximately 4.8 kilometers (three miles) east/northeast of the City of Ravenna and approximately 1.6 kilometers (one mile) northwest of the Village of Newton Falls. The RVAAP portions of the property are located completely within Portage County. Camp Ravenna (inclusive of RVAAP) is a parcel of property approximately 17.7 kilometers (11 miles) long and 5.6 kilometers (3.5 miles) wide. The facility is bounded by State Route 5, the Michael J. Kirwan Reservoir, and the CSX System Railroad on the south; Garrett, McCormick, and Berry Roads on the west; the Norfolk Southern Railroad on the north; and State Route 534 on the east. Camp Ravenna is surrounded by several communities: Windham on the north, Garrettsville 9.6 kilometers (six miles) to the northwest; Newton Falls 1.6 kilometers (one mile) to the southeast; Charlestown to the southwest, and Wayland 4.8 kilometers (three miles) to the south. The property location is depicted in Figure 1.

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Figure 1. RVAAP/Camp Ravenna Location and General Vicinity Maps

Camp Ravenna did not exist when the RVAAP was operational, and the entire 21,683-acre parcel was a GOCO industrial facility. The RVAAP BRACD sites encompass investigation and clean up of past activities over the entire 21,683 acres of the former RVAAP. Therefore, references to the RVAAP in this document shall include the historical extent of the RVAAP, inclusive of the combined acreages of the current Camp Ravenna and RVAAP, unless otherwise specifically stated.

#### 1.2 Areas of Concern

#### CC-RVAAP-80: Group 2 Propellant Can Lids

CC-RVAAP-80 consists of the Group 2 Propellant Can Lids area. Propellant can lids or tops were identified on the ground surface/near surface at the southern and northern ends of the former Group 2 Ammunition Storage Area. These materials are typically classified as RRD

(similar to munitions packaging materials); however, this site was never used or classified as an operational range. It is believed that the discarded propellant can lids might qualify as inert scrap metal.

The propellant can lids located at the south end of Group 2 were initially identified by Ohio Army National Guard trainees in the winter of 2008. The propellant can lids were observed in the vegetative area located immediately south of the ammunition storage magazines in the vicinity of the southern railroad spur lines. This area consists of approximately 539,572 square feet (12.4 acres). Reportedly, propellant can lids were also identified at the northern end of the Group 2 area by the Ohio Army National Guard. The reported northern area consists of approximately 43,418 square feet (1 acre).

The Louisville District USACE performed an emergency survey with a metal detector of a portion of the southern area ground surface. Results of the initial investigation revealed multiple magnetic anomalies in the surface and near surface soils. On-site UXO personnel visually identified the surface anomalies as propellant can lids or tops. During the emergency survey it was also noted that the ground surface had been disturbed and contained hummocks (mounds) ranging in height from 1' to 2' throughout the survey area.

As such, the propellant can lids (or RRD) are of environmental concern for the subject area. A geophysical survey is necessary to identify the anomalies and anomalous areas within the subject area, and to characterize the subject area boundary(s).

The anomalies and anomalous areas should be clearly marked during the field survey in order to facilitate a limited soil investigation, and possible future clean up activities. The limited soil investigation is warranted to assess possible releases of propellants (MC) to the surface soils in the vicinity of the can lids.

The site is a low probability site in regards to encountering munitions and explosives of concern (MEC). Therefore, only unexploded ordinance (UXO) construction support will be needed for this project. However, if prior to this project or during any phase of this project MEC are found at the site, the project may be stopped and the site will need to be re-evaluated and potentially assigned a new probability rating.

#### RVAAP-09: Load Line 2

Former excavation activities conducted at Load Line 2 (RVAAP-09) have resulted in the accumulation of water within the building DB-802 footprint. Restoration activities are now planned at this location, and the accumulated water needs to be removed from the excavation to assist in the restoration of the site.

#### 2.0 PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The objective of this project is to conduct an initial investigation of the above-described Group 2 Propellant Can Lids areas. The investigation shall achieve the following objectives:

- Delineate the boundaries of the propellant can lid areas
- Confirm the presence or absence of releases of propellants and/or other MC to the surface soils at this AOC

Project objectives and the SOW associated with the water removal services at Load Line 2 are described in Section 8.0. Other portions of this document pertain to the activities and requirements associated with the Group 2 Propellant Can Lids areas.

#### **3.0 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

The Contractor shall possess all the required expertise, knowledge, equipment and tools required to perform the work described in this SOW in accordance with established industry standards. The Contractor shall be responsible for and shall furnish all labor, materials, plant, equipment, and supplies necessary to fully execute the Firm Fixed-Price work described herein within the contract performance period (see Section 4.0).

The Contractor shall perform all environmental services pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA), and National Oil and Hazardous Substances Contingency Plan (NCP) requirements, and coordinating with the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as appropriate. The installation is not on the National Priorities List (NPL).

The Contractor shall comply with all applicable federal, state, and local rules, laws, and regulations. The Contractor shall fulfill the work described in this SOW in a manner that is consistent with any applicable orders or permits, all cleanup agreements or guidance for the Facility, and relevant DoD and Army policy that exist or may become effective during the performance of this contract. This specifically includes the Director's Final Findings & Orders (DFFO), which the Army and Ohio EPA agreed to in 2004. The DFFO establishes certain criteria that apply to the relationship between the Army and Ohio EPA, including but not limited to approval authority, document review schedules, and various agency responsibilities. All work performed shall conform to the DFFO.

#### **3.1 Government Property**

All documents, maps, photographs, graphics, mailing lists, radio telemetry transmitters, computer files and the like developed by the Contractor while completing the requirements of this SOW are government property and will be delivered to the facility Point of Contact (POC) upon completion of this project.

#### 3.2 Data Security

The Contractor shall not release any data, reports, or materials collected and/or developed during this project without the expressed written consent of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE).

#### **3.3 Deliverables and Document Format**

The Contractor shall prepare and submit the following project management documents:

• Project Management Plan (PMP) including a Quality Control Plan (QCP)

In addition (but not limited to), the Contractor shall prepare the following project specific documents (as applicable) in support of the IRA:

- Work Plan (WP)
- Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP)
- Site Safety and Health Plan (SSHP)
- Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP)
- Report of Findings and Conclusions

The Work Plan documents can be developed as Addenda to the approved Facility-Wide documents; however, references to the Facility-Wide documents should be held to a minimum with respect to describing actual field assessment activities. The Work Plan should be treated as the body of the report while the above associated plans are entered as tabbed sections (or incorporated by reference).

The above documents are subject to stakeholder review and approval. All documents shall be submitted by the Contractor in preliminary draft, draft, and final format. The number of documents and their distribution is described below:

Tremmary Drait Documents			
Organization	Number of Paper Copies	Number of Electronic Copies	
USACE	4	4	
RVAAP	2	2	
Ohio Army National Guard	1	1	
REIMS	1	1	
Draft Documents			

#### **Preliminary Draft Documents**

Drait Documents		
Organization	Number of Paper Copies	Number of Electronic Copies
USACE	4	4

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RVAAP	4	2	
Ohio EPA	2	2	
Ohio Army National Guard	1	1	
REIMS	1	1	
<b>Final Documents</b>			
Organization	Number of Paper Copies	Number of Electronic Copies	
USACE	4	4	
RVAAP	4	2	
Ohio EPA	2	2	
Ohio Army National Guard	2	2	
REIMS	1	1	

The Army, through the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR), will receive preliminary draft documents from the Contractor and will provide review comments to the Contractor within thirty business days. Once preliminary draft comments are addressed, the Army will review draft and final documents concurrently with the other stakeholders. The Contractor shall ensure that review and response periods are consistent with the applicable regulatory drivers (see DFFO). All documents shall be identified as draft until completion of stakeholder coordination, when they will be signed and finalized. One copy of the final documents shall be placed in both the project repositories and Administrative Record (for CERCLA documents).

All documents shall be submitted in electronic and printed format in accordance with the latest version of the document entitled "Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant Deliverable Document Formatting Guidelines." The referenced document is available and can be downloaded from <a href="https://www.rvaap.org/docs/pub/Formatting\_Guidelines.pdf">www.rvaap.org/docs/pub/Formatting\_Guidelines.pdf</a>.

All reports are to be typed. Field notes shall be reviewed for quality assurance (QA) and then be submitted in handwritten form. Other handwritten field originals shall also be included in the reports.

In addition, final electronic document files must be in text-searchable PDF format and be accompanied by defined metadata for upload into the Army Repository of Environmental Documents (READ).

The contractor shall secure a USACE approved laboratory that can provide analytical data in the USACE Automatic Data Review (ADR) electronic format. All samples collected and analyzed under this agreement shall be provided in the referenced electronic data deliverable (EDD) format. The project-specific library file must be maintained to accurately reflect all of the analytical quality and will be provided to both the USACE and the sub-contract laboratory for use in screening EDD submittals.

Data review must comply with the procedures outlined in the Louisville Quality System Manual (QSM) Supplement and provide compatibility with data management software, at minimum, Environmental Data Management System (EDMS) software. The Contractor shall set up

libraries in ADR/EDMS for deriving site constituents of potential concern (COPCs). The contractor is responsible for keeping ADR current.

All electronic data submitted by the contract laboratory is required to be error-free, and in complete agreement with the hardcopy data. Data files are to be delivered both by e-mail and/or high density CD accompanying the hardcopy data reports. The disk must be submitted with a transmittal letter from the laboratory that certifies the file is in agreement with hardcopy data reports and has been found to be free of errors using the latest version of the ADR evaluation software provided to the laboratory. The contract laboratory, at its cost, will correct any errors identified by the USACE, Louisville District.

All documents shall be provided in electronic format for posting to the Ravenna Environmental Information Management System (REIMS). All analytical data shall also be provided in EDD format for posting to REIMS. REIMS is currently administered by Mr. Patrick Ryan of SAIC. Mr. Ryan can be contacted at (865) 481-4664. The Contractor shall coordinate with Mr. Ryan to ensure proper sample numbering, EDD formatting, etc.

All project documents must meet the approval of the USACE. Project documents must also meet the approval of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and all other stakeholders in compliance with the DFFO, and the most current version of the RVAAP Deliverable Document Format Guidelines.

#### **3.4 Electronic Data Files**

Currently the Louisville District standards for software are MicroStation Version 8 (.dgn) and MS Office Version 2003 Professional. These products are to be considered the default software of choice unless otherwise specified within individual task order scopes of work, as determined by individual customer requirements or as the District incorporates updated versions of its software.

CADD Files: When required and requested in a task order, all CADD files (survey and topographic data, remedial action design drawings, contaminant migration maps and models, etc.) shall be digitized into files compatible with Microstation vector format (or other format if directed in the individual task order). Specific design file features will be provided in the individual task orders. CADD files shall also meet any upgrade to all Corps of Engineers systems throughout the duration of the contract.

GIS Files: When required and requested in a task order, all GIS files (survey and topographic data, remedial action data collected, contaminant migration maps generated, etc.) shall be submitted compatible with Environmental Systems Research Institute (ESRI) 9.x (shape files or personal geodatabases) format (or other format if directed in the individual task order). All GIS data shall be made compliant to the Spatial Data Standards for Facilities, Infrastructure, and Environment (SDSFIE) version 2.6 (http://www.sdsfie.org/). Specific GIS file features will be provided in the individual task orders. GIS files shall also meet any upgrade to all Corps of Engineers systems throughout the duration of the contract. All GIS data shall be collected using the local State Plane coordinate system using the North American Datum of 1983 and the North

American Vertical Datum of 1988. All files shall be collected using linear units of US Survey feet for both the horizontal and vertical.

Electronic Files: All final reports and documents, including laboratory analysis data, shall be submitted on CD/DVD. Report documents shall be in Adobe (pdf) format, and shall be accompanied by the Contractor's associated work files.

#### **3.5 Conducting Meetings**

Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor shall arrange and conduct all meetings required by this SOW. Unless otherwise specified, the installation shall provide facilities for meetings.

#### 3.6 Project Stake Holders

For the purposes of this SOW, project stakeholders include the Army, Ohio Army National Guard, National Guard Bureau, Ohio EPA, the Restoration Advisory Board (RAB), and the general public. The Contractor's required level of involvement may differ for each AOC/Site, and the Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining comments with appropriate approval or concurrence on project deliverables consistent with applicable regulatory drivers and agreements for each AOC/CR site.
## 4.0 STATEMENT OF WORK

CLIN No. 1 – The Contractor shall implement and complete an initial environmental investigation at Compliance Restoration site CC-RVAAP-80, the Group 2 Propellant Can Lids Areas.

## CLIN No. 2 – The Contractor shall provide water removal services as described at Load Line 2.

The Contractor is encouraged to become thoroughly familiar with all programmatic and scheduling requirements contained in this SOW as well as the DFFO in order to prepare the cost proposal. The Contractor is also encouraged to attend a preliminary site visit at the RVAAP facility with the USACE, other Army representatives, and the Ohio EPA. The purpose of the site visit is to familiarize the Contractor with the AOC/CR sites, and to provide other relative information (as applicable) necessary for the Contractor to prepare the cost proposal.

The following additional details and assumptions should also be considered in the preparation of the cost proposal:

- All of the access routes on the subject property are managed by the Ohio Army National Guard (OHARNG). Additionally, the primary AOC listed in this SOW is located on OHARNG property. Military training and other OHARNG activities are priority on OHARNG property. Contractor activities must be coordinated with the OHARNG through Mr. Mark Patterson, the BRACD Facility Manager.
- Contractor is subject to OHARNG security and access procedures.
- Contractor may not disturb soil, water, vegetation, buildings, equipment or animals without prior coordination and approval of the OHARNG.
- Contractor is responsible for repairing damage to any roads, soil, vegetation, drainage, or otherwise caused by their activities on or adjacent to OHARNG property.

All work performed on this SOW shall follow the Contractor's approved Project Management Plan (PMP), and shall be performed in accordance with the following existing documents (if applicable) developed for the facility (or updates to the existing documents, if applicable):

- Ohio EPA's Director's Final Findings and Orders (DFFO) for RVAAP (Ohio EPA 2004)
- RVAAP's Facility-Wide Human Health Risk Assessor Manual (USACE 2004)
- Facility-Wide Ecological Risk Assessment Work Plan (USACE 2003a)

- Facility-Wide Sampling & Analysis Plan and Quality Assurance Project Plan (USACE 2001b)
- Facility-Wide Safety and Health Plan (USACE 2001a)
- Facility-Wide Groundwater Monitoring Program Plan (Portage 2004)
- RVAAP Community Relations Plan (USACE 2003b)
- RVAAP Final Position Paper for the Application and Use of Facility-Wide Human Health Cleanup Goals (USACE 2009)

The above documents are available for review online at <u>http://www.rvaap.org</u>. Following contract award, the Contractor may direct questions to the USACE by contacting Mr. Derek Kinder at 502-315-6393.

# **4.1** CLIN No. 1 – Environmental Investigation at Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80.

The detailed Tasks for this SOW are discussed in the following sections.

## Task 1.0:Project Management

The Contractor shall provide a Project Manager qualified to oversee all work described in the SOW. The Project Manager shall serve as the single point of contact (POC) and liaison for all work required. All work shall be accomplished with adequate internal controls and review procedures to eliminate conflicts, errors, and omissions and to ensure the accuracy of all work completed under this SOW. The Contractor shall accept direction only from the USACE Contracting Officer (KO) or the designated COR. Any changes to this SOW must be authorized in writing by the KO.

#### Task 1.1:Project Management Plan (PMP)

Contractor shall develop a Preliminary Draft PMP within 30 days of contract award. The PMP shall summarize Contractor's overall technical and management approach for this project. The PMP shall also include the summary of work to be performed and project schedule, project team roles and responsibilities, and a deliverable matrix in accordance with the project performance objectives.

The PMP shall also include a Quality Control Plan (QCP). The QCP will be developed to define how quality control will be executed for products and performance of work activities by all personnel, including subcontractors.

Upon receipt of USACE comment responses, Contractor shall submit a Draft PMP for stakeholder review and approval. The Contractor shall submit the Final PMP within 30 calendar

days of receipt of COR comments on the draft document or in compliance with the schedule specified by the Ohio EPA. Schedules specified by the Ohio EPA will take precedence over the USACE schedule. Army approval is achieved through the COR, and Ohio EPA approval is achieved through receipt of EPA documentation confirming PMP approval.

## Task 1.2:Site Safety and Health Plan (SSHP)

Contractor shall develop a Preliminary Draft Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan (SSHP) addenda for each appropriate task of the project. The SSHP will be presented as an addendum to the Facility-Wide Health and Safety Plan (USACE 2001a). The SSHP Addendum will address task hazard analyses, emergency response, contingency plans, and emergency contacts. The SSHP will include UXO avoidance services. The SSHP will meet the requirements of federal, state, and local regulations and will identify safety and health regulations applicable to the work. The Preliminary Draft SSHP shall be submitted to the USACE within 30 calendar days of contract award.

Upon receipt of USACE comment responses, Contractor shall submit a Draft SSHP for stakeholder review and approval. The Contractor shall submit the Draft SSHP within 30 calendar days of receipt of COR comments on the draft document or in compliance with the schedule specified by the Ohio EPA. Schedules specified by the Ohio EPA will take precedence over the USACE schedule. Army approval is achieved through the COR. The Ohio EPA may provide review and comment on the SSHP; however, does not approve health and safety documents for USACE Contractors.

#### Task 1.3: Project Execution/Client Correspondence

The following activities and deliverables shall be performed in support of this project:

- Project Kick-Off Meeting
- Monthly Progress Reports
- Records of Conversations
- Teleconference Progress Updates
- Meeting Minutes Documentation
- Public Involvement / RAB Meetings

The above activities will be conducted by the Contractor to achieve project execution, and maintain client correspondence with the USACE. These activities are discussed in further detail below.

**Task 1.3.1: Project Kick-Off Meeting** - Upon Army and Ohio EPA approval of the PMP and SSHP, the Contractor shall implement and attend an initial Project Kick-Off Meeting at the RVAAP facility. The Contractor shall present the details of the PMP, the SSHP, and the anticipated approach to conducting the IRA Activities. The Kick-Off Meeting is intended to assist the Contractor with the submittal and stake holder approval of the related Work Plan documents.

**Task 1.3.2: Monthly Progress Reports** - The Contractor shall submit monthly written progress reports to the USACE for every month by the fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) day of the following month. The monthly reports will include an accurate and current account of all work completed and deliverables furnished to the government. Progress reports will be prepared following the described sections presented in Section XVI of the DFFO. Contractor's payment invoices may accompany the monthly progress reports.

**Task 1.3.3: Records of Conversations** - The Contractor shall prepare and maintain records of telephone conversations and significant verbal conversations conducted in support of this project. These records will be forwarded with monthly progress reports.

**Task 1.3.4:** Teleconference Progress Updates - The Contractor shall attend periodic teleconference progress meetings with the USACE to provide project status updates. The progress update meetings are currently held on a biweekly basis.

**Task 1.3.5:** Meeting Minutes Documentation - The Contractor shall document discussions at all meetings held in support of this project. Meeting minutes will be typed, and distributed to the USACE and installation POCs within 7 calendar days following the meeting.

**Task 1.3.6: Public Involvement / RAB Meetings** – The Contractor should note that the Installation has an active Restoration Advisory Board (RAB) and detailed information concerning the RAB's organization and activities will be provided to the Contractor. The Contractor shall attend a minimum of one (1) applicable RAB meeting during the specified period of performance at the direction of the COR.

All public participation coordination shall be approved by the Army through the Facility Manager and the COR. The Contractor shall provide the necessary support to initiate, schedule, and address all public participation aspects of the project (e.g., preparation of briefings, presentations, fact sheets, newsletters, articles/public notices to news media, and notifications to RAB members). The Contractor shall be responsible for requesting and addressing all public comments consistent with the applicable regulatory drivers. The USACE COR, or designee, will attend and represent the Army at all meetings with the public.

## Task 2.0: Preparation of Work Plan and Supporting Documents

The Contractor shall prepare a work plan (WP) and the necessary supporting documents to implement and complete an initial environmental investigation at the designated Group 2 Propellant Can Lid Areas. The investigation shall consist of a geophysical delineation of the designated areas, and a limited soil investigation of the surface soils in these areas.

Consistent with the RVAAP Deliverable Document Format Guidelines, the deliverables shall consist of the WP, the Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP), the Site Safety and Health Plan (SSHP as discussed in Task 1.2), and the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP). The WP documents shall follow the most recent version of the outline specified in the RVAAP Deliverable Document Format Guidelines.

The following paragraphs describe the requirements associated with the Contractor's development of the WP documents:

Contractor shall develop a Preliminary Draft WP, SAP and QAPP within 60 days of approval of the final PMP. The SAP and QAPP will be developed as an Addendum, tiered under the existing RVAAP Facility-Wide SAP (USACE 2001b), to comply with USACE and Ohio EPA requirements.

All analytical work shall be performed in accordance with the most recent version of the DOD Quality System Manual (QSM). Sampling objectives will be established and the appropriate method will be identified to satisfy the performance objectives. The chemical analytical laboratory must be selected and included in all QAPP deliverables. No sampling activities shall commence until all plans are approved.

Upon receipt of USACE comment responses, Contractor shall submit a Draft SAP and QAPP for stakeholder review and approval. The Contractor shall submit the Final documents within 30 calendar days of receipt of Ohio EPA comments. Schedules specified by the Ohio EPA will take precedence over the USACE schedule. Army approval is achieved through the COR, and Ohio EPA approval is achieved through receipt of EPA correspondence confirming the Plan approvals.

## Task 3.0:Implementation of Work Plan

Within 30 days of Final WP approval, Contractor shall begin implementation of the WP by performing the field assessment activities specified in the approved plan. A revised schedule for implementation of field activities may be warranted due to weather conditions or other unforeseen changes in the project schedule. The USACE reserves the right to modify the schedule for field activities due to inclement weather, and for safety and health purposes.

The Contractor shall be responsible for and bear all associated costs necessary to achieve the objectives of the WP. This includes, but is not limited to, possible vegetation clearing activities, the geophysical delineation, and the soil sampling and analysis activities. Right of Entry to the Ravenna facility shall be coordinated with the OHARNG and the Army. Coordination with both agencies must first go through the Ravenna Facility Manager.

## Task 3.1: Geophysical Delineation

The Contractor shall implement and complete a geophysical delineation of the buried or near surface materials (propellant can lids, etc.) in the designated Group 2 areas. The geophysical equipment must be appropriate and capable of identifying horizontal and vertical anomalies cause by buried waste. The proposed equipment and anticipated limitations shall be detailed in your proposal. The geophysical survey personnel shall be capable of producing working maps in the field or be capable of transmitting data back to the office and receiving a map back from the office prior to beginning work the next day.

The Contractor shall provide a cost of mobilization and demobilization, and a unit cost per day for the total geophysical survey cost including equipment, personnel, and daily map production support.

## Task 3.2: Collecting Surface Soil Samples

Contractor shall collect Multi Increment® (MI) surface soil samples based on the results of the geophysical delineation. Up to three (3) (3 maximum plus QA samples) MI surface soil samples will be collected within those areas that are identified to include near surface propellant can lids or other possible waste materials.

The MI surface soil samples shall be obtained by collecting a minimum of 30 increments per sample area from 0 to 1 foot below ground surface (bgs). MI Sample areas should be approximately one quarter of an acre or less in size. Multiple smaller areas where anomalies are found can be combined into one designated MI sample area. Anomaly avoidance should be used during sampling to ensure soils around the anomalies can be collected to the desired depth of 1 foot bgs. The Contractor shall provide a unit price and total price for this task.

## Task 3.3: Sample Analysis

Contractor shall provide fixed unit costs and total cost for analyses as specified in Table 1 included in this SOW. Costs shall include all labor, materials, equipment, and supplies necessary to complete this task. All samples shall be analyzed for TAL Metals, and common propellants used by the DoD including Nitrocellulose, Nitroglycerine, Nitroguanidine, and Perchlorate. One (1) of the samples shall also be analyzed for the RVAAP full suite as prescribed in the Facility Wide SAP. Contractor shall provide for quality control testing as specified in the facility wide SAP. QA samples will be collected at a frequency of 10% and sent to a lab contracted by the USACE. All analytical data should be reported per Ravenna specific ADR specifications. Analytical methods shall be in accordance with the Facility-Wide SAP and the Contractor's approved Work Plan.

IDW samples shall be analyzed for the Full List TCLP for waste characterization purposes. Upon project completion, the Government will de-obligate any unused funds associated with this Task.

		1 /			
	Fixed	Number	Total		
Analyte		of Tests	Cost		
Surface Soil					

#### Table 1 Costs for Soil Sample Analysis

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MI Sample Prep		
TAL Metals		
Mercury		
Hexavalent Chromium		
Propellants		
Explosives		
SVOCs		
VOCs		
Pesticides		
PCBs		
TCLP		

## Task 3.4: Disposal of IDW

Within 90 days of the generation of IDW, Contractor shall characterize and properly dispose of all IDW at approved off-site waste disposal facilities in compliance with all applicable Federal, State, and local rules, laws and regulations. Land application of select wastes may apply (subject to approval). Contractor is responsible for maintaining all applicable waste characterization and disposal records, and for producing a waste disposal report for submittal to and approval by the Ohio EPA. IDW disposal activities shall be coordinated with the RVAAP Facility Manager and the OHARNG. (Note: All IDW is to be removed from the subject property no later than 90 days following waste generation.)

#### Task 3.5: Data Management / Data Validation

EPA CLP Level IV data validation will be required to meet the requirements of the DoD QSM. The Contractor shall perform data verification for all analytical results according to the process provided in the Louisville QSM Supplement and QC criteria in the DoD QSM. USACE Louisville District shall contract a third-party contractor for a minimum 10% or greater validation of analytical results. The Contractor shall include the completed validation report as presented by the validator as an appendix to the final document, and discuss results in the project report. The report shall also be sent directly from the validator to the USACE technical contact upon completion of validation.

## Task 3.6: Surveying and Mapping

Survey maps shall be provided in the report, which delineate the boundaries of the survey site, the boundaries and locations of the metal anomalies, and the soil sample locations subject to this SOW. All data submitted shall be in the Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) coordinate system. (*Note: All coordinates shall be collected with applicable equipment capable of gauging field surveys within an accuracy of one meter or less of error.*)

#### Task 4.0: Investigation Report

The Contractor shall prepare and submit a Preliminary Draft investigation report within 90 calendar days following the completion of the field investigation activities. The report shall document the process and procedures used in conducting the geophysical delineation, and describe all soil sampling activities conducted during this project. This report shall include details about pre-mobilization, mobilization, site preparation, the geophysical delineation, sample collection, decontamination, analytical results, waste management, event chronology, final site inspection, and mapping. The investigation report maps shall include the delineation of known and/or suspected buried waste materials, and the locations of MI sample area boundaries.

Upon receipt of USACE comment responses, Contractor shall submit a Draft investigation report for stakeholder review and approval. The Contractor shall submit the Draft investigation report within 30 calendar days of receipt of COR comments on the draft document or in compliance with the schedule specified by the Ohio EPA. Schedules specified by the Ohio EPA will take precedence over the USACE schedule. Army approval is achieved through the COR.

## 4.2 CLIN No. 2 – Water Removal Services at Load Line 2

## Task 1.0: Water Removal Services

As described in Section 1.2, former excavation activities conducted at Load Line 2 (RVAAP-09) have resulted in the accumulation of water within the building DB-802 footprint. Restoration activities are now planned at this location, and the accumulated water must be removed from the excavation to assist in the restoration activities.

The planned action for restoring this area is to push back concrete and other demolition debris into the excavation to a depth 4 feet below the surrounding grade. Then, soil will be placed on top of the rubble to match the surrounding grade. To achieve this, it is anticipated the water will need to be pumped out of the excavation in two phases. First, the Contractor shall pump water out of the excavation down to a level suitable to fill the excavation with demolition debris without causing the remaining water in the excavation to rise out of the excavation and cause excessive runoff. Once this amount of water is removed, the rubble will be immediately pushed into the excavation. Pushing rubble into the excavation will be completed under a previously awarded BRAC-D contract. After this work is complete, the Contractor shall revisit the site and pump out any water that is above the level of the demolition debris in the excavation. Once this water level is achieved, soil will be immediately placed into the excavation under a previously awarded BRAC-D contract. The Contractor must complete their work in accordance with the BRAC-D contractor's schedule. Pumping water out of the excavation must be done immediately before backfilling the excavation. Allowing time to pass between pumping water out of the excavation and backfilling may allow the excavation to again fill with water. Water should be removed from the excavation in a manner that is approved by the Army and the Ohio EPA. A Letter Work Plan shall be prepared presenting the methodology to conduct the water removal for concurrent review by all RVAAP stakeholders.

#### 5.0 PAY ESTIMATES

The Contractor shall submit Pay Estimates using ENG Form 93 as specified in the contract. ENG Form 93 may be found on the Internet under the library of USACE publications. The Contractor shall ensure that the Pay Estimates include a separate line item for each task. All ENG Form 93 shall be submitted to the USACE COR or the COR designated representative. Electronic submission of Pay Estimates to the USACE is acceptable; however, should be followed with the mailing of a hard copy.

Release of Claims shall accompany the final Pay Estimate. The Release of Claims shall be signed and shall include the total contract amount, amount of final payment due, and a statement similar to the following:

"The undersigned architect-engineer firm, under Contract No. ##, Delivery Order No. ##, between the United States of America and said Contractor for services at (property name) in (location) hereby release the U.S., its officers, agents, and employees from any and all claims arising under or by virtue of said contract or any modification or change thereof except with respect to those claims, if any, listed below:"

The Contractor's pay estimates must meet the CLIN structure presented in this SOW. For instance, all pay estimates for tasks performed under the environmental investigation for CC-RVAAP-80 shall appear under the CLIN No. 1 heading. All pay estimates associated with the water removal services at Load Line 2 shall appear under the CLIN No. 2 heading. Pay estimates submitted to the USACE without the proper CLIN designation shall be returned to the Contractor for clarification purposes.

## 6.0 PROPOSAL ESTIMATE

The Contractor shall submit a detailed estimate of the effort required to complete the described SOW. The proposal submittal shall also include the estimated costs associated with all planned sampling and analysis activities (other direct and indirect costs). The proposed sampling shall include 15% of the samples also having analyses for propellants, VOCs, SVOCs, pesticides/herbicides, and PCBs (full analyses), as prescribed in the Facility Wide SAP. The Contractor shall complete and submit Table 1 (as shown) as a summary of estimated costs.

Table 2: Contractor's Summary of Estimated Costs					
Task #	Task Description	Unit	Fixed Unit Cost	Number of Units	Total Cost
CLIN No.	. 1 – Environmental Investigation at (	Complia	nce Resto	oration Site	CC-
RVAAP-8	30				
1.1	Project Management Plan				
1.2	Site Safety Health Plan				
1.3.1	Project Kickoff Meeting				

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1.3.2	Monthly Progress Reports				
1.3.3	1.3.3   Records of Conversations				
1.3.4	.3.4 Teleconference Progress Updates				
1.3.5	Meeting Minutes Documentation				
1.3.6	RAB Meetings				
2.0	Work Plan and Support Documents				
3.0	Implementation of Work Plan				
3.1	Geophysical Delineation				
3.2	Surface Soil Sampling				
3.3	Sample Analysis				
3.4	3.4 Disposal of IDW				
3.5	Data Management / Data Validation				
3.6	Surveying and Mapping				
4.0	Investigation Report				
	CLIN	No. 1 –	Total Cos	t Estimate	
CLIN No	o. 2 – Water Removal Services at Load	Line 2			<u> </u>
1.0	Water Removal Services				
	CLIN	No. 2 -	- Total Cos	st Estimate	

## 7.0 PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE / PROJECT SCHEDULE

# The Period of Performance for this contract shall begin at the time of contract award, and ends 31 December 2011.

The Contractor shall submit a proposed project schedule for the described SOW. The schedule should be prepared in general conformance with the following schedule anticipated by the

USACE. (Note:	The award of this SOW to the Contractor is subject to the availability of
funding.)	

Task No.	Identified Task	<b>Duration / Due Date</b>		
CLIN No. 1 – Environmental Investigation at Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80				
	Preliminary Site Visit	14 Days of USACE Submittal of Request		
	(Prior to Award)	For Proposal (RFP)		
	Notice to Proceed (NTP) /	31 March 2010		
	Contract Award			
1.1	Pre-Draft Project Management	30 Calendar Days of NTP		
	Plan			
1.2	Pre-Draft Site Safety Health Plan	30 Calendar Days of NTP		
1.3.1	Project Kickoff Meeting	30 Calendar Days of Approval of PMP		
		and SSHP		
1.3.2	Monthly Progress Reports	By the 5 <sup>th</sup> Day of Each Month		
1.3.3	Records of Conversations	By the 5 <sup>th</sup> Day of Each Month		
1.3.4	Teleconference Progress	Bi-Weekly		
	Updates			
1.3.5	Meeting Minutes Documentation	7 Calendar Days Following Meeting		
1.3.6	RAB Meetings	Once per Army Direction		
2.0	Pre-Draft Work Plan and	60 Calendar Days of NTP		
	Support Documents			
3.0	Implementation of Work Plan	Begin 30 Calendar Days of Approval of		
	_	Final Work Plan		
4.0	Pre-Draft Investigation Report	Within 90 Calendar Days of Completing		
		Field Investigation Activities		
CLIN No. 2	– Water Removal Services at Load L	ine 2		
1.0	Water Removal Services	Must adhere to BRAC-D Contractor's		
		Schedule		

Upon project award to the Contractor, the agreed upon project schedule will be updated with calendar dates and will be included in the Contractor's PMP. Adherence to the PMP project schedule will serve as a measurement of Contractor performance on this project.

## 8.0 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

### 8.1 Additional Contractor Requirements

The Contractor shall be aware of the following requirements:

• HTRW, MEC, MC or MD may be found in munitions, containers, landfills, Open Burning/Open Detonation (OB/OD) areas, ground spills, surface water, or groundwater. If suspected HTRW, MEC, MC or MD of unknown origin and nature is encountered, the contractor shall immediately notify the Facility Manager, the Contracting Officer or the designated COR. The contractor shall take necessary actions to protect the safety of its workforce, the public, and the environment.

- Permits. The contractor shall obtain the permits and licenses necessary to conduct his/her operations including, but not necessarily limited to, installation required permits, building permits, drilling permits, and/or waste transportation and disposal permits.
- Safety and Health Program. The contractor shall ensure that its subcontractors, suppliers, and support personnel follow all safety and health provisions established in the approved Accident Prevention Plan (APP) for the site. A Site Safety and Health Plan (SSHP) shall be included in the APP as an Attachment. The Government reserves the right to stop work under this contract for any violations at no additional cost. The Government will verify that corrective action has been implemented prior to the contractor continuing performance under the contract. All personnel performing onsite activities shall participate in an ongoing medical surveillance program meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.120. The medical examination protocols and results shall be overseen by a licensed physician who is certified in Occupational Medicine by the American Board of Preventive Medicine or who by necessary training and experience is board eligible.
- Quality Management. The contractor is responsible for the control of product quality and for offering to the Government for acceptance only those products/services that conform to the contractual requirements.



Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services

## Appendix B

## Figures

Figure 1 – General Location and Orientation of RVAAP

Figure 2 – Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-08, Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and RVAAP-09 Load Line 2 Building DB-802 within RVAAP

Figure 3 - CC-RVAAP-08, Group 2 Propellant Can Tops Site Map

Figure 4 - Load Line 2 Building DB-802 Site Map

Figure 5 – Group 2 Sample Boundaries Area

Figure 6 – Group 2 Anomaly Cluster Areas

Figure 7 – Group 2 Sample Locations

Figure 8 – Group 2 Sample Boundaries























Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services

## Appendix C

Weekly Reports and Photo Documentation



## WEEKLY REPORT

Prime Contracts No:	W912QR-10-P-0058		Report No.	1	
PIKA Projects #:	10-08-130		Date:	4-04-11 to 4-08-11	
Project:	RVAAP Compliance Rest. Site-CC-RVAAP-80 & Other Environmental Services, Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant, Ravenna, Ohio				

#### Summary of Activities:

- Initiated surface sweep operation to ensure the site is free of surface MEC/UXO prior to initiating the brush clearing and geophysical survey operations. Approximately 1/3 of the site is complete.
- No MEC or MD items encountered during the surface sweep operations to date.

#### Others:

- Conducted daily safety briefings.
- **Remarks** (include directions received from client's representative or regulators, visitors, compliance notices received, pertinent information)

Upon arrival to the site on Thursday, April 7, 2011 to initiate the surface sweep operations, it was noted that Ohio Army National Guard (OHARNG) training exercises were being conducted within the AOC along the western quarter of the site adjacent to building AA-150. Additionally, it was noted that seibert stakes had been installed along a portion of the perimeter of the AOC which did not match the extent of the AOC as depicted in the scope of work and approved work plan. PIKA visited the site the same day with Ohio EPA (Eileen Mohr) and VISTA Sciences representative Jim McGee for clarification/correction. In the afternoon of April 7, 2011 USACE – Louisville, Ohio EPA and RVAAP Facility Manager verified that the AOC boundaries were correct as depicted in the approved work plan.

Work Completed:				
	This Week	Cumulative to-date		
Surface clearance operations	35%	35%		
Brush Clearing	- -	0%		
Geophysical Investigation	-	0%		
Conducting MI Sampling	-	0%		



Final Report Preparation	- 	0%
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#### Health and Safety-

Conducted health and safety meetings and task order meetings every morning, prior to commencement of daily activities.

Were there any lost time accidents this week?	No	x	Yes	<u>]</u> .
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If "yes", refer attached summary of incident or OSHA report.

Quality Control					
Inspections Performed	Non-Conformances	Corrective Action (CA)	Follow-up on CA		
None	None	None	Not Applicable		
Major Problems and Resolution: Discrepancy with the AOC boundary as previously noted.					
<ul> <li>Schedule for Next Week</li> <li>Complete surface sweep</li> <li>Initiate brush clearing op</li> </ul>	•				
Refer attached <b>Schedule</b> for per		leted and projected cor	mpletion dates.		
SUXOS Mel Lau	Site	Safety Officer Le	ew Kovarik		
Project Manager Brian Stoc	kwell				



Photo Log





UXO technicians conducting surface sweep operations with Group 2 Propellant Can site.



## Schedule





## WEEKLY REPORT

PIKA Projects #:       10-08-130       Date:       4-11-11 to 4-15-11         Project:       RVAAP Compliance Rest. Site-CC-RVAAP-80 & Other Environmental Services, Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant, Ravenna, Ohio         Summary of Activities:       •       Completed surface sweep operation to ensure the site is free of surface MEC/UXO prior to initiating the brush clearing and geophysical survey operations.         •       No MEC or MD items encountered during the surface sweep operations.         •       Conducted daily safety briefings.         Remarks (include directions received from client's representative or regulators, visitors, compliance notices received, pertinent information)         Due to extensive training by OHARNG within Group 2 through 22 April 2011, the brush clearing	Prime Contracts No:	W912QR-10-P-0058	Report No.	2
Services, Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant, Ravenna, Ohio         Summary of Activities:         • Completed surface sweep operation to ensure the site is free of surface MEC/UXO prior to initiating the brush clearing and geophysical survey operations.         • No MEC or MD items encountered during the surface sweep operations.         • Others:         • Conducted daily safety briefings.         Remarks (include directions received from client's representative or regulators, visitors, compliance notices received, pertinent information)	PIKA Projects #:	10-08-130	Date:	4-11-11 to 4-15-11
<ul> <li>Completed surface sweep operation to ensure the site is free of surface MEC/UXO prior initiating the brush clearing and geophysical survey operations.</li> <li>No MEC or MD items encountered during the surface sweep operations.</li> <li>Others:         <ul> <li>Conducted daily safety briefings.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Remarks (include directions received from client's representative or regulators, visitors, compliance notices received, pertinent information)</li> </ul>	Project:			
<ul> <li>Conducted daily safety briefings.</li> <li>Remarks (include directions received from client's representative or regulators, visitors, compliance notices received, pertinent information)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Completed surfativity initiating the bruind</li> </ul>	ice sweep operation to ensure ish clearing and geophysical s	urvey operations.	
Due to extensive training by OHARNG within Group 2 through 22 April 2011, the brush clearing	<ul> <li>Conducted daily</li> </ul>		s representative or re	
operations will be delayed until the week of 25 April 2011.	compliance notices			
	Due to extensive trainin	received, pertinent information	n) through 22 April 20	
	Due to extensive trainin	received, pertinent information	n) through 22 April 20	

Work Completed:			
	This Week	Cumulative to-date	
Surface clearance operations	65%	100%	
Brush Clearing	- -	0%	
Geophysical Investigation	-	0%	
Conducting MI Sampling	-	0%	
Final Report Preparation	-	0%	

## Health and Safety-

Conducted health and safety meetings and task order meetings every morning, prior to commencement of daily activities.



Were there any lost time accidents this week? No **x** Yes If "yes", refer attached summary of incident or OSHA report.

Quality Control					
Inspections Performed Non-Conformances Corrective Action (CA) Follow-up on CA					
None	None	None	Not Applicable		
Major Problems and Resolution: The delay to the brush clearing operation pushes the final completion date for the project right up to the end date for project period of performance. PIKA notified CELRL for a contract extension at no cost to the government to ensure no issues.					
Schedule for Next Week					
<ul> <li>Survey and mark wetland locations within AOC to facilitate brush clearing operations during week of 25 April 2011.</li> </ul>					
Refer attached Schedule for percentage of work completed and projected completion dates.					
SUXOS Mel La	u Site S	Safety Officer Le	w Kovarik		
Project Manager Brian	Stockwell				



## Photo Log





UXO technicians conducting surface sweep operations with Group 2 Propellant Can site.



## Schedule





## WEEKLY REPORT

Prime Contracts No:	W912QR-10-P-0058	Report No.	3	
PIKA Projects #:	10-08-130	Date:	4-18-11 to 4-22-11	
Project:	RVAAP Compliance Rest. Site-CC-RVAAP-80 & Other Environmental Services, Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant, Ravenna, Ohio			
Summary of Activities	:			
Guard wetland s Others:	rked existing wetlands within A surveys. Wetlands marked to e	5	5	
	v safety briefings.			
	lirections received from client's received, pertinent information		egulators, visitors,	
None		,		
None				
_			_	

Work Completed:			
	This Week	Cumulative to-date	
Surface clearance operations	-	100%	
Brush Clearing	-	0%	
Geophysical Investigation	-	0%	
Conducting MI Sampling	-	0%	
Final Report Preparation		0%	

## Health and Safety-

Conducted health and safety meetings and task order meetings every morning, prior to commencement of daily activities.



Were there any lost time accidents this week?	No	x	Yes	
If "yes", refer attached summary of incident or	OSHA	report		

Quality Control					
Inspections Performed	Non-Conformances	Corrective Action (CA)	Follow-up on CA		
None	None	None	Not Applicable		
Major Problems and Resolution: None.					
Schedule for Next Week					
Initiate brush clearing operations.					
Refer attached Schedule for percentage of work completed and projected completion dates.					
SUXOS Mel Lau	Site S	Safety Officer L	ew Kovarik		
Project Manager Brian Stocky	vell				


# Photo Log





Pictures showing Surveyor (with UXO support) locating and marking the wetland locations within AOC.



# Schedule





### WEEKLY REPORT

Prime Contracts No:	W912QR-10-P-0058	Report No.	4
PIKA Projects #:	10-08-130	Date:	4-25-11 to 4-29-11
Project:	RVAAP Compliance Rest. S Services, Ravenna Army Ar		
Summary of Activities	::		
Initiated brush c	learing operations.		
Others: • Conducted daily	safety briefings.		
	lirections received from client' received, pertinent informatio		egulators, visitors,
Visitors: Eric Cheng – C	CELRL		
Received no cost contra	ect extension to April 2012.		

Work Completed:				
	This Week	Cumulative to-date		
Surface clearance operations		100%		
Brush Clearing	50	50%		
Geophysical Investigation	-	0%		
Conducting MI Sampling		0%		
Final Report Preparation		0%		

### Health and Safety-

Conducted health and safety meetings and task order meetings every morning, prior to commencement of daily activities.



Were there any lost time accidents this week?	No	x	Yes	
If "yes", refer attached summary of incident or	OSHA	report		

Quality Control			
Inspections Performed	Non-Conformances	Corrective Action (CA)	Follow-up on CA
None	None	None	Not Applicable
Major Problems and Resolution	: None	1	
Schedule for Next Week			
Complete brush clearing o	perations.		
Refer attached Schedule for pere	centage of work comp	leted and projected co	ompletion dates.
SUXOS Mel Lau	Site	Safety Officer L	ew Kovarik
Project Manager Brian Stock	well		



# Photo Log









Brush clearing operation at Group 2 propellant can site.



## Schedule





### WEEKLY REPORT

Prime Contracts No:	W912QR-10-P-0058	Report No.	5
PIKA Projects #:	10-08-130	Date:	5-2-11 to 5-6-11
Project:	RVAAP Compliance Rest. S Services, Ravenna Army Am		
Summary of Activities	:		
Completed brush	n clearing operations.		
Others: • Conducted daily	safety briefings.		
	irections received from client's received, pertinent information		egulators, visitors,
	amill – GeoSearches Project G clearing operations. No issue	1 5	cted site visit to view site

Work Completed:				
	This Week	Cumulative to-date		
Surface clearance operations		100%		
Brush Clearing	50	100%		
Geophysical Investigation	-	0%		
Conducting MI Sampling	-	0%		
Final Report Preparation	-	0%		

### Health and Safety-

Conducted health and safety meetings and task order meetings every morning, prior to commencement of daily activities.



.

Were there any lost time accide	nts this week?	No	х	Yes	
If "yes", refer attached summa	y of incident or	OSHA r	eport.		

Quality Control			
Inspections Performed	Non-Conformances	Corrective Action (CA)	Follow-up on CA
None	None	None	Not Applicable
Major Problems and Resolution	None.	1	<u>.</u>
Schedule for Next Week			
<ul> <li>Initiate geophysical investig</li> </ul>	gation.		
Refer attached Schedule for perc	entage of work comp	leted and projected co	mpletion dates.
SUXOS Mel Lau	Site S	Safety Officer L	ew Kovarik
Project Manager Brian Stock	well		



# Photo Log







Brush clearing operation at Group 2 site.







Views of Group 2 site following brush clearing operation.



## Schedule





### WEEKLY REPORT

Prime Contracts No:	W912QR-10-P-0058		Report No.	6	
PIKA Projects #:	10-08-130		Date:	5-9-11 to 5-13-11	
Project:	RVAAP Compliance Rest. Site-CC-RVAAP-80 & Other Environmental Services, Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant, Ravenna, Ohio				

#### Summary of Activities:

- Completed geophysical investigation of the Group 2 propellant can tops area.
- Marked and surveyed all the identified anomaly areas.
- Initiated geophysical data report.

#### **Others:**

• Conducted daily safety briefings.

**Remarks** (include directions received from client's representative or regulators, visitors, compliance notices received, pertinent information)

Visitors: Eileen Mohr and Todd Fisher – Ohio EPA. Visited the site to look at the grouping of anomalies flagged by the geophysicist. A total of 5 separate areas containing anomalies were detected across the site and marked with pin flags. Based on geographic spacing of the areas, discussions will be needed between all stakeholders to decide on path forward relative to the surface soil samples that will be collected at the site. A meeting will be scheduled upon receipt of the completed geophysical maps to help aid in the decision making.

Work Completed:				
	This Week	Cumulative to-date		
Surface clearance operations	-	100%		
Brush Clearing	-	100%		
Geophysical Investigation	90%	90%		
Conducting MI Sampling	-	0%		
Final Report Preparation	-	0%		



#### Health and Safety-

Conducted health and safety meetings and task order meetings every morning, prior to commencement of daily activities.

Were there any lost time accidents this week?	No	x	Yes .
If "yes", refer attached summary of incident o	r OSHA	A report	

**Quality Control Inspections Performed Non-Conformances** Corrective Action (CA) Follow-up on CA None None None Not Applicable Major Problems and Resolution: None. Schedule for Next Week Continue preparation of geophysical data report. • Discuss path forward for the MI sampling operations based on the geophysical data • obtained at the site. Refer attached Schedule for percentage of work completed and projected completion dates. **SUXOS** Mel Lau Site Safety Officer Lew Kovarik **Project Manager Brian Stockwell** 



## Photo Log





Surveying and installing site grids at Group 2 area to facilitate the geophysical survey.





Pictures showing geophysical survey operations at RVAAP Group 2 propellant can tops site.



## Schedule





### WEEKLY REPORT

Prime Contracts No:	W912QR-10-P-0058	Report No.	7
PIKA Projects #:	10-08-130	Date:	5-16-11 to 5-20-11
Project:	RVAAP Compliance Rest. Services, Ravenna Army A		
Summary of Activities	:		
Received EM-61     the surface sam     Others:	data maps from Geophysicist ple locations.	t to further aid in disc	cussion relative to selecting
	safety briefings.		
	irections received from client received, pertinent informatio		egulators, visitors,
Work Completed:			
		This Week	Cumulative to-date
Surface clearance opera	ations	-	100%

Surface clearance operations	- 	100%
Brush Clearing	-	100%
Geophysical Investigation	-	95%
Conducting MI Sampling	-	0%
Final Report Preparation	-	0%



### Health and Safety-

Conducted health and safety meetings and task order meetings every morning, prior to commencement of daily activities.

Were there any lost time accidents this week?	No	X	Yes	
If "yes", refer attached summary of incident or	OSHA	report.		

Quality Control				
Inspections Perfo	ormed	Non-Conformances	Corrective Action (CA)	Follow-up on CA
None		None	None	Not Applicable
Major Problems and	Resolution:	None.	1	<u>,</u>
Schedule for Next W • Conduct surface		ng operations.		
Refer attached Schedu	le for perce	ntage of work comp	leted and projected co	ompletion dates.
SUXOS M	Viel Lau	Site S	Safety Officer L	ew Kovarik
Project Manager E	Brian Stockv	vell		



### Schedule





### WEEKLY REPORT

Prime Contracts No:	W912QR-10-P-0058	Report No.	8
PIKA Projects #:	10-08-130	Date:	5-23-11 to 5-27-11
Project:	RVAAP Compliance Rest. S Services, Ravenna Army A		

#### Summary of Activities:

• Based upon results of the geophysical delineation, a site visit was conducted with Ohio EPA representative Eileen Mohr and PIKA representatives Brian Stockwell and Jim King on May 25, 2011 to select the locations and boundaries of the Multi Increment (MI) surface soil sample areas. See attached figure for the locations of the areas that were selected for each sample (i.e., areas 1, 2, and 3).

• Collected 3 Multi Increment (MI) surface soil samples on May 26, 2011. All samples were collected in accordance with the approved work plan.

#### Others:

#### • Conducted daily safety briefings.

**Remarks** (include directions received from client's representative or regulators, visitors, compliance notices received, pertinent information) Visitors: Eileen Mohr – Ohio EPA. Conducted site visit to select location and boundaries of the MI surface soil samples.

Work Completed:		
	This Week	Cumulative to-date
Surface clearance operations	-	100%
Brush Clearing	-	100%
Geophysical Investigation	5%	100%
Conducting MI Sampling	95%	95%
Final Report Preparation	-	0%



### Health and Safety-

Conducted health and safety meetings and task order meetings every morning, prior to commencement of daily activities.

Were there any lost time accidents this week?	No	X	Yes	
If "yes", refer attached summary of incident or	OSHA	report.		

Inspections	Performed	Non-Conformances	Corrective Action (CA)	Follow-up on CA
None		None	None	Not Applicable
Major Problems	and Resolution	n: None.	1	<u>I</u>
Schedule for Ne	ext Week			
Schedule for Ne Initiate prepara		gation report.		
		gation report.		
		gation report.		
Initiate prepara	tion of investig		oleted and projected co	mpletion dates.
Initiate prepara	tion of investig	centage of work comp		mpletion dates. ew Kovarik



# PHOTO LOG







Pictures showing MI surface soil sampling operations with UXO support.



## MAP SHOWING MI SURFACE SOIL SAMPLE LOCATIONS





# SCHEDULE




Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services

# Appendix D

**Geophysical Report** 





# Group 2 Propellant Can Top Geophysical Survey Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant



Prepared For Mr. Brian Stockwell PIKA International Ravenna, Ohio

By

TERENCE M. HAMILL May 20, 2011 GeoSearches, Inc. 200 Industrial Parkway, Suite 6B Chagrin Falls, Ohio44022 (440) 893-0642



May 20, 2011

Mr. Brian Stockwell PIKA International

SUBJECT: Group 2 Propellant Can Top

**Geophysical Survey** 

Dear Mr. Stockwell:

GeoSearches, Inc has completed the Geophysical survey dated May12, 2011 at Group 2 site at the RVAAP.

This Full Report presents the results regarding the targeted survey, delineating the boundaries of the Propellant Can Top areas.

If you have further questions please contact GeoSearches, Inc it has been a pleasure working with you on this project.

Best regard's,

Them & this

Terence M. Hamill President / Principal Geophysicist GeoSearches, Inc.



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# Section One: Site and Project Description

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# **Section** One

# SITE PROJECT AND DESCRIPTION



# Introduction:

GeoSearches, Inc. was retained by PIKA International to conduct a Geophysical survey at the Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant. The object of the survey was to delineate the areas within the designated site Group 2 containing Propellant Can Tops.

The Geophysical survey was conducted over an area approximately 12 acres in size.

The non-intrusive, subsurface investigation was conducted using Electromagnetics.

The EM61-MK2 consists of two 1-meter (m) by 0.5m rectangular coils arranged such that the source/receiver coil is located 40 centimeters (cm) below a second receiver coil. An electromagnetic pulse induces subsurface eddy currents with associated secondary magnetic fields. The decay of the secondary magnetic fields induced in subsurface materials is measured by the receiver coil(s) and digitally recorded.

The EM61-MK2 is capable of detecting all metals and is generally not affected by magnetic geology or soils. The EM61-MK2 may detect buried metal beyond four (4) feet below ground surface (ft bgs) depending on the size of the item and the contrast between the native soils/geology and the item. Additionally, the EM61-MK2 response is focused directly beneath the coils so the response from nearby metal structures (e.g., monitoring wells, fences, etc.) is minimal compared to other sensors such as a total field magnetometer.

Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) detects subsurface structures by transmitting radio frequency waves into the ground and monitoring the strength and time delay of the reflection. The returning signal can then be evaluated to locate subsurface anomalies. Anomalies can be caused by void spaces, differences in soil/bedrock texture, differences in soil/bedrock moisture content, differences in the sediment compaction, and the presence of subsurface structures such as pipelines.



GROUND PENETRATING RADAR THEORY DIAGRAM



# EM61 MK2 ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY DIAGRAM

# Part One: Method

Before fieldwork was started, historical data and detailed diagrams were reviewed to provide background information on the site.

An instrument verification strip (IVS) was conducted over a known area with surface targets. This was conducted over the area that is known as Cluster 1 so that was well representative of the expected targets. The objective of the IVS is to verify that the geophysical detection system is operating properly. The IVS targets should be observed in the data with signals that are consistent with both historical measurements and physics-based model predictions. Adjacent measurements of the site noise determine whether targets of interest can be detected reliably to their depth of interest under the site conditions.

System daily tests were also conducted which consisted of a Static Noise test, Spike Test and cable shake test. These tests were conducted before and after the geophysical survey.

A preliminary, straight-line GPR survey was conducted at the beginning of the investigation, establishing the typical response based on the site geology and subsurface structures. The survey was conducted by moving the GPR equipment along the grid lines in two, perpendicular directions. The GPR data were reviewed in the field before processing. This review consisted of data quality and also specifically in this case if excavated areas could be interpreted through the raw data collection.

The Trimble RTK GPS was used to augment geophysical data and improve geophysical mapping through visual observations made during site walk-over. During this process, the GPS was used to record the positions of cultural features (e.g., signposts, monitor wells, etc.) so that these features can be accounted for during the interpretation of the geophysical data.

The survey was conducted using Geonics EM-61 MK 2 and a Noggin GPR from Sensors and Software, Inc., with a 250MHz antenna. The data were acquired using the common-offset reflection profiling method. The depth of penetration ranged from 0 to 15 feet below the surface.

A surveyed grid was laid out over the survey area to facilitate GPR data collection and ensure complete coverage with both the GPS-integrated EM61, and the GPR. Numbered points were spaced 100 feet apart, and data acquisition intervals were 5 feet apart. The survey equipment used was:

TDS Ranger Data Collector Topcon Total Station Topcon Hiper Lite GPS ODOT VRS Network

# Part Two: Processing

This the data processing procedures and interpretation of results based on the geophysical information collected during the geophysical survey. Geosoft Oasis Montaj (Oasis) was the primary software used to complete data processing tasks. All data grids and anomalies were uploaded.

At the end of the field day the field geophysicist uploaded the data to the office computer, where the data was archived, backed-up, and processed and analyzed. The data processing sequence included verifying the validity of the data using the performance metrics, assessment of the track path and spatial sample density, latency correction, data leveling, and color-coded image generation utilizing software from the equipment manufacturers and Geosoft Oasis Montaj. Subsequent to the processing and review of the data, color-coded images of the geophysical sensor data were created for review and planning of the next day's field activities.

GeoSearches utilized the following software to process the data:

Oasis for latency correction; data leveling; interpolation and generation of color-coded images; and statistical analysis of the data in terms of the performance metrics such as spatial sample density, static background, and repeat tests.

The Ground Penetrating Radar data was processed by applying filters and gains to better define the anomalies of interest. Tools used to process the data and improve image quality included SPIVIEW TOOLS and WIN EKKO software from Sensors and Software, Inc.

Once each data survey is loaded and the grid properly oriented spatially, a short (3sample) temporal median trim filter is applied to each GPR trace (one gridline) to attenuate noise spikes that degrades the data quality. A residual median filter is then applied to attenuate the wow (Short range GPR signals often possess a low-frequency component, commonly referred to as a "wow" that causes amplitude distortion along an individual trace), this filtering attenuates both the low and high frequency components of the wow, without adding precursors or other artifacts to the wavelet.

Time zero determination and datuming is also performed.

The data is then processed by applying amplitude compensation. For each GPR survey line, the rectified-amplitude versus time fall-off is determined. The inverse of this curve is scaled by a multiplier (0.3) to form the gain function. The multiplier is used to slightly reduce the gain function so that anomalously high amplitude values are not clipped after amplitude compensation.

# Part Three: Interpretation and data quality

After completion of the data processing, each GPR and EM reflection image was evaluated to:

- Evaluate the GPR and EM penetration depth and resolution of the data collected at 250MHz and compare reflection character of the two, perpendicular line orientations;
- (2) Interpret GPR and EM reflections and image patterns as bounding surfaces and architectural elements in profile; and



(3) EM61 anomalies that correlated with known surface features such as an electric junction box or utilities are not reported. All other anomalies that were not caused by known surface features or utilities were further analyzed with corresponding GPR data.



# **Section Two**

# **CONDITIONS and OBJECTIVE**



# Part One: Conditions

The Geophysical survey included:

- The survey area was 95% accessible and covered all areas of interest. The larger wetter areas in the North were difficult to acquire data in.
- Project area consisted of grass, gravel tracks and brush.



# Part Two: Objective

The primary objectives of the Geophysical survey were to determine the boundaries of the Propellant Can Tops.



# **Section Three**

# **RESULTS**



# FIGURE 1





#### [Section 3]

## [Section 3]

FIGURE 3



## FIGURE 4



## FIGURE 5



# Results

The object of the Geophysical survey and the use of Ground Penetrating Radar and Electromagnetics were to delineate the areas that Propellant Can Tops exist and also to determine if areas had been excavated to bury the cans.

During the survey it was physically possible to see on the surface Propellant Can Tops and also a few shot gun shells.

The EM61-MK2 survey data did display distinct areas of high anomaly density that can be seen in **Figures 2 and 3**. The signal data established that 5 areas exist within the survey area with anomalies close or on the surface and the processed data **[Figures 3 and 4]** suggests that all of these areas have anomalies that are on the surface or just below the surface and < 9 inches in depth.

Due to the anomaly density of the 5 areas it is difficult to characterize individual anomalies.

The "white areas" **[Figure 3]** in the north portion of the defined survey boundary represent locations with limited coverage (buildings) and due to wet conditions that could not be accessed.

The EM data did not detect any other Propellant Can Top areas apart from the 5 distinct anomaly areas.

Smaller events near the surface did register on the raw data when collecting, and these have been noted, however these events are much smaller than the Propellant Can Tops. At this stage the anomalies cannot be identified.

Ground Penetrating Radar was utilized after all determined clustered areas were established to ascertain if the cluster areas had been excavated [**Figure 4**].

The GPR did establish that metallic anomalies did exist at near surface depths and also clarified that the objects had been dumped there as the subsurface lithology was consistent throughout with no evidence of excavation based upon the GPR data results.

All anomalies have been surveyed and the coordinates are included on Figure 2.

# **Conclusion**

The Geophysical investigations performed at the Group2 Site, have identified areas of dense anomalies at the 5 locations. The data collection achieved the overall defined objectives for the project by delineating the boundaries of the propellant can top areas in order to confirm the presence or absence of releases of propellants and/or other MC to the surface soils at the Group 2 Propellant Cans Tops Site.

Further Geophysical investigations in the future, with tighter parameters may be needed to identify the smaller anomalies found within the survey area.

# **General Qualifications**

The data presented herein are interpreted. No warranty, certification, or statement of fact, either expressed or implied, regarding actual subsurface conditions within the surveyed area is contained herein. No interpretation of subsurface conditions can be made for areas not surveyed.



Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services

# Appendix E

# Summary Table, Field Sample Reports, Lab Results and COC

ANALYTE**, UNITS, METHOD NO.	FWCUGs for National Guard Trainee HI=1 mg/kg	FWCUGs for National Guard Trainee Risk = 10 <sup>-5</sup> mg/kg	Regional Screening Level (RSL) mg/kg	Surface Soil Background Criteria mg/kg	PCTss-001M-0001-SO	Reporting Limits	PCTss-001M-0001-DUP	Reporting Limits	PCTss-002D-0001-SO	Reporting Limits	PCTss-002M-0001-SO	Reporting Limits	PCTss-002M-0001-ER	Reporting Limits	PCTss-003M-0001-SO	Reporting Limits	TRIP BLANK
Sample Date					5/26/2011		5/26/2011		5/26/2011		5/26/2011		5/26	/2011	5/26/201		5/27/2011
													UG/L				UG/L
METALS 6010B mg/kg																	
Arsenic	1140	27.8	0.39	15.4							8.4	2.2	< RL	21.0			
Lead	351		400	26.1							34.1	34.1	< RL	10.0			
Selenium			390	1.4							< RL	2.1	0.0206	B 25.0			
Thallium	477			0							< RL	2.1	< RL	15.0			
Silver	31049		390	0							< RL	0.53	< RL	5.0			
Aluminum	34960		77000	17700							10600	22.1	< RL	200			
Barium	3506		15000	88.4							81.7	2.1	< RL	21.0			
Beryllium			160	0.88							0.45	0.32	< RL	3.0			
Calcium (essential nutrient)			(n)	15800							954	105	52.1	B 500			
Cadmium	3292	109	70	0.0							0.13 B	0.32	< RL	1000			
Cobalt	140	70.3	23	10.4							7.7	0.63	< RL	6.0			
Chromium, hexavalent	56.1	16.4									2.42	1.3	< RL	12.0			
Copper	253680		3100	17.7							12.1	2.6	< RL	20.0			
Iron	1000000		55000	23100							17600	10.5	< RL	100			
Potassium (essential nutrient)			(n)	927							654	105	< RL	1000			
Magnesium (essential nutrient)			(n)	3030							1770	52.7	< RL	500			
Manganese			1800	1450							833	1.3	< RL	12.0			
Sodium (essential nutrient)			(n)	123							35.6 B		< RL	1000			
Nickel	126391			21.1							18.5	1.1	< RL	50.0			
Antimony	1753		31	0.96							< RL	1.6	< RL	60.0			
Vanadium	23045		5.5	31.1							24.4	1.1	< RL	5.0			
Zinc	1000000		23000	61.8							62.4	3.2	< RL	20.			
Mercury 7471A mg/kg		I			1												
Mercury	1722			0.036							0.049	0.040	< RL				
Perchlorate 6860 ug/kg		<u> </u>			1	1 1		1						<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Perchlorate				0.00	0.000093 J	0.47	0.00011 J	0.49			< RL	0.50	< RL	0.05	0.000093	0.47	
Cyanide 9012 mg/kg	<u>.</u>	I				1 1		1 1									
Cyanide				0.00							0.19 B	0.53	< RL	0.010			
· <b>/</b> · · ·		1			1	1 1		1					=				<u> </u>

-- = data not available

ug/L = micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram (parts per billion)

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram (parts per million)

Inorganics:

RL = Reporting Limit

< RL = Indicates that the compound was analyzed for but not detected

J = Method blank contamination. The associated method blank contains the target analyte at a reportable level.

B = Estimated result. Result is less than Reporting Limit

E = Matrix Interference Highlighted = > Regional Screening Level Bold = > Background Italics = > Cleanup goals ER = Equipment Rinse

SO = Soil

								1			<u> </u>		-				
ANALYTE**, UNITS, METHOD NO.	is for National Trainee HI =1 mg/kg	s for National rainee Risk = <sup>-5</sup> mg/kg	Regional Screening .evel (RSL) mg/kg	Surface Soil Background Criteria mg/kg	PCTss-001M-0001-SO	Reporting Limit	ss-001M-0001-DUP	PCTss-002D-0001-SO	Reporting Limit	PCTss-002M-0001-SO	Reporting Limit	PCTss-002M-0001-ER	Reporting Limit	PCTss-003M-0001-SO	Reporting Limit	TRIP BLANK	Reporting Limit
L IQ		CUGs ard T 10 <sup>-</sup>	noi R)	Sui	SS-(	ep	s-0	-SS	tep	SS-(	lep	-SS-l	(eb	ss-(	ep	TR	ie b
	FWCUGs Guard Tr m	VCI	eg	ack	CT3	R	PCTS	C L	~	CT3	~	CI	2	CT	~	1	~
AN	FV Gı	FWC Guai	Le R	B	Ч		Ы	<u>م</u>		<u>م</u>		<u>д</u>		Ч			
Sample Date					5/26/2011		5/26/2011	5/26	/2011	5/26/20	11	5/26/201	1	5/26/	2011	5/27/2011	
				PCTss	s-001M-0001-SO							UG/L				UG/L	
EXPLOSIVES mg/kg										-							
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	165422		2200							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.10				
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	596		6.1							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.10				
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	2488	4643	19							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.10				
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	6519	134	1.6							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.10				
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	3309	136	61							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.10				
2-Amino-4,6-Dinitrotoluene	1237		150							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.10				
2-Nitrotoluene	59611	726	2.9							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.52				
3-Nitrotoluene			6.1							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.52				
4-Amino-2,6-Dinitrotoluene	1237		150							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.10				
4-Nitrotoluene	59611	9818	30							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.52				
HMX	234645		3800							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.10				
Nitrobenzene			4.8							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.10				
PETN										< RL	0.48	< RL	0.68				
RDX	17113	1452	5.5							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.10				
Tetryl			240							< RL	0.24	< RL	0.10				
Propellants mg/kg																	
Nitrocellulose			180000000		1.1 B	5.0	0.82 B 5.0			< RL	5.0	< RL	2.0	< RL	5.0		
Nitroglycerine		9818	6.1			0.48	< RL 0.49			< RL	0.48	< RL	0.68	< RL	0.50		
Nitroguanidine			6100		0.063 J	0.24	0.12 J 0.24			< RL	0.25	< RL	20	0.17	J 0.26		
VOCS 8260B ug/kg							-										
Chloromethane			120					< RL	10							< RL	2.0
Bromomethane			7.3					< RL	5.0							< RL	1.0
Vinyl chloride			0.06					< RL	5.0							< RL	1.0
Chloroethane			15000					< RL	5.0							< RL	2.0
Methylene Chloride			11					< RL	5.0							< RL	2.0
Acetone			61000					0.0053	J,B 10							< RL	10
Carbon disulfide			820					< RL	5.0							< RL	2.0
1,1-Dichloroethene			3.3					< RL	5.0							< RL	1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane			240					< RL	5.0							< RL	3.0
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)			150					< RL	5.0							< RL	1.0
Chloroform			0.29					< RL	5.0							< RL	1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane			0.43					< RL	5.0							< RL	1.0
2-Butanone			28000					< RL	10							< RL	10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane			8700					< RL	5.0							< RL	1.0
Carbon tetrachloride			0.61					< RL	5.0							< RL	1.0
Bromodichloromethane			0.27					< RL	5.0							< RL	1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane			0.89					< RL	5.0							< RL	1.0

	_	_ "					-	1						1				
ANALYTE**, UNITS, METHOD NO.	FWCUGs for National Guard Trainee HI =1 mg/kg	FWCUGs for National Guard Trainee Risk = 10 <sup>.5</sup> mg/kg	Regional Screening Level (RSL) mg/kg	Surface Soil Background Criteria mg/kg	PCTss-001M-0001-SO	Reporting Limit	PCTss-001M-0001-DUP	Reporting Limit	PCTss-002D-0001-SO	Reporting Limit	PCTss-002M-0001-SO	Reporting Limit	PCTss-002M-0001-ER	Reporting Limit	PCTss-003M-0001-SO	Reporting Limit	TRIP BLANK	Reporting Limit
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene			1.7					< R	L !	5.0							< RL	1.0
Trichloroethene			2.8					< R	L !	5.0							< RL	1.0
Dibromochloromethane			0.68					< R		5.0							< RL	1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane			1.1					< R	L !	5.0							< RL	1.0
Benzene			1.1					< R	L !	5.0							< RL	1.0
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene			1.7					< R	L !	5.0							< RL	1.0
Bromoform			61					< R	L !	5.0							< RL	1.0
4-Methyl-2-pentanone			5300					< R	L	10							< RL	10
2-Hexanone			210					< R		10							< RL	10
Tetrachloroethene			0.55					< R	L !	5.0							< RL	1.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane			0.56					< R		5.0							< RL	1.0
Toluene			5000					< R		5.0							< RL	1.0
Chlorobenzene			290					< R		5.0							< RL	1.0
Ethylbenzene			5.4					< R		5.0							< RL	1.0
Styrene			6300					< R		5.0							< RL	1.0
Xylenes (Total)			630					< R	L !	5.0							< RL	1.0
SVOC 8270 mg/kg							1											
Phenol			18000								< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether			0.21								< RL	0.99	< RL	19				
2-Chlorophenol			390								< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
1,3-Dichlorobenzene											< RL	3.3	< RL	9.5				
1,4-Dichlorobenzene			2.4								< RL	3.3	< RL	9.5				
1,2-Dichlorobenzene			1900								< RL	3.3	< RL	9.5				
2-Methylphenol			3100								< RL	2.0	< RL	9.5				
2,2-oxybis (1-chloropropane)											< RL	2.0	< RL	19				
4-Methylphenol			310								< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine		18.8	0.069								< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Hexachloroethane			35								< RL	3.3	< RL	9.5				
Nitrobenzene			4.8								< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Isophorone			510								< RL	5.0	< RL	24				
2-Nitrophenol											< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
2,4-Dimethylphenol			1200								< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	17883		180								< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
2,4-Dichlorophenol			180								< RL	3.3	< RL	9.5				
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			22								< RL	2.0	< RL	9.5				
Naphthalene	15407		3.6								< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
4-Chloroaniline			2.4								< RL	3.3	< RL	9.5				
Hexachlorobutadiene			6.2								< RL	5.0	< RL	24				
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol											< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
2-Methylnaphthalene			310								< RL	2.0	< RL	9.5				
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene			370								< RL	16	< RL	48				

	<u> </u>		_ G	9			ط		-			~		0			<b></b>
TS,	National se HI =1 g	ational Risk = ‹g	eening mg/kg	Soil Criteria g	PCTss-001M-0001-SO	t t	PCTss-001M-0001-DUP	÷	PCTss-002D-0001-SO	Reporting Limit PCTss-002M-0001-SO	÷	PCTss-002M-0001-ER	t.	PCTss-003M-0001-SO		ł	÷
	Jati e ⊢ J	for Nati ainee Ris mg/kg	<b>a</b> )	Crit	001	Reporting Limit	001	Reporting Limit	001	Limit 00001-	Reporting Limit	001	Reporting Limit	001	Reporting Limit	ž	Limit
	is for Na Trainee mg/kg	for Na ainee mg/k	Regional Scre evel (RSL)	Surface Sc ackground Cr mg/kg	0-N	jg L	00-1	J D	0-0	N-O	jg [	0-M	] D	N-0	lg L	TRIP BLANK	lg L
* NO	for raine ng/k	for aine mg	al S SL)	fac un ŋg∕	010	rtin	V110	rtin	02[	02N	rtin	02N	rtin	031	rtin	<u></u>	rtin
ËB		IGs I Tra I 0 <sup>-5</sup>	on: (R:	gro n	s-0	odé	-00	odé	s-0	Reporting Ss-002M-	odé	s-0	odé	s-0	odé	L IN	Reporting
AL)	CU	CU( ard	êdi el	s s	CTS	Å	Tss	Å	CTS	Re Re	R	CTS	Å	Ts	Å		Å
ANALYTE <sup>*</sup> METHOD I	FWCUGs Guard Tr m	FWCI Guar	Rev	Ba	Ы		PC		PC	L DA		PC		РС		ł	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol			44							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5		4		
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol			6100							< RL	2.0	< RL	48				
2-Chloronaphthalene			6300							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
2-Nitroaniline			610							< RL	16	< RL	48				
Dimethyl phthalate										< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Acenaphthylene										< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
2,6-Dinitrotoluene			61							< RL	3.3	< RL	9.5				
3-Nitroaniline										< RL	16	< RL	48				
Acenaphthene			3400							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
2,4-Dinitrophenol			120							< RL	16	< RL	48				
4-Nitrophenol										< RL	0.99	< RL	48				$\neg \neg$
Dibenzofuran	11922		78							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			1.6							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Diethyl phthalate			49000							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether										< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Fluorene	114583		2300							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
4-Nitroaniline			24							< RL	16	< RL	48				
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol										0.14	J 2.0	< RL	48		j		
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine			99							< RL	3.3	< RL	9.5		i		
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether										< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5		j		
Hexachlorobenzene			0.3							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5		i		
Pentachlorophenol	56558	440	0.89							< RL	16	< RL	9.5				
Phenanthrene										< RL	0.99	< RL	48		i		
Anthracene			17000							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Carbazole		8346								< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5		i		
Di-n-butyl phthalate			6100							< RL	5.0	< RL	24		I		
Fluoranthene	50868		2300							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Pyrene	38151		1700							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Butyl benzyl phthalate			260							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine			1.1							< RL	5.0	< RL	48				
Benzo(a)anthracene		47.7	0.15							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Chrysene		4774	15							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate			35							< RL	5.0	1.1 J	24				
Di-n-octyl phthalate										< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		47.7	0.15							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		477	1.5							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Benzo(a)pyrene		4.77	0.015							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		47.7	0.15							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		4.77	0.015							< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene										< RL	0.99	< RL	9.5				

ANALYTE**, UNITS, METHOD NO.	FWCUGs for National Guard Trainee HI =1 mg/kg	FWCUGs for National Guard Trainee Risk = 10 <sup>.5</sup> mg/kg	Regional Screening .evel (RSL) mg/kg	Surface Soil Background Criteria mg/kg	PCTss-001M-0001-SO	Reporting Limit	PCTss-001M-0001-DUP	Reporting Limit	PCTss-002D-0001-SO Reporting Limit	PCTss-002M-0001-SO	Reporting Limit	PCTss-002M-0001-ER	Reporting Limit	PCTss-003M-0001-SO	Reporting Limit	TRIP BLANK	Reporting Limit
동 호 PESTICIDES 8081A ug/kg	ц С	<u> </u>	Le 7	<b>2</b>			ď		<u> </u>			<b>L</b> L		<b>LE</b>			
alpha-BHC			0.077							< RL	1.7	< RL	0.048				
beta-BHC		74.2	0.077							< RL < RL	1.7	< RL < RL	0.048				
delta-BHC										< RL < RL	1.7	< RL < RL	0.048				
gamma-BHC			0.52							< RL < RL	1.7	< RL < RL	0.048				
Heptachlor	2981	29.8	0.52							< RL < RL	1.7	< RL < RL	0.048				
Aldrin	179	7.88	0.029							< RL < RL	1.7	< RL < RL	0.048				
Heptachlor epoxide	77.5	14.8	0.029							< RL < RL	1.7	< RL < RL	0.048				
Endosulfan I			370							< RL < RL	1.7	< RL < RL					
Dieldrin	 298	8.39	0.030							< RL < RL	3.4	< RL < RL	0.048				
4,4'-DDE			1.4							0.00073 J,PG		< RL < RL	0.097				
Endrin	330		1.4							< RL	3.4	< RL < RL	0.097				
Endosulfan II										< RL	3.4	< RL < RL	0.097				
4,4'-DDD			2.0							< RL < RL	3.4	< RL < RL	0.097				
Endosulfan sulfate			2.0							< RL < RL	3.4	< RL < RL	0.048				
4,4'-DDT			1.7							< RL	3.4	< RL < RL	0.048				
Methoxychlor			310							< RL	1.7	< RL < RL	1.9				
Endrin ketone										< RL	3.4	< RL	0.048				
Endrin aldehyde										< RL	3.4	< RL < RL	0.048				
alpha-Chlordane										< RL < RL	3.4 1.7	< RL < RL	0.097				
gamma-Chlordane			1.6							< RL < RL	1.7	< RL < RL	0.048				
Toxaphene			0.44							< RL < RL	66	< RL < RL	1.9				
PCBs 8082 ug/kg		I	0.77						-		00	<u>~ IL</u>	1.7				
Aroclor-1016	192	34.6	3.9							< RL	33	< RL	0.97				<u>.</u>
Aroclor-1221			0.14							< RL	33	< RL	1.9				
Aroclor-1232			0.14							< RL	33	< RL < RL	0.97				
Aroclor-1242			0.14							< RL	33	< RL	0.97				
Aroclor-1248		34.6	0.22							< RL	33	< RL < RL	0.97				
Aroclor-1248 Aroclor-1254	54.9	34.6	0.22							< RL	33	< RL	0.97				
Aroclor-1260		34.6	0.22							< RL	33	< RL	0.97				
		54.0	0.22						-		55		0.77				

-- = data not available

ug/L = micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

ug/kg = micrograms per kilogram (parts per billion)

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram (parts per million)

Organics:

RL - Reporting Limit

< RL = Indicates that the compound was analyzed for but not detected

J = Estimated result. Result is less than Reporting Limit

B = Method blank contamination. The associated method blank contains the target analyte at a reportable level.

PG - The percent difference between the original and confirmation analyses is greater than 40%

# Highlighted = > Regional Screening Level

Bold = > Background Italics = > Cleanup goals

ER = Equipment Rinse

SO = Soil

Project Name: <u>RVAAP</u>			Fiel	d Sampling R	Report					4	
Location 1D: <u>PCTss-001M-</u>	0001 50						Danaur - 4	1	NTERNATIONAL,	INC.	
	0001-50	- 	1				Ravenna Army Ravenna Ohi	io	on Plant		
Date:05/26 /2011		Weather	<u> Ilor</u>			al-protective place	Temperature	67		a an	
			Sa	mpling Informa	tion						
Source	Grou	undwater / Product		Surface Wat	er	/	Soil	is / Sedime	nts / Sludge		
Method	Bailer	/	Sam	ple Bottle			Scoop		Trowel		
	Pump		Bace	on Bomb			Bowl		Hand Auger		
	Micro-pure	ge					Push Probe	x	Plastic Liner		
Type/Construction						Mattocks					
Miscellaneous	Well Furg Yes - No	ing Form	/ . ·		. :						
Sample Collection:       10'25 hrs       Sample Type: Composite       MI       Grab       Location:       Plotted on Map - Staked in Field         Sample Depth:       0-1'       FT (below surface)Decon:       Dedicated       Each Day - Each Location       Estimated - Measured - Sarveyed											
Field Parameters (at time of sample)	/	Ana	lytical	Parameters			O	ther Par	ameters		
PID / FID Readings:		VOC		TPH GRO			Corrosivity				
Background:	ppm	Nitrocellulose	x	TPH DRO			Reactivity Sulfide/Cy	anide			
/		Nitroguanidine	x	Chromium +6			Ignitability				
Sample:	ppm	Nitroglycerine	X	Nitrate							
Water Level	FT	Perchlorate	x	Sulfate		:		QA San	Samples		
Temperature	°C	Pesticides/PCBs		Asbestos			MS/MSD	Yes / N			
Sp. Conductance:	uMHOs	RVAAP Full Suite		Arsenic			Duplicate ID	Yes) N	0	NA	
рн	units	тос		Chromium			Equipment Rinse ID	Yes / Ne	0	NA	
Tarkidity	N.T.U.	Grain Size					Trip Blank ID	Yes / N	lo	NA	
2	Sampl	e Description		c	0.040			Sample			
OLOR: 1550mm		DOR: NOW		STAI	Split Sa	mple	e ID;		/		
NING:		URE:	NL	SORTIN							
Gi	PLACTI	CITY: None		MOISTURE:	Agency, Address		ipany:		/		
- Worldt				_		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\square$			
Soil sample description should in	clude:										
Munsell Color Odor Staini	E Contraction of the second se		/ided: MS/MSD - Duplicate -		- Eield Blanks						
Water sample description should					Parame	ters:	Same as Above - As	Listed			
Color Odor Sheen Turbi	idity										
Logged By	1K 402	Please P	rint)			Revi	iewed by:	ilanci		_(Please Print)	
Signature: <u>6-5</u>	K-g)	<u> </u>				Si	gnature:	IA.	Date: <u>6/</u> 1	4/1	
	-15						- >				

Project Name: <u>RVAAP</u>			Field	d Sampling F	Report		IZ.	PIKA	,
Location ID: <u>PCTss-002M-</u>	0001-SO	-		ł		Ravenna Army Ravenna Ob			
Date:05760/2011		Weather (	<u>101</u>	sdy		Temperature	68	~~	
			Sa	mpling Inform	ation		ayadan ar yanya dalama		inite anteresting of
Source	Grou	Indwater / Product /	<u> </u>	Surface Wat	er /	Sol	lls / Sedimer	nts / Sludge	
Method	Bailer		Sam	ple Bottle		Scoop		Trowel	
	Pump		Bacc	on Bomb		Bowl		Hand Auger	
	Micro-pure	ge		. /		Push Probe	x	Plastic Liner	
Type/Construction						Mattocks			
Miscellaneous	Well Purg Yes - No	ing Form							
Sample Collection: 120_hrs	∟_∕ 3	Sample Type: Cor	nposite	- MI Grab		Location	Plotted on	Map - Staked in Field	L.
Sample Depth:0-1' FT (h	below surface	If MI, # of increm Decon: Dedicated (Ea	ich Day	- Each Location		Estimated - Measured -	Sarveyed		
Field Parameters (at time of sample)		Anal	ytical	Parameters		0	ther Para	ameters	
PID / FID Readings:		voc	x	SVOCs	x	Corrosivity			
Background:	ррт	Nitrocellulose	x	TAL Metal	x	Reactivity Sulfide/Cy	yanide		
/		Nitroguanidine	x ·	Mercury	x	Ignitability			
Sample:	ррт	Nitroglycerine	x	Cyanide	x				
Water Level	Ť7	Perchlorate	x	Solids	x		QA Sam	ples	
Temperature	۶c	Pesticides/PCBs	х	Reactivity	x	MS/MSD	Yes) No	ŇN	ĪA
Sp. Conductance:	uMHOs	Full TCLP	x	Flash Point	x	Duplicate ID	Yes / No	NN	IA .
рн	units	РСВ	x	РН	x	Equipment Rinse ID	Yes / No	N N	IA .
Turzidity	N.T.U.	Explosives	Х			Trip Blank ID	Yes / N	9 N	IA Z
	-	e Description		C	Sulit Samo	Split le ID:	t Sample	,	
OLOR: R. GOWA		DOR: <u>ADVIE</u>		STAI	obucount	ц ш,		/	
NING:	TEAT	URE: wash		SORTIN	Name:	mpany:			
		CITY: NOANE		MOISTURE:	Address:	mpany	/		
				-					
Soil sample description should in						/			
Munsell Color Odor Staini Water sample description should a	-	Sorting Plasticity Moisti	ire		1	ovided: MS/MSD - Duplicate :: Same as Above - As		<ul> <li>Field Blanks</li> </ul>	
Color Odor Sheen Turbidity									
Logged Bur David L		(Diase - D	in an	na dan kanang mang salah sana sa kana bi		viewed hus 57 1 DA			
Logged By: <u>Apones K</u> Signature: <u>0</u>	L	(Please P	rint)			viewed by: <u>Signature</u> :	2	Date: _6/14	ase Print)
Note: VO	c's u	were taken	٩s	A discr	ete si	Imple.		<u>رة ب</u> الانتخاب المتعالم الم	<u></u>

Project Name: <u>RVAAP</u>			Fie	ld Sampling I	Report				<b>Д</b> , інс.	
Location ID: <u>PCTss-003M</u>	-0001-SO	_		1		Ravenna Army		on Plant		
Date:05/26/2011_	-	Weather	Clo	John		Ravenna Oh Temperature	71	0		
			S	ampling Inform	ation				, ,	
Source	Grou	indwater / Product		Surface Wa		Soi	ils / Sedime	nts / Sludge		
Method	Bailer	· /		nple Bottle	1	Scoop		Trowel	<u> </u>	
	Pump	/		con Bomb		Bowl		Hand Auger		
	Micro-pure	ge /				Push Probe	x	Plastic Liner		
Type/Construction	ļ,	/			·	Mattocks				
Miscellancous	Well Purg	ing Form		/					1	
Yes - No       Sample Collection:     J305hrs     Sample Type: Composite - MI ) Grab     Location:     Plotted on Map - Staked in Field										
Sample Depth:0-1' FT (		If MI, # of in	icrements t	aken:	Ε	stimated - Measured -	Sarveyed		I FICIU	
Field Parameters			>	n an ann an straigh ann an 1930. Anns	a an		ther Para	motoro		
(at time of sample)		A	marythes	ll Parameters		U	mer rara	ameters	$\angle$	
PID / FID Readings:		voc		TPH GRO		Corrosivity				
Background:	ppm	Nitrocellulose	X	TPH DRO		Reactivity Sulfide/Cyanide				
/		Nitroguanidine	x	Chromium +6		Ignitability				
Sample:	քքու	Nitroglycerine	X	Nitrate						
Water Level	FT	Perchlorate	x	Sulfate			ples			
Temperature	°C	Pesticides/PCBs		Asbestos		MS/MSD	, /	NA		
Sp. Conductance:	uMHOs	RVAAP Full Suite		Arsenic		Duplicate ID	Yes	5	NA	
рн	units	тос		Chromium		Equipment Rinse HD	Yes / No	<b>)</b>	NA	
Turvidity	N.T.U.	Grain Size				Trip Blank ID	Yes / N	0	NA	
	Sampi	e Description		C			t Sample		/	
OLOR: STOMM	01	DOR: Non	l	 STAI	Split Sampl	e ID:			_/	
NING: NONE		URE: NAOS	Ride	SORTIN	Name:				_	
G: <u></u>	PLACTI	CITY: Non	<u> </u>	MOISTURE:	Agency/Con Address:	npany:		/		
moist										
					·	/	<u> </u>			
Soil sample description should in	iclude:				· · ·					
Munsell Color Odor Stain	ning Texture	Sorting Plasticity M	loisture		11	vided: MS/MSD - Duplicate	•	- Field Blanks		
Water sample description should					Parameters:	Same as Above - As	Listed	•		
Color Odor Sheen Turl	bidity	· .								
-		ali di sul di dalama a sa sa sa sa		e stilligene og en som	<u> </u>	an an Marstan an an an an an an an an		•	والمحاوية فالمتاريخ	
Logged By:	King.	Le (Plea	ase Print)		Rev	riewed by: <u>Statu</u>	parin .	<u>^^</u>	(Please Print)	
Signature: Yo~5 L	Ky	1-			S	ignature:	$4 \leq 1$	Date:	14-11	
•	)						-			

..

## Client Sample ID: PCTss-001M-0001-SO

General Chemistry

Lot-Sample <b>#:</b> Date Sampled: % Moisture			rder <b>#:</b> eceived:		Mat	rix: S	OLID
PARAMETER	RESULT	RL	UNITS	METHOD		PREPARATION- ANALYSIS DATE	PREP BATCH #
Nitrocellulose	1.1 B	5.0	mg/kg	TAL-SOP	WS-WC-005	06/15-06/16/11	1166054
	Dil	ution Facto	or: 1				
NOTE (S) :							

NOTE (S):

RL Reporting Limit

B Estimated result. Result is less than RL.

### Client Sample ID: PCTss-001M-0001-SO

HPLC

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-001 Date Sampled: 05/26/11 Prep Date: 06/08/11 Prep Batch #: 1159146	Work Order <b>f:</b> Date Received: Analysis Date:	06/03/11	Matrix	S SOLID
Dilution Factor: 0.97 % Moisture:	Method:		(Modif	
PARAMETER Nitroguanidine	RESULT 0.063 J	REPORTING LIMIT 0.24	UNITS mg/kg	MDL 0.019

\_\_\_\_\_

NOTE (S):

J Estimated result. Result is tess than RL

## Client Sample ID: PCTss-001M-0001-SO

## HPLC

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-001 Date Sampled: 05/26/11 Prep Date: 06/08/11 Prep Batch #: 1159133 Dilution Factor: 0.96	Work Order <b>#:</b> Date Received: Analysis Date:	06/03/11	Matrix		SOLID
<pre>% Moisture:</pre>	Method	SW846 8330			
PARAMETER Nitroglycerin	RESULT ND	REPORTING LIMIT 0.48	<u>UNITS</u> mg/kg	MDL 0.12	
SURROGATE 3,4-Dinitrotoluene	PERCENT RECOVERY 92	RECOVERY LIMITS (78 - 108)			

.

## **Analytical Data**

## Client: TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc.

Job Number: 280-16702-1 Sdg Number: G1F030473

Client Sample ID:	PCTSS-001M-0001-SO		,			
Lab Sample ID: Client Matrix:	280-16702-1 Solid		ate Sampled: 05/26/2011 1025 ate Received: 06/08/2011 0930			
<b>a an an</b>		6860 Perchlorate	by IC/MS or I	C/MS/MS	na sy sennan a fai ging i ging i ang sin da ka na mangalan na sing pangalan kana Kata P	********
Analysis Method:	6860	Analysis Batch:	280-72023		Instrument ID:	LC_LCMS1
Prep Method:	6860	Prep Batch:	280-71229		Lab File ID:	IC11F15024.d
Dilution:	1,0				Initial Weight/Volume	e: 10.58 g
Analysis Date:	06/15/2011 1857				Final Weight/Volume	e: 100 mL
Prep Date:	06/09/2011 1658				Injection Volume:	250 uL
Analyte	DryWt Corrected: N	Result (ug/Kg)		Qualifie	r MDL	RL
Perchlorate		0.093		J	0.038	0.47

## Client Sample ID: PCTss-001M-0001-DUP

### General Chemistry

 Lot-Sample #...: G1F030473-002
 Work Order #...: MJ07K
 Matrix.....: SOLID

 Date Sampled...: 05/26/11
 Date Received..: 06/03/11
 Matrix......

 % Moisture.....:
 Solution (Solution (S

					PREPARATION-	PREP
PARAMETER	RESULT	RL	UNITS	METHOD	ANALYSIS DATE	BATCH #
Nitrocellulose	0.82 B	5.0	mg/kg	TAL-SOP WS-WC-005	06/15-06/16/11	1166054
	Dilu	ition Facto	er: 1 1	1DL 0.78		

### NOTE (S) :

RL Reporting Limit

B Estimated result Result is less than RL.

## Client Sample ID: PCTss-001M-0001-DUP

#### HPLC

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-002			Matrix: SOLID		
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received:				
Prep Date: 06/08/11	Analysis Date:	06/13/11			
Prep Batch #: 1159133					
Dilution Factor: 0,98					
ት Moisture:	Method:	SW846 8330			
		REPORTING			
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS MDL		
Nitroglycerin	ND	0.49	$\overline{mg/kg}$ $\overline{0,1}$	3	
	PERCENT	RECOVERY			
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS			
3,4-Dinitrotoluene	92	(78 - 108)			

.

### Client Sample ID: PCTss-001M-0001-DUP

HPLC

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-002	Work Order #:	MJ07K1AE	Matrix SOLID		
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received:	06/03/11			
Prep Date: 06/08/11	Analysis Date:	06/13/11			
Prep Batch #: 1159146					
Dilution Factor: 0.97					
<pre>% Moisture:</pre>	Method	SW846 8330	(Modif		
`		REPORTING			
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL	
Nitroguanidine	0.12 J	0.24	mg/kg	0.019	

## NOTE (S) :

J Estimated result. Result is less than RL.
## **Analytical Data**

### Client: TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc.

#### Job Number: 280-16702-1 Sdg Number: G1F030473

Client Sample ID:	PCTSS-001M-0001-DUP						
Lab Sample ID: Client Matrix:	280-16702-2FD Solid					e Sampled: 05/26/20 e Received: 06/08/20	
		6860 Perchlorate	by IC/MS or IC	C/MS/MS			
Analysis Method:	6860	Analysis Batch:	280-72023		Instrument ID:	LC_LCMS1	
Prep Method:	6860	Prep Batch:	280-71229		Lab File ID:	IC11F15025.d	
Dilution:	1.0				Initial Weight/Volume:	10.29 g	
Analysis Date:	06/15/2011 1925				Final Weight/Volume:	100 mL	
Prep Date:	06/09/2011 1658				Injection Volume:	250 uL	
Analyte	DryWt Corrected: N	Result (u	g/Kg)	Qualifie	MDL.	RL	
Perchlorate	a an	0.11	****	J	0.039	0.49	

Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

HELC

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-004	Work Order #: MJ07R1A9	Matrix: SOLID
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received: 06/03/11	
Prep Date: 06/08/11	Analysis Date: 06/13/11	
Prep Batch #: 1159133		
Dilution Factor: 0.95		
<b>% Moisture:</b> 5,1	Method SW846 8330	

		REPORTIN	IG	
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.019
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0,048
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.019
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.019
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.028
2-Amino-4,6-	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.095
dinitrotoluene				
2-Nitrotoluene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.076
3-Nitrotoluene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.066
4-Amino-2,6-	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.019
dinitrotoluene				
4-Nitrotoluene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.076
НМХ	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.028
Nitrobenzene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.048
Nitroglycerin	ND	0.48	mg/kg	0.12
PETN	ND	0.48	mg/kg	0.15
RDX	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.038
Tetryl	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.048
	PERCENT	RECOVERY		
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS	<u>.</u>	
3,4-Dinitrotoluene	90	(78 - 10	8)	

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Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

#### HPLC

Lot-Sample #:	G1F030473-004	Work Order #:	MJ07R1A8	Matrix	SOLID
Date Sampled:	05/26/11	Date Received:	06/03/11		
Prep Date	06/08/11	Analysis Date:	06/13/11		
Prep Batch #:	1159146				
Dilution Factor:	1				
% Moisture:	5.1	Method:	SW846 8330	(Modif	
			REPORTING		
PARAMETER		RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
Nitroguanidine		ND	0.25	mg/kg	0.020

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-S0

#### General Chemistry

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-004	Work Order #: MJ07R	Matrix: SOLID
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received: 06/03/11	
<b>% Moisture:</b> 5.1		

PARAMETER	RESULT	<u>RL</u>	UNITS	METHOD	PREPARATION- ANALYSIS DATE	PREP BATCH #
Cyanide, Total	0.19 B Di	0.53 lution Fact	mg/kg =or: 1	SW846 9012A MDL	06/08-06/09/11	1160026
Nitrocellulose	ND D	5.0 lution Fact	mg/kg :or: 1	TAL-SOP WS-WC-005 HDL 0.78	06/15-06/16/11	1166054
Percent Moisture	5.1 Di	0.10 lution Fact	¥ :or: ]	ASTM D 2216-90 MDL 0.10	06/15-06/16/11	1166183

#### NOTE (S) :

RL Reporting Limit

Results and reporting limits have been adjusted for dry weight.

B Estimated result. Result is less than RL.

## Analytical Data

Client: TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc.

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Job Number: 280-16702-1 Sdg Number: G1F030473

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Client Sample ID:	PCTSS-002M-0001-SO					
Lab Sample ID:	280-16702-3				· · ·	Date Sampled: 05/26/2011 1120
Client Matrix:	Solid				İ	Date Received: 06/08/2011 0930
	- <u> </u>	6860 Perchlorate	by IC/MS or I	C/MS/MS		an managan ang kang ang kang kang kang kang
Analysis Method:	6860	Analysis Batch:	280-72023		Instrument ID:	LC_LCMS1
Prep Method:	6860	Prep Batch:	280-71229		Lab File ID:	IC11F15026.d
Dilution:	1.0				Initial Weight/Volun	ne: 10.02 g
Analysis Date:	06/15/2011 1954				Final Weight/Volum	ne: 100 mL
Prep Date:	06/09/2011 1658				Injection Volume:	250 uL
Analyte	DryWt Corrected: N	l Result (u	g/Kg)	Qualifie	r MDL	RL
Perchlorate		ND	, / / / <sup>-</sup>		0.040	0.50

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Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-S0

#### TOTAL Metals

Lot-Sample #...: G1F030473-004 Date Sampled...: 05/26/11 Date Received..: 06/03/11 % Moisture....: 5.1 Matrix....: SQLID

PARAMETER	RESULT	REPORTING LIMIT UNITS	METHOD	PREPARATION~ WORK ANALYSIS DATE ORDER #
Prep Batch # Silver	.: 1161109 ND	0.53 mg/kg Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B MDL 0.095	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AC
Aluminum	10600	22.1 mg/kg Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AD
Arsenic	8.4	2.2 mg/kg Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AE
Barium	81.7	2.1 mg/kg Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AF
Beryllium	0.45	0.32 mg/kg Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AG
Calcium	954	105 mg/kg Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AH
Cadmium	0.13 B	0.32 mg/kg . Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AJ
Cobalt	7.7	<b>0.63 mg/kg</b> Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AK
Chromium	14.5	1.3 mg/kg Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B MDL 0.15	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AL
Copper	12.1	2.6 mg/kg Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B MDL 0.23	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AM
Iron	17600	10.5 mg/kg Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AN
Potassium	654	105 mg/kg Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B MDL 10.5	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AP
Magnesium	1770	52.7 mg/kg Dilution Factor; 1	SW846 6010B MDL 4.7	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AQ
Manganese	833	1.3 mg/kg Dilution Factor: 1	SW846 6010B MDL 0.26	06/10-06/14/11 MJ07R1AR

(Continued on next page)

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

#### TOTAL Metals

#### Inot-Sample #...: G1F030473-004

Matrix....: SOLID

		REPORTIN	G		PREPARATION-	WORK
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	METHOD	ANALYSIS DATE	ORDER #
Sodium	35.6 B	527	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AT
		Dilution Fac	tor: 1	MDL: 11.6		
Nickel	18.5	1.1	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AU
		Dilution Fac	tor; 1	MDL; 0.25		
Lead	34.1	2.1	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AV
		Dilution Fac	tor: 1	MDL 0.27		
Antimony	ND	1.6	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AW
		Dilution Fac	tor: 1	MDL 0.99		
Selenium	ND	2.1	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AX
		Dilution Fac	tor: 1	NDL 1.5		
Thallium	ND	2.1	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1A0
		Dilution Fac	tor: 1	MDL 0.89		
Vanadium	24.4	1.1	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1A1
		Dilution Fac	tor: 1	MDL 0.20		
Zinc	62.4	3.2	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1A2
		Dilution Fact	tor: 1	MDL: 0.20		
Prep Batch #.	• 1165205					
-	0.049	0.040	mq/kq	SW846 7471A	06/14/11	MJ07R1CC
neroury	0.032	Dilution Fact	<i>.</i>	MDL 0.0086		HAA HUTOO

NOTE(S):

Results and reporting limits have been adjusted for dry weight.

B Estimated result. Result is less than RL

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

#### GC/MS Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-004	Work Order #: MJ07R1A4	Matrix: SOLID
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received: 06/03/11	
Prep Date: 06/09/11	Analysis Date: 06/20/11	
Prep Batch #: 1160142		
Dilution Factor: 0.99		
<pre>% Moisture: 5.1</pre>	Method SW846 8270C	

		REPORTIN	IG	
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
Acenaphthene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.082
Acenaphthylene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.084
Anthracene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0,085
Benzo (a) anthracene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.091
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.094
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.11
Benzo(ghi)perylene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.11
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.093
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)	ND	0,99	mg/kg	0,087
methane				
bis(2-Chloroethyl)-	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.080
ether			• -	
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)	ND	5.0	mg/kg	0.097
phthalate				
4-Bromophenyl phenyl	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.084
ether				
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.094
Carbazole	ND	0,99	mg/kg	0.094
4-Chloroaniline	ND	3.3	mg/kg	0,057
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	0,99	mg/kg	0.091
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.080
2-Chlorophenol	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.087
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.092
ether				
Chrysene	ND	0,99	mg/kg	0.083
Dibenzo (a, h) anthracene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.10
Dibenzofuran	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0,085
Di-n-butyl phthalate	ND	5.0	mg/kg	0.096
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	3.3	mg/kg	0.074
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	3.3	mg/kg	0.077
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	3.3	mg/kg	0.076
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND	5.0	mg/kg	0,093
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	3.3	mg/kg	0.088
Diethyl phthalate	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.089
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.17
Dimethyl phthalate	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.086
4,6-Dinitro-	0.14 J	2.0	mg/kg	0.080
2-methylphenol		•		

(Continued on next page)

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

#### GC/MS Semivolatiles .

Lot-Sample #...: G1F030473-004 Work Order #...: MJ07R1A4

Matrix..... SOLID

		REFORTING			
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND ND	16	mg/kg	0.21	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.088	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	3,3	mg/kg	0.098	
Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND	0,99	mg/kg	0.096	
Fluoranthene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.094	
Fluorene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.091	
Hexachlorobenzene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.088	
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	5.0	mg/kg	0.081	
Hexachlorocyclopenta- diene	ND	16	mg/kg	0.061	
Hexachloroethane	ND	3.3	mg/kg	0.080	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.095	
Isophorone	ND	5,0	mg/kg	0.092	
2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	2.0	mg/kg	0.084	
2-Methylphenol	ND	2.0	mg/kg	0.057	
4-Methylphenol	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.15	
Naphthalene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.081	
2-Nitroaniline	ND	16	mg/kg	0.083	
3-Nitroaniline	ND	16	mg/kg	0.17	
4-Nitroaniline	ND	16	mg/kg	0.087	
Nitrobenzene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.075	
2-Nitrophenol	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.081	
4-Nitrophenol	ND	16	mg/kg	0.28	
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	3.3	mg/kg	0.085	
N-Nitrosodi-n-propyl- amine	NÐ	0.99	mg/kg	0.083	
2,2'-oxybis	ND	2.0	mg/kg	0.078	
(l-Chloropropane) Pentachlorophenol	ND	16	mg/kg	0.050	
Phenanthrene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.093	
	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.082	
Phenol	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.093	
Pyrene	ND	2.0	mg/kg	0.082	
1,2,4-Trichloro- benzene	ND				
2,4,5-Trichloro-	ND	2.0	mg/kg	0.082	
phenol					
2,4,6-Trichloro- phenol	NÐ	0.99	mg/kg	0.083	

(Continued on next page)

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

#### GC/MS Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample #...: G1F030473-004 Work Order #...: MJ07R1A4 Matrix..... SOLID

SURROGATE	PERCENT RECOVERY	RECOVERY
2-Fluorobiphenyl	72	(65 - 135)
2-Fluorophenol	68	(65 - 135)
Nitrobenzene-d5	62 *	(65 - 135)
Phenol-d5	74	(65 - 135)
Terphenyl-d14	81	(65 - 135)
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	77	(65 - 135)

#### NOTE (S) :

\* Surrogate recovery is outside stated control limits.

J Estimated result. Result is less than RL.

Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

#### GC Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-004	Work Order #: MJ07R1CA	Matrix: SOLID
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received: 06/03/11	
Prep Date: 06/09/11	Analysis Date: 06/22/11	
Prep Batch <b>#:</b> 1160137		
Dilution Factor: 0.99		·

Method..... SW846 8081A

		REPORTIN	IG	
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
alpha-BHC	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0,22
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.17
Heptachlor	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.19
Aldrin	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.21
beta-BHC	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.33
delta-BHC	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.16
Heptachlor epoxide	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0,12
Endosulfan I	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.051
gamma-Chlordane	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.052
alpha-Chlordane	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.20
4,4'-DDE	0.73 J,PG	3.4	ug/kg	0.22
Dieldrin	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0.090
Endrin	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0.11
4,4'-DDD	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0.26
Endosulfan II	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0.099
4,4'-DDT	ND	3,4	ug/kg	0.40
Endrin aldehyde	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0,11
Methoxychlor	ND	17	ug/kg	1.3
Endosulfan sulfate	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0.091
Endrin ketone	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0.34
Toxaphene	ND	66	ug/kg	20
	PERCENT	RECOVERY		
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS		
Decachlorobiphenyl	85	(50 - 15	0)	
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	85	(50 - 15	0)	

#### NOTE (S) :

J Estimated result. Result is less than RL.

% Moisture....: 5.1

PG. The percent difference between the original and confirmation analyses is greater than 40%

Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

## GC Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample #: GI	1F030473-004	Work Order #:	MJ07R1A5	Matrix:	SOLID
Date Sampled: 05	5/26/11	Date Received:	06/03/11		
Prep Date: 06	6/09/11	Analysis Date:	06/15/11		
Prep Batch #: 1]	160.138	,			
Dilution Factor: 0.	.99	3			
<pre>% Moisture: 5.</pre>	.1	Method	SW846 8082		

		REPORTING		
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
Aroclor 1016	ND	33	ug/kg	8.2
Aroclor 1221	ND	66	ug/kg	11
Aroclor 1232	ND	33	ug/kg	8.2
Aroclor 1242	ND	33	ug/kg	8,2
Aroclor 1248	ND	33	ug/kg	8.2
Aroclor 1254	ND	33	ug/kg	8.2
Aroclor 1260	ND	33	ug/kg	8.2
	PERCENT	RECOVERY		
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS	_	
Decachlorobiphenyl	95	(65 - 135	)	
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	88	(65 - 135	)	

Client Sample ID: PCTss-002D-0001-SO

## GC/MS Volatiles

Lot-Sample #:	G1F030473-003	Work Order #:	MJ07L1AC	Matrix SOLID
Date Sampled:	05/26/11	Date Received:	06/03/11	
Prep Date:	06/07/11	Analysis Date:	06/07/11	
Prep Batch #:	1159051			
Dilution Factor:	1 .			
<pre>% Moisture:</pre>	24	Method:	SW846 8260B	

		REPORTIN		
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
Methylene chloride	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.84
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	10	ug/kg	0.92
Styrene	ND	5.0	∙ ug/kg	0.31
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.68
Tetrachloroethene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.61
Toluene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.61
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.36
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.44
Trichloroethene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.60
Vinyl chloride	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.36
Xylenes (total)	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.81
Acetone	5.3 J,B	10	ug/kg	1.4
Benzene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.26
Bromodichloromethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.53
Bromoform	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.40
Bromomethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.86
2-Butanone (MEK)	ND	10	ug/kg	1.4
Carbon disulfide	ND	5,0	ug/kg	0.49
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.53
Chlorobenzene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0,29
Dibromochloromethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.21
Chloroethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.45
Chloroform	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.26
Chloromethane	ND	10	ug/kg	0.50
l,1-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.29
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.73
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.26
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.64
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.60
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.64
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.75
Sthylbenzene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.34
2-Hexanone	ND	10	ug/kg	0.74
	PERCENT	RECOVERY		
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS	<u></u>	
I-Bromofluorobenzene	92	(65 - 13		
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	98	(65 - 13		
Foluene-d8	104	(65 - 13	5)	

(Continued on next page)

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002D-0001-SO

#### GC/MS Volatiles

Lot-Sample #...: G1F030473-003 Work Order #...: MJ07L1AC

Matrix....: SOLID

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#### NOTE (S) :

J Estimated result Result is less than RL.

B Method blank contamination. The associated method blank contains the target analyte at a reportable level.

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-ER

#### HPLC

Lot-Sample #:	G1F030473-005	Work Order #:	MJ0701AC	Matrix: WATER
Date Sampled:	05/26/11	Date Received:	06/03/11	
Prep Date	06/06/11	Analysis Date:	06/09/11	
Prep Batch #:	1157073			
Dilution Factor:	1.04	Method:	SW846 8330	

		REPORTIN	IG		
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL	
Nitroglycerin	ND ND	0.68	ug/L	0.34	
PETN	ND	0.68	ug/L	0.31	
2-Amino-4,6-	- ND	0.10	ug/L	0.10	
dinitrotoluene					
4-Amino-2,6-	ND	0.10	ug/L	0.052	
dinitrotoluene					
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	ND	0.10	ug/L	0.052	
2.4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	0.10	ug/L	0.052	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	0.10	ug/L	0.052	
HMX	ND	0.10	ug/L	0.037	
Nitrobenzene	ND	0.10	ug/L	0.052	
2-Nitrotoluene	ND	0.52	ug/L	0.092	
3-Nitrotoluene	ND	0.52	ug/L	0.059	
4-Nitrotoluene	ND	0.52	ug/L	0.092	
RDX	ND	0.10	ug/L	0.037	
Tetryl	ND	0.10	ug/L	0.052	
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND	0.10	ug/L	0.031	
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	ND	0.10	ug/L	0.052	
	PERCENT	RECOVERY			
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS			
3,4-Dinitrotoluene	82	(79 - 11	1)		

## Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-ER

#### Dissolved HPLC

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-005	Work Order #:	MJ0701AE	Matrix	: WATER
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received	06/03/11		
Prep Date: 06/09/11	Analysis Date:	06/13/11		
Prep Batch #: 1160065				
Dilution Factor: 1	Method	SW846 8330	) (Modif	
		REPORTING		
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
Nitroguanidine	ND	20	ug/L	2.4

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-ER

#### General Chemistry

Lot-Sample #...: G1F030473-005 Work Order #...: MJ070 Date Sampled...: 05/26/11

Date Received..: 06/03/11

Matrix..... WATER

PARAMETER	RESULT	RL	UNITS	METHOD	PREPARATION- ANALYSIS DATE	PREP BATCH #
Cyanide, Total	۱۱ تو ۱۱	0.010 ution Facto	mg/L sr: 1	SW846 9012A MdL	06/08-06/09/11	1160025
Nitrocellulose	ND	2.0 Stion Facto	mg/L or: 1	TAL-SOP WS-WC-005	06/09-06/10/11	1160040

## **Analytical Data**

#### Client: TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc.

Client Sample ID: PCTSS-002M-0001-ER 280-16702-4 Lab Sample ID: 0

Job Number: 280-16702-1 Sdg Number: G1F030473

Lab Sample ID: Client Matrix:	280-16702-4 Water					Sampled: 05/26/2011 0840 Received: 06/08/2011 0930
	n an fan de f	6860 Perchlorate	by IC/MS or I	C/MS/MS		
Analysis Method:	6860	Analysis Batch:	280-72016	ŀ	instrument ID:	LC_LCMS1
-	N/A	Prep Batch:	N/A	1	Lab File ID:	IC11F15017.d
Dilution:	1.0			1	nitial Weight/Volume:	5 mL
Analysis Date:	06/15/2011 1538			F	Final Weight/Volume:	1.0 mL
Prep Date:	N/A			e je k	njection Volume:	250 ul.
Analyte		Result (u	g/L)	Qualifier	MDL.	RL
Perchlorate	3.5 2.5 bits 0.5 distribute special straight straight second straight	ND			0.0088	0.050

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-ER

#### TOTAL Metals

Lot-Sample #...: G1F030473-005 Date Sampled...: 05/26/11

Date Received..: 06/03/11

Matrix....: WATER

PARAMETER	RESULT	REPORTING	ITS METHOD	PREPARATION- ANALYSIS DATE	WORK ORDER #
Prep Batch <b>#.</b> Calcium	: 1160035 52.1 B	500 ug Dilution Factor:	7/L SW846 6010B 1 MDL 50.0	06/09/11	MJ0701D1
Silver	ND	5.0 ug Dilution Factor:		06/09/11	МЈ0701АН
Aluminum	ND	200 ug Dilution Factor:	·	06/09/11	MJ0701AJ
Arsenic	ND	21.0 ug Dilution Factor:		06/09/11	MJ0701AK
Barium	ND	21.0 ug Dilution Factor: 1		06/09/11	MJ0701AL
Beryllium	ND	3.0 ug Dilution Factor: 3		06/09/11	MJ0701AM
Cadmium	ND	1000 ug Dilution Factor: 3	•	06/09/11	MJ0701AN
Cobalt	ND	6.0 ug Dilution Factor: 3		06/09/11	MJ0701AP
Chromium	ND	12.0 ug Dilution Factor: 1		06/09/11	MJ0701AQ
Copper	ND	20.0 ug Dilution Factor: 2		06/09/11	MJ0701AR
Iron	ND	100 ug Dilution Factor: 1		06/09/11	MJ0701AT
Potassium	ND	1000 ug Dilution Factor: 1		06/09/11	MJ0701AU
Magnesium	ND	500 ug Dilution Factor: 1		06/09/11	MJ0701AV
Manganese	ND	12.0 ug Dilution Factor: 1		06/09/11	MJ0701AW

(Continued on next page)

## Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-ER

#### TOTAL Metals

## Lot-Sample #...: G1F030473-005

Matrix..... WATER

PARAMETER RES Sodium ND Nickel ND	Di	LIMIT 1000 lution Facto	UNITS ug/L or: 1	<u>METHOD</u> SW846_6010B	ANALYSIS DATE 06/09/11	ORDER # MJ0701AX
	Di		2.	SW846 6010B		
Nickel ND		IULION FACLO	1 : 1	MDL 250	00,00/11	MJU/UIAX
Nickel ND				MDL 250		
		50.0	ug/L	SW846 6010B	06/09/11	MJ0701A0
	Di	lution Facto	or: 1	MDL 2.4		
Lead ND		10.0	ug/L	SW846 6010B	06/09/11	MJ0701A1
	Di	lution Facto	r: 1	MDL		
Antimony ND		60.0	ug/L	SW846 6010B	06/09/11	MJ0701A2
-	Di	lution Facto	r: 1	MDL 9.8		
Selenium 20.	.6 B	25.0	ug/L	SW846 6010B	06/09/11	MJ0701A3
		lution Facto		MDL: 13.0		
Thallium ND		15.0	ug/L	SW846 6010B	06/09/11	MJ0701A4
	Di	lution Facto	r: 1	MDL 9.0		
Vanadium ND		5.0	uq/L	SW846 6010B	06/09/11	MJ0701A5
		lution Facto	2	MDL 1.9		
Zinc ND		20.0	uq/L	SW846 6010B	06/09/11	MJ0701A6
	Di	lution Facto	r: 1	MDL 3.0		
Prep Batch #: 11	167094					
Mercury ND		0.00020	mg/L	SW846 7470A	06/15-06/16/11	MJ0701A7
-		lution Facto	5.	MDL 0.0001		
NOTE (S):						

B Estimated result. Result is less than RL.

## Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-ER

#### GC/MS Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-005	Work Order #: MJ0701AF	Matrix WATER
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received: 06/03/11	
Prep Date: 06/07/11	Analysis Date: 06/20/11	
Prep Batch #: 1158062		
Dilution Factor: 0.95	Method SW846 8270C	

		REPORTIN		
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS .	MDL
Acenaphthene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.0
Acenaphthylene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.0
Anthracene	ND	9.5	ug/L	0,95
Benzo (a) anthracene	ND	9.5	ug/L	0.95
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.1
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND	9.5	ug/L	0.91
Benzo(ghi)perylene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.3
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND	9.5	ug/L	0.65
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)	ND	9.5	ug/L	0,95
methane				
bis(2-Chloroethyl)-	ND	19	ug/L	1.4
ether				
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)	1.1 J	24	ug/L	0.95
phthalate				
4-Bromophenyl phenyl	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.0
ether				
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.3
4-Chloroaniline	ND	9.5	ug/L	1,9
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.9
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.2
2-Chlorophenol	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.5
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.0
ether				
Chrysene	ND	9.5	ug/L	0,58
Dibenzofuran	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.0
Di-n-butyl phthalate	ND	24	ug/L	1.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.4
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1,4
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.3
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND	48	ug/L	0.91
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	9.5	ug/L	2.5
Diethyl phthalate	ND	9.5	ug/L	0.88
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	9.5	ug/L	2.1
Dimethyl phthalate	ND	9.5	ug/L	0.84
Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.4
4,6-Dinitro-	ND	48	ug/L	2.1
2-methylphenol				
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	48	ug/L	19
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.9

(Continued on next page)

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss~002M-0001-ER

## GC/MS Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample #...: G1F030473-005 Work Order #...: MJ0701AF Matrix......... WATER

		REPORTIN	IG		
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.9	
Fluoranthene	ND	9.5	ug/L	0.62	
Fluorene	ND	9.5	ug/L	0.88	
Hexachlorobenzene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.3	
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	24	ug/L	1.2	
Hexachlorocyclopenta- díene	ND	48	ug/L	4.8	
Hexachloroethane	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.3	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND	9.5	ug/L	3,2	
Isophorone	ND	24	ug/L	0.95	
2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.4	
2-Methylphenol	ND	9.5	ug/L	0.88	
4-Methylphenol	ND	9.5	ug/L	3.3	
Naphthalene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.2	
2-Nitroaniline	ND	48	ug/L	1,9	
3-Nitroaniline	ND	48	ug/L	1.3	
4-Nitroaniline	ND	48	ug/L	1.4	
Nitrobenzene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.5	
2-Nitrophenol	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.8	
4-Nitrophenol	ND	48	ug/L	5.8	
N-Nitrosodi-n-propyl- amine	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.3	
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	9.5	ug/L	0,51	
Pentachlorophenol	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.9	
Phenanthrene	ND	48	ug/L	0,95	
Phenol	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.0	
Pyrene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.3	
1,2,4-Trichloro- benzene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.3	
2,4,5-Trichloro- phenol	ND	48	ug/L	1.9	
2,4,6-Trichloro- phenol	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.9	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND	9.5	ug/L	1,9	
Carbazole	ND	9.5	ug/L	1.1	
2,2'-oxybis (1-Chloropropane)	ND	19	ug/L	1,2	

	PERCENT	RECOVERY
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS
2-Fluorobiphenyl	70	(50 - 150)
2-Fluorophenol	48 *	(50 - 150)
Nitrobenzene-d5	78	(50 - 150)
Phenol-d5	30 *	(50 - 150)
Terphenyl-d14	98	(50 - 150)
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	80	(50 - 150)

(Continued on next page)

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-ER

#### GC/MS Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample #...: G1F030473-005 Work Order #...: MJ0701AF

Matrix....: WATER

NOTE (S):

\* Surrogate recovery is outside stated control limits.

J Estimated result. Result is less than RL.

Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-ER

#### GC Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample <b>#:</b>	G1F030473-005	Work Order #:	MJ0701A8 .	Matrix: WATER
Date Sampled:	05/26/11	Date Received:	06/03/11	
Prep Date:	06/07/11	Analysis Date	06/22/11	
Prep Batch #:	1158058			
Dilution Factor:	0.97	Method:	SW846 8081A	

		REPORTIN	G	
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
alpha-BHC	ND	0.048	ug/L	0.0057
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	ND	0.048	ug/L	0,0048
Heptachlor	ND	0.048	ug/L	0.0055
Aldrin	ND	0.048	ug/L	0.0048
beta-BHC	ND	0.048	ug/L	0.0046
delta-BHC	ND	0.048	ug/L	0.0028
Heptachlor epoxide	ND	0.048	ug/L	0,0020
Endosulfan I	ND	0.048	ug/L	0.0042
gamma-Chlordane	ND	0.048	ug/L	0,0027
alpha-Chlordane	ND	0.048	ug/L	0.0026
4,4'-DDE	ND	0.097	ug/L	0.0059
Dieldrin	ND	0.097	ug/L	0.0049
Endrin	ND	0.097	ug/L	0,0052
4,4'-DDD	ND	0.097	ug/L	0.0039
Endosulfan II	ND	0.097	ug/L	0.0030
4,4'-DDT	ND	0.097	ug/L	0.0049
Endrin aldehyde	ND	0.097	ug/L	0.0041
Methoxychlor	ND	1.9	ug/L	0.026
Endosulfan sulfate	ND	0.097	ug/L	0.0041
Endrin ketone	ND	0.097	ug/L	0.0031
Toxaphene	ND	1,9	ug/L	0.49
	PERCENT	RECOVERY		
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS		
Decachlorobiphenyl	66	(50 - 15)	0)	
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	77	(50 - 15)	0)	

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-ER

#### GC Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-005	Work Order #: MJ0701AG	Matrix: WATER
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received: 06/03/11	
Prep Date: 06/07/11	Analysis Date: 06/12/11	
Prep Batch #: 1158061		
Dilution Factor: 0,97	Method SW846 8082	

		REPORTING		
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
Aroclor 1016	ND	0.97	ug/L	0.26
Aroclor 1221	ND	1.9	ug/L	0.34
Aroclor 1232	ND	0,97	ug/L	0.13
Aroclor 1242	ND	0.97	ug/L	0.19
Aroclor 1248	ND	0.97	ug/L	0.11
Aroclor 1254	ND	0.97	ug/L	0.31
Aroclor 1260	ND	0.97	ug/L	0.24
	PERCENT	RECOVERY		
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS	-	
Decachlorobiphenyl	66	(65 - 135)	•	
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	87	(65 - 135)		

Client Sample ID: PCTss-003M-0001-SO

#### HPLC

Lot-Sample #; G1F030473-0	006 Work Order #;	MJ0711AF	Mat	rix SOLID
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received:	06/03/11		
Prep Date: 06/08/11	Analysis Date:	06/13/11		
Prep Batch #: 1159133				
Dilution Factor: 0.99				
<pre>% Moisture:</pre>	Method	SW846 8330		
		REPORTING		
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
Nitroglycerin	ND	0.50	mg/kg	0.13
	PERCENT	RECOVERY		
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS		
3,4-Dinitrotoluene	92	(78 - 108)		

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-003M-0001-SO

#### HPLC

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-006	Work Order #:	MJ0711AE	Matrix	SOLID
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received:	06/03/11		
Prep Date: 06/08/11	Analysis Date:	06/13/11		
Prep Batch #: 1159146			-	
Dilution Factor: 1.02				
<pre>% Moisture:</pre>	Method:	SW846 8330	(Modif	r.
		REPORTING		
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
Nitroguanidine	0.17 J	0.26	mg/kg	0.020

#### NOTE (S) :

J Estimated result. Result is less than RL.

## Client Sample ID: PCTss-003M-0001-SO

#### General Chemistry

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473~006	Work Order #: MJ071	Matrix: SOLID
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received: 06/03/11	
<pre>% Moisture;</pre>		

PARAMETER	RESULT	RL	UNITS	METHOD		PREPARATION- ANALYSIS DATE	PREP BATCH ₩
Nitrocellulose	ND Dilu	5.0 tion Facto	mg/kg r: 1 I		WS-WC-005	06/15-06/16/11	1166054

## Analytical Data

### Client: TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc.

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Job Number: 280-16702-1 Sdg Number: G1F030473

Client Sample ID:	PCTSS-003M-0001-SO					
Lab Sample ID:	280-16702-5					Date Sampled: 05/26/2011 1305
Client Matrix:	Solid		2012/07:05:05:05:05:05:05:05:05:05:05:05:05:05:	National and a state of the state of the state	Promps performance and the second	Date Received: 06/08/2011 0930
		6860 Perchlorate	by IC/MS or I	CIMS/MS		
Analysis Method:	6860	Analysis Batch:	280-72023		Instrument ID:	LC_LCMS1
Prep Method:	6860	Prep Batch:	280-71229		Lab File ID:	IC11F15029.d
Dilution:	1.0				Initial Weight/Volu	ne: 10.70 g
Analysis Date:	06/15/2011 2119				Final Weight/Volun	ne: 100 mL
Prep Date:	06/09/2011 1658				Injection Volume:	250 uL
Analyte	DryWt Corrected: N	Result (u	j/Kg)	Qualifie	r MDL	RL
Perchlorate		0.093		J	0.037	0.47

Client Sample ID: TRIP BLANK

#### GC/MS Volatiles

Lot-Sample #: 0	G1F030473-007	Work Order #:	MJ0731AA	Matr
Date Sampled: 0	05/26/11	Date Received:	06/03/11	
Prep Date: (	06/08/11	Analysis Date:	06/08/11	
Prep Batch #: 1	1160070			

Dilution Factor: 1

Matrix..... WATER

#### Method..... SW846 8260B

		REPORTIN	IG	
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
Toluene	ND	1.0	ug/L	0,25
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.19
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.31
Trichloroethene	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.13
Vinyl chloride	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.22
Xylenes (total)	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.18
Acetone	ND	10	ug/L	2,1
Benzene	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.13
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.14
Bromoform	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.10
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.29
2-Butanone (MEK)	ND	10	ug/L	0,35
Carbon disulfide	ND	2.0	ug/L	0.16
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.15
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.12
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.13
Chloroethane	ND	2.0	ug/L	0.34
Chloroform	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.12
Chloromethane	ND	2.0	ug/L	0,25
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	3.0	ug/L	0.10
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.22
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.14
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.20
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.15
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	ug/L	0,22
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.080
Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.10
2-Hexanone	ND	10	ug/L	0.17
Methylene chloride	ND	2.0	ug/L	0.35
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	10	ug/L	0.18
Styrene	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.15
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.090
Tetrachloroethene	ND	1.0	ug/L	0.10
SURROGATE	PERCENT RECOVERY	RECOVERY LIMITS		
4-Bromofluorobenzene	95	(65 - 13	5)	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	98	(65 - 13		
Toluene-d8	107	(65 - 13		

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Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services

## Appendix F

Water Removal Approval

You forward	arded this message on 5/18/2010 7:48 AM.	
Brian Stoc	:kwell	
From:	Elleen Mohr [elleen.mohr@epa.state.oh.us]	Sent: Thu 4/15/2010 3:40 PM
То:	Brian Stockwell	·
Cc:	Eileen Mohr; Todd Fisher; mark.c.patterson@us.army.m Glen.Beckham@usace.army.mil; Nathaniel.Peters.II@usa	
Subject:	DB-802/Load Line 2	
Attachment	ts:	

Brian

I have reviewed the data obtained from the URS sampling at the above area and the write-up prepared by USACE/URS. I also compared the sediment data that was obtained with the clean-up numbers presented in the approved Load Lines 1-4 ROD. In addition, I looked at the chromium data with respect to the 1:6 ratio that we have been using. With respect to arsenic in the surface water I looked at it from the perspective of the arsenic levels that at times are observed in the installation wells and local residential wells; coupled with the fact that the surface water samples were probably not filtered in the field. The addition of acid as a presevative to a turbid sample could have increased metals concentrations.

All of that being said, approval is granted to discharge the surface water to the ground surface in the vicinity of DB-802 subject to the discharge conditions that have been established for RVAAP. As we discussed in the field today, I do not have an obection to a "sock fillter" device over the end of the hose to ensure that solid particulates are not discharged. This device was used by another contractor on a different project at RVAAP.

Previously approvals have been granted with respect to the areas at Load Lines 2 and 3 that can be re-graded and the materials that can be used. All that is left is for the final selection of the water discharge location. As we discussed in the field, the area to the west of DB-802 may work out fine. Let me know when you want me to have a look at the area that is ultimately selected by PIKA.

That's it. Looks like you are good to go.

Thanks and have a good weekend.

Eileen

Eileen T. Mohr Project Manager Division of Emergency and Remedial Response 2110 East Aurora Road Twinsburg, OH 44087 330-963-1221 330-487-0769 (FAX) email: Eileen.Mohr@epa.state.oh.us

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency This communication and any response to it may constitute a public record and thus may be publicly available to anyone who requests it.



Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services

## Appendix G

**Data Validation** 

# Data Validation Report For PIKA International, Inc.

Date: 9/16/11 Project: CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops Project #: 10-08-130 Laboratory: Test America (Various)

Prepared By:

Signed: Elala my

William W. Purves

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# 1.0 Introduction

This Data Validation Report (DVR) details the assessment and validation for samples collected by PIKA International and analytical data generated during field activities at the Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant, Ravenna Ohio, PIKA Project # 10-08-130. The laboratories subcontracted for the chemical analysis of the soil and water samples were Test America Sacramento, CA, North Canton, OH and Denver CO. The laboratories are United States Corps of engineers (USACE) approved to perform hazardous waste analysis.

This report is the accumulation of all of the laboratory reports/project numbers into one document. The samples evaluated in this report were sampled on May 26, 2011. The samples were taken by PIKA International personnel and picked up by Test America North Canton personnel on May 26, 2011. The samples were then distributed to Sacramento and Denver laboratories for analysis by North Canton. The Test America facilities that performed the tests are ELAP accredited facilities. The data validation is for methods listed below. Percent Solids was evaluated for completeness only. Analytical results of the samples are provided in tabular format in Appendix A that includes all qualifiers used and changed by the data validator. Appendix B contains all of the check lists that were used in the validation effort. The analysis performed included the following:

Volatile Organic Compounds via USEPA Method 8260B Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds via USEPA Method 8270C Pesticides via USEPA Method 8081A Poly Chlorinated Biphenols via USEPA Method 8082 Explosives via USEPA Method 8330 Nitroglycerine via USEPA Method 8330 Nitroguanidine (propellant) via USEPA Method 8330 Modified Perchlorate via USEPA Method 6860 Metals excluding Mercury via USEPA Methods 6010B and 6010B (trace) Mercury by USEPA Methods 7470A (water) and 7471A (soil) Nitrocellulose (propellant) via USEPA Methods 353.2 Cyanide via USEPA Method 9012A Percent Solids via USEPA Method 160.3

Data validation of all sample results was performed by Purves Environmental. A review of 100% of the data was conducted. Ten percent (10%) of all QA/QC, 10% of the compounds in any particular list were evaluated and 10% of the sample data was reconstructed to verify data quality. The soils were checked separately from the equipment rinse.

Data Validation Specialists

Laboratory	Project #	Sample Field	Lab IDs	Analysis
		IDs		
Sacramento, Ca	G1F030473	PCTss-001M-0001-SO	MJ07E	Nitroglycerine Method 8330, Nitroquanidine Method 8330 Modified
Sacramento, Ca	G1F030473	PCTss-001M-0001- DUP	MJO7K	Nitroglycerine Method 8330, Nitroquanidine Method 8330 Modified
Sacramento, Ca	G1F030473	PCTss-002D-0001-SO	MJ07L	VOC Method 8260
Sacramento, Ca	G1F030473	PCTss-002M-0001-SO	MJ07R	Nitroglycerine Method 8330, Nitroquanidine Method 8330 Modified, Method 8270 SVOC, Method 8330 Explosives, Method 8081A Pesticides, Method 8082 PCBs, Method 6010B TAL Metals, Method 7471A Mercury
Sacramento, Ca	G1F030473	PCTss-002M-0001-ER	MJ070	Nitroglycerine Method 8330, Nitroquanidine Method 8330 Modified, Method 8270 SVOC, Method 8330 Explosives, Method 8081A Pesticides, Method 8082 PCBs, Method 6010B TAL Metals, Method 7470A Mercury
Sacramento, Ca	G1F030473	PCTss-003M-0001-SO	MJ071	Nitroglycerine Method 8330, Nitroquanidine Method 8330 Modified Nitrocellulose 353.2
Sacramento, Ca	G1F030473	Trip Blank	MJ073	VOC Method 8260
Denver, Co	G1F030473	PCTss-001M-0001-SO	280-16702-1	Method 6860 Perchlorate
Denver	G1F030473	PCTss-001M-0001- DUP	280-16702-2FD	Method 6860 Perchlorate
Denver	G1F030473	PCTss-003M-0001-SO	280-16702-5	Method 6860 Perchlorate
Denver	G1F030473	PCTss-002M-0001-SO	280-16702-3	Method 6860 Perchlorate
Denver	G1F030473	PCTss-002M-0001-ER	280-16702-4	Method 6860 Perchlorate
North Canton, Oh	G1F030473	PCTss-001M-0001-SO	G1F030473-001 Work Order MJ07E	Nitrocellulose 353.2
North Canton, Oh	G1F030473	PCTss-001M-0001- DUP	G1F030473-002 Work Order MJ07K	Nitrocellulose 353.2
North Canton, Oh	G1F030473	PCTss-003M-0001-SO	G1F030473-006 Work Order MJ07K	Nitrocellulose 353.2
North Canton, Oh	G1F030473	PCTss-002M-0001-SO	G1F030473-004 Work Order MJ07R	Nitrocellulose 353.2 Method 9012A Cyanide Method 160.3 % Solids
North Canton, Oh	G1F030473	PCTss-002M-0001-ER	G1F030473-005 Work Order MJ070	Nitrocellulose 353.2 Method 9012A Cyanide

# 1.1 Sample Data Selection Criteria

All of the QA/QC data was reviewed for the samples in all project numbers based upon the following criteria.

Flagging Criteria: All samples that had R, J, E, and B flags were checked.

All Samples were 100% verified. As the QA/QC data was reviewed, all samples that were affected by any QA/QC outlier was isolated and further reviewed. Ten Percent (10%) of the samples were then fully reviewed including 10% of the data was recalculated and checked.

The data was validated in accordance with the analytical methods and the documents entitled:

- The DoD Quality System Manual (QSM) is the primary reference for QC acceptance criteria. Where not addressed by the DoD QSM the other guidelines will be used.
- USEPA Test Methods for evaluating Solid Waste SW-846
- National Functional Guidelines for Data Validation
- The US Army Corp Louisville Chemistry Guideline, Version 5.0

All data is computer generated and has been consistent. The data package used by Test America is an industry standard and re-calculation consistently demonstrates that there were no issues with the data in terms of accuracy of the calculations. Calculations that may be generated by hand were checked. However, the computer data generation systems used by Test America are 100% accurate based upon the input. The only time that data validation issues arise is when the calibration, QA or QC does not meet established criteria and sample data is generated and reported within the outlying criteria.

The results of the data validation are presented in the following subsections.

Section 2.0 Quality Control Results Section 3.0 QC Summary Section 4.0 References Appendix A, B

2.0 Quality Control Results

This section provides a summary of the laboratory QC results, which were used to meet the project data quality objectives (DQOs) for the investigation. The section below outlines what parts of each method were checked and a brief statement is provided where issues may occur. However a tabular summary is provided in the Appendix A.

- 2.1 All organic data utilizes the same validation flagging letters.
  B= Blank Contamination in the method blank
  J= Estimated Value (used primarily when the result is below the reporting limit (RL) but above the detection limit (DL)), otherwise, when QA/QCs are out of range but the sample result is above the reporting limit.
  R= Rejected (used when calibrations and QA/QCs fail) often used per analyte when multiple compounds or elements are analyzed by the same method.
- 2.1.1 Metals Data Soils ICP Method 6010B and 6010B (trace) Soil, and Water.

Test America uses a B Flag as and estimated value for blank results that are greater than the Method Detection Limit (MDL) and below the Reporting Limit (RL) or Method Reporting Limit (MRL). This flag is not recognized by the National Functional Guidelines but is useful when determining the validity of data. In accordance with the DoD QSM document, data reported between the MDL and the RL was reported and flagged with a J as estimated.

The J flag is also used for data that is considered estimated for other quality control reasons as well. All data that was J flagged was reviewed by the data validator and an evaluation provided in the summary as well as a table with the data. All changes in flags by the data validator are fully explained.

No B Flags were changed in this set of data as no issues as stated above existed.

2.2 Method 8260B Volatile Organic Compounds (Water) The validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. All other compounds in the total 8260B list were not validated.

- 2.2.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
- 2.2.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. All LCS compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The LCS Dup was also within guideline limits. The LCS/LCS Dup also substituted for the sample dup and all Relative Percent Differences passed.
- 2.2.3 Continuing Calibration Checks. (CCCs) All method requirements were met. All CCCs recovered within the guideline limits.
- 2.2.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis Not enough sample was provided for a MS/MSD analysis.
- 2.2.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.2.6 Method Blank

All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water. Acetone was detected in the method blank but well below the reporting limit. Acetone is a common contaminant in the organic laboratory.

2.2.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.

- 2.2.8 Surrogates All surrogates met method and USACE Louisville Guidelines
- 2.2.9 Internal Standards All Internal Standards met method guidelines.
- 2.2.10 Tuning

Tuning requirements for the method were met.

2.2.11 SPCC Check

The SPCC Check met all method requirements.

2.2.12 Manual Integration

The laboratory followed all proper protocols for manual integration. Other multi peak compounds such as total Xylenes also followed proper protocol.

- 2.2.13 Holding Time The holding time for this sample was met.
- 2.2.14 Relative Retention Times All relative retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.
- 2.3 Method 8260B Volatile Organic Compounds (Soil)
  - 2.3.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
  - 2.3.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. All LCS compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The LCS Dup was also within guideline limits. The LCS/LCS Dup also substituted for the sample dup and all Relative Percent Differences passed.
  - 2.3.3 Continuing Calibration Checks. (CCCs) All method requirements were met. All CCCs recovered within the guideline limits.
  - 2.3.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis Not enough sample was provided for a MS/MSD analysis.
  - 2.3.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.

2.3.6	Method Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water. Acetone was detected in the method blank but well below the reporting limit. Acetone is a common contaminant in the organic laboratory.
2.3.7	Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
2.3.8	Surrogates All surrogates met method and USACE Louisville Guidelines
2.3.9	Internal Standards All Internal Standards met method guidelines.
2.3.10	Tuning Tuning requirements for the method were met.
2.3.11	SPCC Check The SPCC Check met all method requirements.
2.3.12	Manual Integration The laboratory followed all proper protocols for manual integration. Other multi peak compounds such as total Xylenes also followed proper protocol.
2.3.13	Holding Time The holding time for this sample was met.
2.3.14	Relative Retention Times All relative retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.

2.4 Method 8270C Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (Water) The validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. All other compounds in the total 8270C list were not validated.

- 2.4.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
- 2.4.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. All LCS compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The LCS Dup was also within guideline limits. The LCS/LCS Dup also substituted for the sample dup and all Relative Percent Differences passed.
- 2.4.3 Continuing Calibration Checks. (CCCs)

All method requirements were met. All CCCs recovered within the guideline limits.

- 2.4.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis Not enough sample was provided for a MS/MSD analysis.
- 2.4.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.4.6 Method Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.4.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
- 2.4.8 Surrogates

All surrogates met method and USACE Louisville Guidelines except for Phenol-d5 and 2-Fluorophenol in the method blank. However the internal standard met method guidelines. Due to the holding time and lack of sample, no further action can be taken. It is the professional judgment of data validator that the surrogate recoveries did not affect the data. The same issue was true with the LCS.

- 2.4.9 Internal Standards All Internal Standards met method guidelines.
- 2.4.10 Tuning

Tuning requirements for the method were met.

2.4.11 SPCC Check

The SPCC Check met all method requirements.

2.4.12 Manual Integration

The laboratory followed all proper protocols for manual integration.

2.4.13 Holding Time

The associated soil sample had no detectable compounds and was analyzed within holding times.

- 2.4.14 Relative Retention Times All relative retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.
- 2.5 Method 8270C Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (Soil)

The validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. All other compounds in the total 8270C list were not validated.

- 2.5.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
- 2.5.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. All LCS compounds recovered within the guideline limits. The LCS Dup was also within guideline limits. The LCS/LCS Dup also substituted for the sample dup and all Relative Percent Differences passed.
- 2.5.3 Continuing Calibration Checks. (CCCs) All method requirements were met. All CCCs recovered within the guideline limits.
- 2.5.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis All compounds met method recovery requirements except of 3,3-Dichlorobenzidene which recovered biased low. No additional measures were taken to verify the reason for the low recovery thus the MS/MSD recovery issue for the single compound is not significant and does not affect the overall data, thus all sample data is valid.
- 2.5.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.5.6 Method Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.5.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
- 2.5.8 Surrogates All surrogates met method and USACE Louisville Guidelines.
- 2.5.9 Internal Standards All Internal Standards met method guidelines.
- 2.5.10 Tuning

Tuning requirements for the method were met.

- 2.5.11 SPCC Check The SPCC Check met all method requirements.
- 2.5.12 Manual Integration

The laboratory followed all proper protocols for manual integration.

- 2.5.13 Holding Time The holding time for this sample was met.
- 2.5.14 Relative Retention Times All relative retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.

2.6 Method 8081A Pesticides (Water)

The validation reviewed only those compounds of concern.

- 2.6.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
- 2.6.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. All LCS compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The LCS Dup was also within guideline limits and all Relative Percent Differences passed.
- 2.6.3 Continuing Calibration Checks. (CCCs) All method requirements were met. All CCCs recovered within the guideline limits.
- 2.6.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis Not enough sample was provided for a MS/MSD analysis.
- 2.6.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met for most compounds. Beta-BHC and Heptachlor had slightly high recoveries. Since those same compounds were not detected in the sample the positive bias has no affect on the sample data.
- 2.6.6 Method Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.6.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
- 2.6.8 Surrogates

All surrogates met method and QSM guidelines except the LCS and LCS Dup Surrogate Decachlorobiphenyl recovered low. However all of the compounds recovered within their respective limits. Since two surrogates were present, and the second surrogate was within guideline criteria, all LCS data is valid.

- 2.6.9 Manual Integration The laboratory followed all proper protocols for manual integration.
- 2.6.10 Holding Time The associated soil sample had no detectable compounds and was analyzed within holding times.
- 2.6.11 Endrin and 4,4'-DDT Breakdown All breakdown analysis passed method requirements.
- 2.6.12 Retention Times All retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.
- 2.6.13 Second Column Confirmation Second column confirmation was not required as no compounds were detected.

## 2.7 Method 8081A Pesticides (Soil)

The validation reviewed only those compounds of concern.

- 2.7.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
- 2.7.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. All LCS compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The LCS Dup was also within guideline limits and all Relative Percent Differences passed.
- 2.7.3 Continuing Calibration Checks. (CCCs) All method requirements were met. All CCCs recovered within the guideline limits.
- 2.7.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis All method requirements were met. All Matrix Spike compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The Matrix Spike Duplicate was also within guideline limits and all Relative Percent Differences passed.
- 2.7.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met for most compounds. Beta-BHC and Heptachlor had slightly high recoveries. Since those same compounds were not detected in the sample the positive bias has no affect on the sample data.

- 2.7.6 Method Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.7.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
- 2.7.8 Surrogates All surrogates met method and USACE Louisville Guidelines.
- 2.7.9 Manual Integration The laboratory followed all proper protocols for manual integration.
- 2.7.10 Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.
- 2.7.11 Endrin and 4,4'-DDT Breakdown All breakdown analysis passed method requirements.
- 2.7.12 Retention Times All retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.
- 2.7.13 Second Column Confirmation Second column confirmation was not required as no compounds were detected.

2.8 Method 8082 Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCBs) (Water) The validation reviewed only those compounds of concern.

- 2.8.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
- 2.8.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. All LCS compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The LCS Dup was also within guideline limits and all Relative Percent Differences passed.
- 2.8.3 Continuing Calibration Checks. (CCCs) All method requirements were met. All CCCs recovered within the guideline limits.
- 2.8.3 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis (MS/MSD) There was not sufficient sample provided to perform a MS/MSD.
- 2.8.4 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis

All method requirements were met.

- 2.8.5 Method Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.8.6 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
- 2.8.7 Surrogates All surrogates met method and USACE Louisville Guidelines.
- 2.8.8 Manual Integration The laboratory followed all proper protocols for manual integration.
- 2.8.9 Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.
- 2.8.10 Retention Times All retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.
- 2.8.11 Second Column Confirmation Second column confirmation was not required as no compounds were detected.

2.9 Method 8082 Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCBs) (Soil) The validation reviewed only those compounds of concern.

- 2.9.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
- 2.9.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. All LCS compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The LCS Dup was also within guideline limits and all Relative Percent Differences passed.
- 2.9.3 Continuing Calibration Checks. (CCCs) All method requirements were met. All CCCs recovered within the guideline limits.
- 2.9.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis All method requirements were met. All Matrix Spike compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The Matrix Spike Duplicate was also within guideline limits and all Relative Percent Differences passed.

- 2.9.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.9.6 Method Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.9.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
- 2.9.8 Surrogates All surrogates met method and USACE Louisville Guidelines.
- 2.9.9 Manual Integration The laboratory followed all proper protocols for manual integration.
- 2.9.10 Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.
- 2.9.11 Retention Times All retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.
- 2.9.12 Second Column Confirmation Second column confirmation was not required as no compounds were detected.

# 2.10 Method 8330 Explosives (Water)

The validation reviewed only those compounds of concern.

- 2.10.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
- 2.10.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. All LCS compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The LCS Dup was also within guideline limits and all Relative Percent Differences passed.
- 2.10.3 Continuing Calibration Checks. (CCCs) All method requirements were met. All CCCs recovered within the guideline limits.
- 2.10.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis (MS/MSD) All method requirements were met. All Matrix Spike compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The Matrix Spike Duplicate

was also within guideline limits and all Relative Percent Differences passed.

- 2.10.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.10.5 Method Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.10.6 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
- 2.10.7 Surrogates All surrogates met method and USACE Louisville Guidelines.
- 2.10.8 Manual Integration The laboratory followed all proper protocols for manual integration.
- 2.10.9 Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.
- 2.10.10Retention Times All retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.
- 2.10.11Second Column Confirmation Second column confirmation was not required as no compounds were detected.
- 2.11 Method 8330 Explosives (Soil)

The validation reviewed only those compounds of concern.

- 2.11.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
- 2.11.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. All LCS compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The LCS Dup was also within guideline limits and all Relative Percent Differences passed.
- 2.11.3 Continuing Calibration Checks. (CCCs) All method requirements were met. All CCCs recovered within the guideline limits.
- 2.11.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis

All method requirements were met. All Matrix Spike compounds recovered with in the guideline limits. The Matrix Spike Duplicate was also within guideline limits and all Relative Percent Differences passed.

2.11.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.

# 2.11.6 Method Blank

All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.

- 2.11.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) AnalysisThe field duplicate was non-detect as well as the original sample.No percent difference can be calculated. (Nitroglycerine only).
- 2.11.8 Surrogates

All surrogates met method and USACE Louisville Guidelines.

2.11.9 Manual Integration

The laboratory followed all proper protocols for manual integration.

2.11.10Holding Time

There was no holding time issue with the sample.

2.11.11Retention Times

All retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.

2.11.12Second Column Confirmation

Second column confirmation was not required as no compounds were detected.

- 2.12 Method 8330 Modified Nitorguanidine (Water) The validation reviewed only the compound of concern.
  - 2.12.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
  - 2.12.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. The LCS ands LCS Dup compound recovered with in the guideline limits and the Relative Percent Difference passed.
  - 2.12.3 Continuing Calibration Checks. (CCCs)

All method requirements were met. The CCCs recovered within the guideline limits.

- 2.12.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis (MS/MSD) All method requirements were met. The Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate compound recovered within the guideline limits and the Relative Percent Difference passed.
- 2.12.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.12.6 Method Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.12.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
- 2.12.8 Surrogates No surrogate is used in this method.
- 2.12.9 Manual Integration The laboratory followed all proper protocols for manual integration.
- 2.12.10Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.
- 2.12.11Retention Times All retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.
- 2.12.12Second Column Confirmation Second column confirmation was not required as no compounds were detected.
- 2.13 Method 8330 Modified Nitroguanidine (Soil) The validation reviewed only the compound of concern.
  - 2.13.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
  - 2.13.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. The LCS and LCS Dup compound recovered within the guideline limits and the Relative Percent Difference passed.

- 2.13.3 Continuing Calibration Checks. (CCCs) All method requirements were met. All CCCs recovered within the guideline limits.
- 2.13.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis All method requirements were met. The Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate compound recovered within the guideline limits and the Relative Percent Difference passed.
- 2.13.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.13.6 Method Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.13.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis The field duplicate was non-detect as well as the original sample. No percent difference can be calculated.
- 2.13.8 Surrogates No surrogate is used in this method.
- 2.13.9 Manual Integration The laboratory followed all proper protocols for manual integration.
- 2.13.10Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.
- 2.13.11Retention Times All retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.
- 2.13.12Second Column Confirmation Second column confirmation was not required as no compounds were detected.

# 2.14 Method 6860 Perchlorate by ICMS (Water) The validation reviewed only the compound of concern.

- 2.14.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met.
- 2.14.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds)

All method requirements were met. The LCS ands LCS Dup compound recovered with in the guideline limits and the Relative Percent Difference passed.

- 2.14.3 LC Interference Check Standard The LC Interference Check Standard recovered within the guideline limits.
- 2.14.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis (MS/MSD) The Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate was run on another sample that was not part of the client's sample batch and has no affect on the sample in this report.
- 2.14.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.14.6 Method Blank, Initial Calibration Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.14.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
- 2.14.8 Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.
- 2.14.9 Retention Times All retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.

# 2.15 Method 6860 Perchlorate by ICMS (Soil)

The validation reviewed only the compound of concern.

- 2.15.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met for all data generated.
- 2.15.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met. The LCS and LCS Dup compound recovered within the guideline limits and the Relative Percent Difference passed.
- 2.15.3 LC Interference Check Standard The LC Interference Check Standard recovered within the guideline limits
- 2.15.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis

The Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate compound recovered biased high and the Relative Percent Difference passed. The high bias has no affect on the non-detected value in the sample. The reported data is valid.

- 2.15.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.15.6 Method Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
  - 2.15.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) AnalysisThe field duplicate was non-detect as well as the original sample.No percent difference can be calculated.
  - 2.15.8 Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.
  - 2.15.9 Retention Times, Relative Retention Time All retention times and retention time windows met method requirements.

2.16 Method 353.2 Nitrocellulose General Chemistry (Water) The validation reviewed only the compound of concern.

- 2.16.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met.
- 2.16.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met.
- 2.16.3 Continuing Calibration Verification All Continuing Calibration Verifications passed method requirements.
- 2.16.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis (MS/MSD) The Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate was run on another sample that was not part of the client's sample batch and has no affect on the sample in this report.
- 2.16.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.

- 2.16.6 Method Blank, Initial Calibration Blank, Continuing Calibration BlankAll of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.16.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
- 2.16.8 Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.
- 2.17 Method 353.2 Nitrocellulose General Chemistry (Soil) The validation reviewed only the compound of concern.
  - 2.17.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met.
  - 2.17.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met.
  - 2.17.3 Continuing Calibration Verification All Continuing Calibration Verifications passed method requirements.
  - 2.17.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis (MS/MSD) The Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate passed as well as the RPD.
  - 2.17.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
  - 2.17.6 Method Blank, Initial Calibration Blank, Continuing Calibration BlankAll of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
  - 2.17.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) AnalysisThe field duplicate was non-detect as well as the original sample.No percent difference can be calculated.
  - 2.17.8 Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.

2.18 Method 9012A Cyanide General Chemistry (Water) The validation reviewed only the compound of concern.

2.18.1 Initial Calibration

All method requirements were met.

- 2.18.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met.
- 2.18.3 Continuing Calibration Verification All Continuing Calibration Verifications passed method requirements.
- 2.18.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis (MS/MSD) The Matrix Spike passed and the Matrix Spike Duplicate failed low. The RPD failed as well. The sample was non-detect for the compound. It is the professional judgment of the data validator that the MS/MSD does not affect the sample data.
- 2.18.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.18.5 Method Blank, Initial Calibration Blank, Continuing Calibration BlankAll of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.18.6 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
- 2.18.7 Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.
- 2.19 Method 9012A Cyanide General Chemistry (Soil) The validation reviewed only the compound of concern.
  - 2.19.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met.
  - 2.19.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met.
  - 2.19.3 Continuing Calibration Verification All Continuing Calibration Verifications passed method requirements.
  - 2.19.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis (MS/MSD) The Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate passed as well as the RPD.
  - 2.19.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis

All method requirements were met.

2.19.6 Method Blank, Initial Calibration Blank, Continuing Calibration Blank

All of the blanks were below the reporting limit.

- 2.19.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis The field duplicate was non-detect as well as the original sample. No percent difference can be calculated.
- 2.19.8 Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.

# 2.20 Method 7470A Mercury (Water)

The validation reviewed only the element of concern.

- 2.20.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met.
- 2.20.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met.
- 2.20.3 Continuing Calibration Verification All Continuing Calibration Verifications passed method requirements.
- 2.20.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis (MS/MSD) The Matrix Spike and the Matrix Spike Duplicate passed and the RPD was within method limits.
- 2.20.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.20.6 Method Blank, Initial Calibration Blank, Continuing Calibration BlankAll of the blanks were below the reporting limit for water.
- 2.20.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was available.
- 2.20.8 Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.
- 2.21 Method 7471A Mercury (Soil)

The validation reviewed only the element of concern.

- 2.21.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met.
- 2.21.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met.
- 2.21.3 Continuing Calibration Verification All Continuing Calibration Verifications passed method requirements.
- 2.21.4 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis (MS/MSD) The Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate passed as well as the RPD.
- 2.21.5 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.21.6 Method Blank, Initial Calibration Blank, Continuing Calibration Blank All of the blanks were below the reporting limit.
- 2.21.7 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate was provided.
- 2.21.8 Holding Time There was no holding time issue with the sample.

# 2.22 Method 6010B and 6010B trace Metals (Water) The validation reviewed only the elements of concern.

- 2.22.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met.
- 2.22.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met.
- 2.22.3 Continuing Calibration Verification All Continuing Calibration Verifications passed method requirements.
- 2.22.4 Method Blank, Preparation Blank, Initial Calibration Blank (ICB), and the Continuing Calibration Blank (CCB) Analysis All of the blanks were below the reporting limit.
- 2.22.5 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis (MS/MSD)

The Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate passed as well as the RPD for many elements.

- 2.22.6 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.22.7 The Inter-element Correction Standard A & B (ICSAB) The ICSAB recoveries all were within the 80-120% recovery range required by the method for all project numbers.
- 2.22.8 ICP Serial Dilution No serial dilution as no elements were detected 4 time higher than the reporting limit.
- 2.22.9 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate provided.

2.23 Method 6010B and 6010B trace Metals (Soil) The validation reviewed only the elements of concern.

- 2.23.1 Initial Calibration All method requirements were met.
- 2.23.2 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) (Second Source Compounds) All method requirements were met.
- 2.23.3 Continuing Calibration Verification All Continuing Calibration Verifications passed method requirements.
- 2.23.4 Method Blank, Preparation Blank, Initial Calibration Blank (ICB), and the Continuing Calibration Blank (CCB) Analysis All of the blanks were below the reporting limit.
- 2.23.5 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate Analysis (MS/MSD) The Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate passed as well as the RPD for many elements. The elements that had concentration that were more than 4 times greater than the spike concentration are not valid and do not have any affect on data (Aluminum, Iron, Manganese). The MS for lead met method requirements while the MSD for lead was slightly low (68% recovery vs a lower limit of 75%). This indicates that the sample matrix (homogeneity) may be the issue. Unless Methods of Standard Additions or sample duplicate is performed, interference is assumed and not verified, thus it is the professional judgment of the data validator that the data is valid.

Antimony in soil very rarely recovers well. The antimony recovery for both the Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate were less than 10%. This recovery level is very common. There is a strong indication that the digestion procedure is the problem and not the sample. Antimony is not a common element in soil, thus it is the professional judgment of the data validator that the data for Antimony is valid.

- 2.23.6 Contract Required Detection Limit Standard and Reporting Limit Standard Analysis All method requirements were met.
- 2.23.7 The Inter-element Correction Standard A & B (ICSAB) The ICSAB recoveries all were within the 80-120% recovery range required by the method for all project numbers.
- 2.23.8 ICP Serial Dilution The serial dilution passed for all elements that qualified. Elements that were not at least 10 time the reporting limit would not qualify.
- 2.23.9 Field Duplicate (Sample Duplicate) Analysis No field duplicate provided.

# 3.0 QC Summary

- 3.1 Executive Summary
  - 3.3.1 All Methods

All of the system quality controls were met. There is no indication that any instrument quality control did not meet method or National Functional Guideline criteria. In all cases if the data validator removes or changes a flag, a full explanation is provided. There were no reasons to change any flags in this report.

3.3.2 Data Validator Narrative

For each issue the data validator provided an explanation for each issue that would have affected data. There were no issues in any sample or method that would have adversely affected any data. All data is valid and useful.

# 3.3.3 Holding Times

The issue regarding the holding time for the Equipment Rinse water was minor and it is the professional judgment of the data validator that the Equipment Rinse data is valid and useful.

3.4 Usability and Comparability

Usability of data was evaluate by assuring that all of the analytical requests were met, samples were received in the proper condition, and all analysis were performed within the appropriate holding times. Additionally, all quality control and quality assurance measures were taken to assure accurate and useable data. All samples that are J flagged are flagged because the reported value is below the Reporting Limit. No sample in any batch is J flagged for any other reason. The use of the data that is below the Reporting Limit should be considered estimated. **All sample data above the Report Limit is valid and usable.** 

An overview of the validation findings are presented in tabular form in Appendix A. Appendix B contains the check sheets and any additional comments are found in those sheets. The suggested data validation flags are listed below and are defined as follows:

- R Quality Control (QC) indicated the data is not usable.
- J Indicates an estimated value.
- E The Serial Dilution exceeded the maximum 10% limit.
- U Indicates the compound or analyte was analyzed for, but not detected at or above the stated limit.
- B The compound was also detected in the method blank.

The above flags are incorporated in the data table where they apply based upon the National Functional guidelines. Any flags generated by the laboratory utilizing the laboratory's internal QC program are not presented in the data tables.

All Data for all of the project number in this report are usable and valid.

4.0 ReferencesNational Functional GuidelinesUSACE Guidelines Version 5 June 2002.DoD Quality System Manual (QSM)

**Glossary of Terms** 

°C	degrees Celsius
ССВ	Continuing Calibration Blank (used in Metals analysis)
CCV	Continuing Calibration Verification (used in all methods to verify system calibration)
CLP	Contract Laboratory Program (used in Superfund program)
COC	Chain of Custody
%D	Percent Difference
DQO	Data Quality Objectives
DS	Down Stream
FB	Field Blank
FD	Field Duplicate
ICB	Initial Calibration Blank (used primarily in metals analysis)
ICP	Inductively Coupled Plasma
ICPMS	Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometer
ICV	Initial Calibration Verification (second source standard used to initially verify the
	calibration curve.
ICS	Interference Check Solution (used in ICP and ICPMS only)
ICSA	Interference Check Solution A
ICSAB	Interference Check Solution A&B combined
IS	Internal Standard
LCG	Louisville Chemistry Guideline Version 5
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample
MRL	Method Reporting Limit (MRL)
MDL	Method Detection Limit (MDL)
MD	Matrix Duplicate (often referred to as the sample duplicate)
MSA	Method of Standard Additions
MS/MSD	Matrix Spike (MS)/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD)
PARCC	Precision, Accuracy, Representaiveness, Completeness, Comparability
PD	Post Digested Spike (also PDS)
QA	Quality Assurance
QAPP	Quality Assurance Project Plan
QC	Quality Control
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
RSD	Relative Standard Deviation
SAP	Sampling and Analysis Plan
SD	Standard Deviation
SDG	
	Sample Delivery Group
SOP	Standard Operating Procedure (SOPs is plural)
TB TCL D	Trip Blank
TCLP	Toxic Compound Leaching Procedure
TERC	Total Environmental Restoration Contract
USACE or	United States Army Corps of Engineers
ACE	Army Corps of Engneers
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
%R	Percent Recovery

# Appendix A All Sample Data and Flagging

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#### Table MA-1 Summary of Analytical Results

#### Soil and Water Matrix

Field Sample ID:		s-002M-00			ss-002M-000		]
Laboratory ID:	G1F	G1F030473 MJ07R		G1	F030473 MJ	J070	1
Date Sampled:		5/26/11			5/26/11		1
Date Received:		6/3/11			6/3/11		1
Date Prepared:		6/10/11			6/9/11		1
Date Analyzed:		6/14/11			6/9/11		1
Holding Time		15 days		,	14 days		1
Required Hold Time		180 days			180 days		1
Metals		Lab	VF	T	Lab	VF	1
Method 6010B	Result	Flag	Flag	Result	Flag	Flag	1
Aluminum	10600			U			1
Arsenic	8.4			U			]
Barium	81.7			U			
Beryllium	0.45			U			]
Calcium	954			U			]
Cadmium	0.13	В	J	U			
Cobalt	7.7			U			]
Chromium	14.5			U			]
Copper	12.1			U			
Iron	17600			U			
Potassium	654			U			
Magnesium	1770			U			
Manganese	833			U			]
Sodium	35.6	В	J	U			]
Nickel	18.5			U			]
Lead	34.1			U			
Antimony	U			U			
Selenium	U			20.6	В	J	]
Thallium	U			U			
Vandium	24.4			U			
Zinc	62.4			U			]
Silver	U			U			
	mg/Kg			mg/L			**
Method 7471A							19 (F)
Date Sampled:		5/26/11			5/26/11		
Date Received:		6/3/11			6/3/11		]
Date Prepared:		6/14/11			6/15/11		]
Date Analyzed:		6/14/11			6/16/11		B = Result is above the Method Detection Limit (MDL) but below the Reporting Limit (RL)
Holding Time		19 days			20 days		The RESULT IS ESTIN
Required Hold Time		180 days			28 days		J = RESULT IS ESTIMATED
Mercury	0.049			U			U = Result is below the MDL or ND = Not Detected
	mg/Kg		and the second second	mg/L			VF= Validator Flag

TAL Including Mercury

7484 Woospring Ln, Hudson, OH 44236

1

Phone: 330-687-3360 e-mail Bpurves330@aol.com

The RESULT IS ESTIMATED

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## Table SS-1 Sample Summary and Analysis Table Soils

PIKA Field Sample ID:	PCTss-001M-0001-SO	PCTss-001M-0001-DUP	PCTss-002D-0001-SO	PCTss-002M-0001-SO	PCTss-003M-0001-SO
Date Sampled:	5/26/11 10:25AM	5/26/11 10:25AM	5/26/11 11:15AM	5/26/11 11:20AM	5/26/11 1:05PM
Scacramento Laboratory ID:	G1F030473 MJ07E	G1F030473 MJ07K	G1F030473 MJ07L	G1F030473 MJ07R	G1F030473 MJ071
Date Received:	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM
Analysis Performed					
8260B VOCs			X		
8270C SVOCs		*		X	
8081A Pesticides				X	
8082 PCBs				X	
8330 Explosives	Х	X		X	X
8330 Mod Nitroguanidine				X	
6010B TAL Metals				X	
Denver Laboratory ID:	280-16702-1	280-16702-2FD		280-16702-3	280-16702-5
Date Received:	6/8/11 0930	6/8/11 0930		6/8/11 0930	6/8/11 0930
Analysis Performed					
6860 Perchlorate	X	X		X	X
Samples Picked up by North C	anton Facility and distributed from	n that facility			
North Canton Laboratory ID:	G1F030473-001 MJ07E	G1F030473-001 MJ07E	11/7/08	G1F030473-001 MJ07E	G1F030473-001 MJ07E
Date Received:	5/26/11 1530	5/26/11 1530	5/26/11 1530	5/26/11 1530	5/26/11 1530
Analysis Performed					
9012A Cyanide				X	
353.2 Nitrocellulose	X	X		X	X
% Solids 160.3				X	

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## Table SS-1 Sample Summary and Analysis Table (Waters)

PIKA Field Sample ID:	PCTss-002M-0001-ER	Trip Blank		
Date Sampled:	5/26/11 08:40AM			
Scacramento Laboratory ID:	G1F030473 MJ070	G1F030473 MJ073		
Date Received:	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM		
Analysis Performed				
8260B VOCs		X		
8270C SVOCs	X	۶.		
8081A Pesticides	X			
8082 PCBs	X			
8330 Explosives	X			
8330 Mod Nitroguanidine	X			
6010B TAL Metals	X			
Denver Laboratory ID:	280-16702-1	280-16702-2FD		
Date Received:	6/8/11 0930	6/8/11 0930		
Analysis Performed				
6860 Perchlorate	X			
Samples Picked up by North Ca	anton Facility and distributed fror	n that facility		
North Canton Laboratory ID:	G1F030473-001 MJ07E	G1F030473-001 MJ07E		
Date Received:	5/26/11 1530	5/26/11 1530		
Analysis Performed				
9012A Cyanide	X			
353.2 Nitrocellulose	Х			
% Solids 160.3				

Data Validation Specialists

Field Sample ID:	PCTss-002D-0001-SO				Trip Blank		
Laboratory ID:	G1F030473 MJ07L				030473 MJ		
Date Sampled:	5/26/11 11:15AM			1			
Date Received:		3/11 09:10A	and the second sec	6/3/11 09:10AM			
Date Analyzed:		6/7/11	e angeland daganda dagan a	1	6/8/11		
Holding Time	1	12 days		1	13 days		
Required Hold Time		14 Days			14 days		
VOCs		Lab	VF	1	Lab V		
Method 8260B	Result	Flag	Flag	Result	Flag	Flag	
Methylene Chloride	U			U		<u>_</u>	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	U			U			
Styrene	U			U			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	U			U			
Tetrachloroethene	U			U			
Toluene	U			U			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	U			U			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	U			U			
Trichloroethene	U			U			
Vinyl Chloride	U			U			
Xylenes (Total)	U			U			
Acetone	5.3	J,B	J,B	U			
Benzene	U			U			
Bromodichloromethane	U			U			
Bromoform	U			U			
Bromomethane	U			U			
2-Butanone	U			U			
Carbon Disulfide	U			U			
Carbon Tetrachloride	U			U			
Chlorobenzene	U			U			
Dibromochloromethane	U			U			
Chloroethane	U			U			
1,1-Dichloroethane	U			U			
1,2-Dichloroethane	U			U			
1,1-Dichloroethene	U			U			
1,2-Dichloroethene (Total)	U			U			
1,2-Dichloropropane	U			U			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	U			U			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	U			U			
Ethylbenzene	U			U			
2-Hexanone	U			U			
	ug/Kg			ug/L			

B = Result is above the Method Detection Limit (MDL) but below the Reporting Limit (RL)

J = RESULT IS ESTIMATED

U = Result is below the MDL or ND = Not Detected

VF= Validator Flag

7484 Woospring Ln, Hudson, OH 44236

Soil & Water

Data Validation Specialists

Table SVOC-1 Summary of Analytical Results Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs) (cont)

Field Sample ID:	PCTss-002D-0001-SO			PCTss-002M-0001-ER			
Laboratory ID:	G1F030473 MJ07L			G1F	G1F030473 MJ070		
Date Sampled:	5/26/11 11:15AM			5/26/11 08:40AM			
Date Received:	6/3	3/11 09:10A	M	6/3/11 09:10AM			
Date Prepared:		6/7/2011			6/9/2011		
Date Analyzed:		6/20/11			6/20/11		
Holding Time		14 days			12 days		
Required Hold Time (prep)		14 Days			14 days		
SVOCs		Lab	VF	*	Lab	VF	
Method 8270C	Result	Flag	Flag	Result	Flag	Flag	
Acenaphthene	U			U			
Acenaphthylene	U			U			
Benzo(a)anthracene	U			U			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	U			U			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	U			U			
Benzo(ghi)perylene	U			U			
Benzo(a)pyrene	U			U			
bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane	U			U			
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	U			U			
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	U			U			
Butyl benzyl phthalate	U			U			
Carbazole	U			U			
4-Chloroaniline	U			U			
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	U			U			
2-Chloronaphthalene	U			U			
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	U			U			
Chrysens	U			U			
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	U			U			
Dibenzofuran	U			U			
Di-n-butyl phthalate	U			U			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	U			U			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	U			U			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	U			U			
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	U			U			
2,4-Dichlorophenol	U			U			
Diethyl phthalate	U			U			
2,4-Dimethylphenol	U			U			
Dimethyl phthalate	U			U			
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	0.14	J	J	U			
2,4-Dinitrophenol	U			U			
	ug/Kg			ug/L			

B = Result is above the Method Detection Limit (MDL) but below the Reporting Limit (RL)

J = RESULT IS ESTIMATED

U = Result is below the MDL or ND = Not Detected

VF= Validator Flag

7484 Woospring Ln, Hudson, OH 44236

Soil & Water

Data Validation Specialists

Table PEST-1 Summ	ary of Analytica	Results Pesticides	Compounds (8081A)

Field Sample ID:	PCTs	s-002D-000	01-SO	PCTs	s-002M-000	01-ER
Laboratory ID:	G1F030473 MJ07L			G1F030473 MJ070		
Date Sampled:	5/2	6/11 11:15	AM	5/26/11 08:40AM		
Date Received:	6/3	3/11 09:10A	M	6/3	3/11 09:10A	M
Date Prepared:		6/9/2011			6/7/2011	
Date Analyzed:		6/22/11			6/22/11	
Holding Time		14 days			12 days	
Required Hold Time (prep)		14 Days			14 days	
Pesticides		Lab	VF	+	Lab	VF
Method 8081A	Result	Flag	Flag	Result	Flag	Flag
alpha-BHC	U			U		
gamma-BHC	U			U		
Heptachlor	U			U		
Aldrin	U			U		
beta-BHC	U			U		
delta-BHC	U			U		
Heptachlor epoxide	U			U		
Endosulfan I	U			U		
gamma-Chlordane	U			U		
alpha-Chiordane	U			U		
4,4'-DDE	0.73*	J	J	U		
Dieldrin	U			U		
endrin	U			U		
4,4'-DDT	U			U		
Endrin aldehyde	U			U		
Methoxychlor	U			U		
Endosulfan Sulfate	U			U		
Endrin Ketone	U			U		
Toxaphene	U			U		
	ug/Kg			ug/L	and the second	

B = Result is above the Method Detection Limit (MDL) but below the Reporting Limit (RL)

J = RESULT IS ESTIMATED

U = Result is below the MDL or ND = Not Detected

VF= Validator Flag

A confirmation analysis was performed, however to concentration is below the reporting limit and is estimated at best. No further evaluation is required.

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Soil & Water

Data Validation Specialists

Table PCB-1 Summary of Analytical Results 8082 Polychlorinated Biphenols (PCBs)

Field Sample ID:	PCTs	s-002D-000	01-SO	PCTss-002M-0001-ER				
Laboratory ID:	G1F	030473 MJ	07L	G1F030473 MJ070				
Date Sampled:	5/26	6/11 11:15	AM	5/26/11 08:40AM				
Date Received:	6/3	3/11 09:10A	M	6/3/11 09:10AM				
Date Prepared:	1	6/9/2011		6/7/2011				
Date Analyzed:		6/15/11		6/12/11				
Holding Time	1	14 days		12 days				
Required Hold Time (prep)		14 Days		14 days				
PCBs		Lab	VF		Lab	VF		
Method 8082	Result	Flag	Flag	Result	Flag	Flag		
Arochlor 1016	U			U				
Arochlor 1221	U			U				
Arochlor 1232	U			U				
Arochlor 1242	U			U				
Arochlor 1248	U			U				
Arochlor 1254	U			U				
Arochlor 1260	U			U				
	ug/Kg			ug/L				

B = Result is above the Method Detection Limit (MDL) but below the Reporting Limit (RL)- RESULT IS ESTIMATED J = RESULT IS ESTIMATED U = Result is below the MDL or ND = Not Detected VF=Validator flag

Data Validation Specialists

## Table EA-1 Summary of Analytical Results Explosives 8330

#### Soils & Water

Field Sample ID:	PCTs	PCTss-002D-0001-SO			PCTss-002M-0001-ER		PCTss-001M-0001-SO		PCTs	PCTss-001M-0001-DUP			PCTss-003M-0001-SO		
_aboratory ID:	G1	G1F030473 MJ07L			G1F030473 MJ070		G1F030473 MJ07E		G1F030473 MJ07K		G1F030473 MJ071				
Date Sampled:	5/26/11 11:15AM			5/26/11 08:40AM		5/26/11 11:15AM		5/26/11 11:15AM		5/26/11 11:15AM					
Date Received:	6/3/11 09:10AM			6/3/11 09:10AM		6/3/11 09:10AM		6/3/11 09:10AM		6/3/11 09:10AM					
Date Prepared:	6/8/2011			6/6/2011		6/8/2011		6/8/2011		6/8/2011					
Date Analyzed:	6/13/11			6/9/11		6/13/11		6/13/11		6/13/11					
Holding Time	13 days			* 11 days 14 days		13 days			13 days 14 days			13 days 14 days			
Required Hold Time	14 Days		14 days												
8330 Compound	Result	LF	VF	Results	LF	VF	Results	LF	VF	Results	LF	VF	Results	LF	VF
PETN	U			U											
Nitroglycerin	U			U											
2-Amino-4,6-Dintrotoluene	U			U											
4-Amino-2,6-Dinitrotoluene	U			U											
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	U			U											
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	U			U											
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	U			U	T										
ΗMX	U			U											
Nitrobenzene	U			U											
2-Nitrotoluene	U			U	1										
1-Nitrotoluene	U			U											
3-Nitrotoluene	U			U							1				
RDX	U			U											
Tetryl	U			U											
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	U			U											· ·
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	U			U											
Nitroglycerin	U			U			U			U			U		
	mg/Kg			ug/L	ug/L		mg/Kg		mg/Kg			mg/Kg			

B = Result is above the Method Detection Limit (MDL) but below the Reporting Limit (RL)- RESULT IS ESTIMATED

J = RESULT IS ESTIMATED

U = Result is below the MDL or ND = Not Detected

VF=Validator flag
Data Validation Specialists

## Table PROP-1 Summary of Analytical Results Propellants

#### Soils & Water

	mg/Kg	ug/L	mg/Kg	mg/Kg	mg/Kg	
Nitroguanidine	U	U	0.063 J J	0.12 J J	0.17 J J	
8330 Modified	Result LF VF	Results LF VF	Results LF VF	Results LF VF	Results LF VF	
Required Hold Time	14 Days	14 days	14 days	14 days	14 days	
Holding Time	13 days	* 11 days	13 days	13 days	13 days	
Date Analyzed:	6/13/11	6/9/11	6/13/11	6/13/11	6/13/11	
Date Prepared:	6/8/2011	6/6/2011	6/8/2011	6/8/2011	6/8/2011	
Date Received:	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	
Date Sampled:	5/26/11 11:15AM	5/26/11 08:40AM	5/26/11 11:15AM	5/26/11 11:15AM	5/26/11 11:15AM	
_aboratory ID:	G1F030473 MJ07L	G1F030473 MJ070	G1F030473 MJ07E	G1F030473 MJ07K	G1F030473 MJ071	
ield Sample ID:	PCTss-002D-0001-SO	PCTss-002M-0001-ER	PCTss-001M-0001-SO	PCTss-001M-0001-DUP	PCTss-003M-0001-SO	

Field Sample ID:	PCTss-002D-0001-SO	PCTss-002M-0001-ER	PCTss-001M-0001-SO	PCTss-001M-0001-DUP	PCTss-003M-0001-SO
Laboratory ID:	G1F030473 MJ07L	G1F030473 MJ070	G1F030473 MJ07E	G1F030473 MJ07K	G1F030473 MJ071
Date Sampled:	5/26/11 11:15AM	5/26/11 08:40AM	5/26/11 11:15AM	5/26/11 11:15AM	5/26/11 11:15AM
Date Received:	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM
Date Prepared:	6/15/11	6/9/11	6/15/11	6/15/11	6/15/11
Date Analyzed:	6/16/11	6/10/11	6/16/11	6/16/11	6/16/11
Holding Time	20 days	20 days	20 days	20 days	20 days
Required Hold Time	28 Days	28 days	28 days	28 days	28 days
353.2 Nitrocellulose	Result LF VF	Results LF VF	Results LF VF	Results LF VF	Results LF VF
Nitrocellulose	U	U	1.1 B J	0.82 B J	
	mg/Kg	ug/L	mg/Kg	mg/Kg	mg/Kg

Field Sample ID:	PCTss-002D-0001-SO	PCTss-002M-0001-ER	PCTss-001M-0001-SO	PCTss-001M-0001-DUP	PCTss-003M-0001-SO
Laboratory ID:	280-16702-3	280-16702-3	280-16702-3	280-16702-3	280-16702-3
Date Sampled:	5/26/11 11:15AM	5/26/11 08:40AM	5/26/11 11:15AM	5/26/11 11:15AM	5/26/11 11:15AM
Date Received:	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM	6/3/11 09:10AM
Date Prepared:	6/9/11		6/9/11	6/9/11	6/9/11
Date Analyzed:	6/15/11	6/15/11	6/15/11	6/15/11	6/15/11
Holding Time	20 days	20 days	20 days	20 days	20 days
Required Hold Time	28 Days	28 days	28 days	28 days	28 days
6860 Perchlorate	Result LF VF	Results LF VF	Results LF VF	Results LF VF	Results LF VF
Perchlorate	U	U	0.093* J J	0.11* J J	0.093* J J
	mg/Kg	ug/L	mg/Kg	mg/Kg	mg/Kg

\*Value is less than the reporting limit but greater than the detection limit.

B = Result is above the Method Detection Limit (MDL) but below the Reporting Limit (RL)- RESULT IS ESTIMATED

J = RESULT IS ESTIMATED

U = Result is below the MDL or ND = Not Detected

VF=Validator flag

Data Validation Specialists

## Table CN-1 Summary of Analytical Results Cyanide

	mg/Kg			ug/L			
Cyanide	0.19	В	J	U			
Method 9012A	Result	LF	VF	Results	LF	VF	
Required Hold Time		14 Days		*	14 da	ys	
Holding Time		13 days			11 da	ys	
Date Analyzed:	6/13/11		6/9/11				
Date Prepared:	6/8/2011			6/6/2011			
Date Received:	6/3/11 09:10AM			6/3/11 09:10AM			
Date Sampled:	5/26	6/11 11:15	AM	5/26/11 08:40AM			
Laboratory ID:	G1F	G1F030473 MJ07L			G1F030473 MJ070		
Field Sample ID:	PCTss-002D-0001-SO			PCTss-002M-0001-E			

B = Result is above the Method Detection Limit (MDL) but below the Reporting Limit (RL)- RESULT IS ESTIMATED

J = RESULT IS ESTIMATED

U = Result is below the MDL or ND = Not Detected

VF=Validator flag 7484 Woospring Ln, Hudson, OH 44236

# Appendix B Check Lists

ICP Metals Analysis (6010) Check List		Soil & Wate	er
Project Name:	CC-RVAAP-80		
Project #:	10-08-130		
Laboratory:	Test America Sacremento		
Sample Delivery Group:	G1F030473		
		Yes	No
Holding Time:	Samples were analyzed within holding time (6-Months)	Yes	
Initial Calibration	One calibration standard and blank		No
	Two calibration standard and blank		No
	Three calibration standard and blank	Yes	
	R > 0.995	Yes	
QC Method Detection Li	mit (MDL)		
	MDL Check	Yes	1
QC Method Reporting L		and the second	1.112 A 1211 A 121 A
	MRL Check at the beginning	Yes	*
	MRL Check every 12 hours	Yes	
Intital Calibration Verific	%Recovery 90-110%	Yes	
Initial Calibration Blank		and the second	
	Blank Analytes <1/2 MRL	Yes	
Interelement Check Star		and the second	
	ICS-A run at the beginning	Yes	
	ICS-AB results within 80-120% recovery	Yes	
Continuing Calibration I		and the second descent second s	
•	CCB every ten samples	Yes	1
	CCB at end or run	Yes	
	CCB analytes < 1/2 MRL	Yes	
Continuing Calibration	Verification (CCV)		
	CCV every ten samples	Yes	
	CCV at end of run	Yes	
	CCV 90-110% Recovery	Yes	
Sample Analysis			
	Samples greater than linear range diluted	Yes	T
Sample QC			
	Method Blank <1/2 MRL	Yes	
	LCS recoveries within required limits	Yes	

#### Comments

Method, Initial Calibration and Continuing Calibration Blanks All were not detected.

MS/MSD recoveries within required limits

MD RPD within control limits

### Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Dilution

Lead had a low recovery for the MSD (66% vs 75%) No real issue Data valid May be homogenety that in the case of matrix spike and matrix spike duplicates, each analyte should be evaluated carefully. Additionally, the martix that is being spiked represents only the sample being spiked and not the entire sampling batch. Though soils in the same sampling group are being evaluated, each soil is unique. The data in this MS/MSD evaluation should be used as a guidance regarding possible matrix interference but should not have a direct affect on data. The Method of Standard Additions should be used as a possible verification of a matrix affect.

#### Serial Dilution

Serial Dilution (1:4) conducted as required.	Yes	
Was there agreement between diluted and undiluted results?	Yes	
<10% recovery?		

No

Yes

## ICP Metals Analysis (6010) Check List (continued pg 2)

Project Name:	CC-RVAAP-80
Project #:	10-08-130
Laboratory:	Test America Sacremento
Sample Delivery Group:	G1F030473

Soil & Water

## Method of Standard Additions (MSA)

Was it performed as needed on samples of	of suspected matrix affects?	No
Was R > 0.995		

Comments:

Signed: IA

William W. Purves

Mercury Analysis (7471A/7	470A) Check List	Soil & Water	
Project Name:	CC-RVAAP-80		
Project #:	10-08-130		
Laboratory:	Test America Sacremento		
Sample Delivery Group:	G1F030473		
		Yes	No
Holding Time:	Samples were analyzed within holding time (6-Months)	Yes	
6			
Initial Calibration	Five calibration standard and blank	Yes	1
	R > 0.995	Yes	
		1.00	
QC Method Detection Limit	t (MDL)		
	MDL Check	Yes	
Intital Calibration Verificati	on (ICV)		
	%Recovery 90-110%	Yes	1
Initial Calibration Blank (IC		and a second second second	
	Blank Analytes <1/2 MRL	Yes 🔹	
		1.00	
Continuing Calibration Ver	ification (CCV)		
	CCV every ten samples	Yes	
	CCV at end of run	Yes	
	CCV 90-110% Recovery	Yes	
		•	
Continuing Calibration Bla	nk (CCB)		
5	CCB every ten samples	Yes	
	CCB at end or run	Yes	
	CCB analytes < 1/2 MRL	Yes	
		1.00	است سی میں ا
Sample Analysis			
Cample Analysis	Samples greater than linear range diluted	n/a	1
		Ind	L]
Sample QC	5		
Sample QC	Method Blank <1/2 MRL	Yes	
	LCS recoveries within required limits	Yes	
	MS recoveries within required limits	Yes	
	MD RPD within control limits	Yes	J
Method of Standard Addition	ons (MSA)		
	Was it performed as needed on samples of suspected matrix affects?	I	No
	Was R > 0.995		

Comments

No issues found in this analysis.

Signed: Will 4

William W. Purves

Project Name: Project #: Laboratory:	Data Analysis (Explosive Residues) Checklist CC-RVAAP-80 10-08-130 Test America Sacremento	Soil & Water	
Sample Delivery Group:	G1F030473	Yes	No
Holding Time:	Were Samples extracted within holding times?	Yes	
3	Were Samples analyzed within holding times?	Yes	
			,
Initial Calibration	Five calibration standard minimum	Yes	
Manual Integration			
nandai mogration	Was manual integration "M" performed?	1	No
QCMDL	Was MDL check performed?	Yes	
OCHDI			
QCMRL	Was QCMRL run at the beginning and end of every daily	Yes	
	sequence or every 12 hours?	103	L
		J .	
	Was the % "D" <30%	Yes	
Intital Calibration Verificat	ion (ICV)		
	Is the mid level (2nd source) recovery within 85-115%	Yes	
Continuing Calibration Ve	rification (CCV)		
	Was CCV run at the beginning of the day or run every 12 hours?	Yes	
	Was the midpoint sample (CCV) conducted every ten samples or every 12 hours?	Yes	
	Was the midpoint sample (CCV) conducted at the end of the	Yes	
	day/run.	1	
	Did the CCV meet the minimum requirements (D<15% with a	Yes	
	maximum D < 20% for a specific compound.		
Sample Analysis	Was the RT of an identified componet within the required	Yes	
	retention time window.	Tes	
		1	
	Were all identified hits, above the initial calibration curve diluted	Yes	
	and reanalyzed		
	Were all identified compounds confirmed on a second column	Yes	
	Was all RPD of target analyte confirmation <40%	Yes	
	Was there a shoulder on the 2,4,6-TNT peak?		No
Sample Quality Control			
Method Blank	Were Target analytes < 1/2 the MRL for the Method Blank	Yes	
LCS	Were the % recoveries for the LCS within the limits?		No
MS/MSD	Were percent recovries within control limits?	Yes	

Yes

Were RPD within control limits?

## Nitroaromatic & Nitramine Data Analysis (Explosive Residues) Checklist (cont pg 2)

Project Name: Project #: Laboratory: Sample Delivery Group: CC-RVAAP-80 10-08-130 Test America Sacremento G1F030473

### Comments

Surrogates

Are surrogate recoveries within QC limits

Soil & Water

Yes

.

Signed:

William W. Purves

Propellants Nitrocellulose		Soil & Water	
Project Name:	CC-RVAAP-80		
Project #:	10-08-130		
Laboratory:	Test America North Canton		
Sample Delivery Group:	G1F030473		
		Yes	No
Holding Time:	Were Samples analyzed within holding times?	Yes	
Initial Calibration	Was the calibration a minimum of 1 standard and blank?	Yes	
	Was the R^2 >0.995 ?	Yes	
Intital Calibration Verificati	on (ICV)		
	Is the mid level (2nd source) recovery within 90-110%	Yes	
		,	
<b>Continuing Calibration Ver</b>	ification (CCV)		
	CCV every ten samples	Yes	
	CCV at end of run	Yes	
	CCV 90-110% Recovery	Yes	
	Was the midpoint sample (CCV) conducted at the end of the run?	Yes	
<b>Continuing Calibration Bla</b>	nk (CCB)		
	CCB every ten samples	Yes	
	CCB at end or run	Yes	
	CCB analytes < 1/2 MRL	Yes	
	*		
Sample Analysis			
	Were samples greater than linear range diluted	N/A	
Sample QC			
	Method Blank <1/2 MRL	Yes	
	LCS recoveries within required limits	Yes	
MS/MSD Analysis			
	MS recoveries within required limits	Yes	
	MD RPD within control limits	Yes	

Comments

Signed:\_\_\_\_\_\_

William W. Purves

General Chemistry Cyanic	le	Soil & Water	
Project Name:	CC-RVAAP-80		
Project #:	10-08-130		
Laboratory:	Test America North Canton		
Sample Delivery Group:	G1F030473		
		Yes	No
Holding Time:	Were Samples analyzed within holding times?	Yes	
Initial Calibration	Was the calibration a minimum of 1 standard and blank?	Yes	
	Was the R^2 >0.995 ?	Yes	
Intital Calibration Verificat		- by	<b></b>
	Is the mid level (2nd source) recovery within 90-110%	Yes	
Continuing Calibration Ver			
	CCV every ten samples	Yes	
	CCV at end of run	Yes	
	CCV 90-110% Recovery	Yes	
	Was the midpoint sample (CCV) conducted at the end of the run?	Yes	
Continuing Calibration Bla	nk (CCB)		
	CCB every ten samples	Yes	
	CCB at end or run	Yes	
	CCB analytes < 1/2 MRL	Yes	
Sample Analysis	5		
	Were samples greater than linear range diluted	N/A	
		-	
Sample QC		1	·
	Method Blank <1/2 MRL	Yes	
	LCS recoveries within required limits	Yes	
MS/MSD Analysis			
	MS recoveries within required limits	Yes	
	MD RPD within control limits	Yes	

Comments

Signed:\_\_\_\_\_

William W. Purves

8330 Modified Propellants	Nitroguanidine	Soil & Water	
Project Name:	CC-RVAAP-80		
Project #:	10-08-130		
Laboratory:	Test America Sacremento		
Sample Delivery Group:	G1F030473		
campio Denterj Group.		Yes	No
Holding Time:	Were Samples extracted within holding times?	Yes	
notang mite.	Were Samples excluded within holding times?	Yes	<u> </u> .
	Were ourifies analyzed within holding times :	103	
Initial Calibration	Five calibration standard minimum	Yes	
initial outbration		1103	L]
Manual Integration			
Manual Integration	Was manual integration "M" performed?	1	No
	was manual integration for performed?	1	
OCMDI	Was MDL shack notformed?	Yes	T1
QCMDL	Was MDL check performed?	res	L
COMPL			
QCMRL		L.	T1
	Was QCMRL run at the beginning and end of every daily	Yes	
	sequence or every 12 hours?		
		T	·
	Was the % "D" <30%	Yes	
Intital Calibration Verificat	ion (ICV)		
		-	
	Is the mid level (2nd source) recovery within 85-115%	Yes	
<b>Continuing Calibration Vention</b>	rification (CCV)		
	Was CCV run at the beginning of the day or run every 12 hours?	Yes	
	Was the midpoint sample (CCV) conducted every ten samples	Yes	
	or every 12 hours?		
	Was the midpoint sample (CCV) conducted at the end of the	Yes	
	day/run.	and the second	
	Did the CCV meet the minimum requirements (D<15% with a	Yes	
	maximum D < 20% for a specific compound.		
		1	
Sample Analysis			
oumple Analysis	Was the RT of an identified componet within the required	Yes	
	retention time window.	163	]
		1	
	More all identified hits, shows the initial calibration every diluted	Yes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Were all identified hits, above the initial calibration curve diluted	Tes	
	and reanalyzed		
		ly.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Were all identified compounds confirmed on a second column	Yes	
		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Was all RPD of target analyte confirmation <40%	Yes	
Sample Quality Control			

Method Blank

Were Target analytes < 1/2 the MRL for the Method Blank Yes

## 8330 Modified Propellants Nitroguanidine

8330 Modified Propellant	s Nitroguanidine	Soil & Water
Project Name:	CC-RVAAP-80	
Project #:	10-08-130	
Laboratory:	Test America Sacremento	
Sample Delivery Group:	G1F030473	
LCS	Were the % recoveries for the LCS within the limits?	Yes
MS/MSD	Were percent recovries within control limits?	Yes
	Were RPD within control limits?	Yes

## Comments

Water sample was not extracted witin holding time, however the water was an equipment rinse and not a natural water. There was not enough water to run a MS/MSD sample run.

•

4 Signed: 2

William W. Purves

8081A PESTICIEDS		Soil & Water	
Project Name:	CC-RVAAP-80		
Project #:	10-08-130		
Laboratory:	Test America Sacremento		
Sample Delivery Group:	G1F030473		
		Yes	No
Holding Time:	Were Samples extracted within holding times?	Yes	
	Were Samples analyzed within holding times?	Yes	
			,1
Initial Calibration	Five calibration standard minimum	Yes	
Manual Integration		1	,1
	Was manual integration "M" performed?	YES	
		1	······
QCMDL	Was MDL check performed?	Yes	]
0.011D		•	
QCMRL	We couple a the basis is added of some daily	ly	
	Was QCMRL run at the beginning and end of every daily	Yes	
	sequence or every 12 hours?	1	
	Was the % "D" <30%	Yes	11
	Was the % D <30%	Tes	l]
Intital Calibration Verificat			
inutal Calibration Vernicat			
	Is the mid level (2nd source) recovery within 85-115%	Yes	
			II
Continuing Calibration Ver	rification (CCV)		
containing calibration for			
	Was CCV run at the beginning of the day or run every 12 hours?	Yes	
	<u> </u>		L
	Was the midpoint sample (CCV) conducted every ten samples	Yes	
	or every 12 hours?		
	Was the midpoint sample (CCV) conducted at the end of the	Yes	
	day/run.		
	Did the CCV meet the minimum requirements (D<15% with a	Yes	
	maximum D < 20% for a specific compound.		
Degradation			
		-	
	Did the Degradation check pass	Yes	
	Did the Degradation check pass	Yes	
Sample Analysis	Did the Degradation check pass	Yes	[]
Sample Analysis	Did the Degradation check pass Was the RT of an identified componet within the required	Yes	
Sample Analysis			
Sample Analysis	Was the RT of an identified componet within the required		
Sample Analysis	Was the RT of an identified componet within the required		
Sample Analysis	Was the RT of an identified componet within the required retention time window.	Yes	
Sample Analysis	Was the RT of an identified componet within the required retention time window. Were all identified hits, above the initial calibration curve diluted and reanalyzed	Yes n/a	
Sample Analysis	Was the RT of an identified componet within the required retention time window. Were all identified hits, above the initial calibration curve diluted	Yes	
Sample Analysis	Was the RT of an identified componet within the required retention time window. Were all identified hits, above the initial calibration curve diluted and reanalyzed	Yes n/a	

Sample Quality Control

## 8081A PESTICIEDS (cont)

Project Name:	CC-RVAAP-80
Project #:	10-08-130
Laboratory:	Test America Sacremento
Sample Delivery Group:	G1F030473

Method Blank	Were Target analytes < 1/2 the MRL for the Method Blank	Yes	
LCS	Were the % recoveries for the LCS within the limits?	YES	
MS/MSD	Were percent recovries within control limits?	Yes	
	Were RPD within control limits?	Yes	
Surrogates			
	Are surrogate recoveries within QC limits	Yes Soil & Water	

Water sample was not extracted witin holding time, however the water was an equipment rinse and not a natural water. There was not enough water to run a MS/MSD sample run.

Signed: Like 4

William W. Purves

# **Standard Calibration Check Tables**

## Purves Environmental Data Validation Specialists

## Table HG-1 Mercury Calibration Check

Metals Method 7471A	Concentrat	ion
Standard	Known	Measured
S1	0.00	-48
S2	0.20	652
S3	0.50	1477
S4	1.00	2854
S5	5.00	14217
S6	10.00	28306



### **Mercury Sample Calculation Check**

Laboratory Sample ID: MJ07R

Sample Counts

1451

0.049 Recalculated sample Concentration

0.049 Reported value

## Table QCHg-1 7174A Mercury Quality Control Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Cyanide Method 9012A	÷								
	Known	Measured	%	Recovery	RPD				
	Conc	Conc	Recovered	Range	<25%				
Method Blank	ND	ND	<1/2RL						
ICV	0.100	0.952	95.2	90-110%					
CCV	1.00	0.09038	90.38	90-110%					
LCS	19.600	22	112.00%	86-114					
MS	0.275	0.244	89	86-114	5.00				
MSD	0.262	0.219	84	86-114					

Data Validation Specialists

### Table CALVER-8260 8260 Calibration Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Soil

This table recalculates 10% of the reported compounds. 100% recalculation is not necessary as the computer generated data and these calculation do not vary. This has been proven in the past by the data validator.

April 6	5, 2011	cal	date	Water	

VOCs Method 8260	Acetone		VOCs Method 8260	Carbon Dis	ulfide	Benzene		
Standard	Known	Measured	Standard	Known	Measured	Known	Measured	
	Conc	Area		Conc	CF	Conc	CF	
S1	0.25		S1 ,	0.25	0.65807	0.25	1.11158	
S2	0.50	18264	S2	0.50	0.67573	0.50	1.15239	
S3	1.00	23509	S3	1.00	0.62175	1.00	1.0167	
S4	4.00	44033	S4	4.00	0.68303	4.00	1.04588	
S5	20.00	172319	S5	20.00	0.69784	20.00	1.00052	
S6	40.00	323872	S6	40.00	0.70002	40.00	0.95515	
S7	60.00	521242	S7	60.00	0.7178	60.00	0.99846	
S8	80.00	738217	S8	80.00	0.71099	80.00	0.98669	
Recal Correl Coef Linear	0.99501		Average RE-CF		0.6831538		1.0334213	
Recal Correl Coef Quad	0.99970		Average LAB-CF		0.68315		1.03342	
Lab Correl Coef Quad*	0.99828		%RSD	4.606	4.606%	6.472	6.472%	

Though the recalculation did not match the Lab correlation, the correlation must be greater than 0.995 to pass.



Data Validation Specialists

## Laboratory: Test America Sacramento, CA G1F030473

Soil

#### Table CALVER-8260 8260 Calibration Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

This table recalculates 10% of the reported compounds. 100% recalculation is not necessary as the computer generated data and these calculation do not vary. This has been proven in the past by the data validator.

June 6, 2011 cal date

VOCs Method 8260			VOCs Method 8260	Carbon Disulfide		Benzene			
Standard	Known	Measured	Standard	Known	Measured	Known	Measured	Peak	Calculated
	Conc	Area		Conc	CF	Conc	CF	Area	CF
S1	1.00		S1	1.00	1.24565	1.00	1.61536	22388	1.6153634
S2	2.50	9875	S2	2.50	1.05854	2.50	1.45978	50705	1.45978
S3	5.00	13317	S3	5.00	1.13901	5.00	1.58679	106063	1.58679
S4	10.00	19503	S4	10.00	1.1902	10.00	1.57557	222626	1.57557
S5	20.00	31986	S5	20.00	1.30901	20.00	1.6331	460930	1.6331
S6	40.00	59041	S6	40.00	1.34588	40.00	1.73046	1000759	1.73046
S7	100.00	138807	S7	100.00	1.32838	100.00	1.6764	2550069	1.6764
Sb	200.00	292604		200.00	1.22563	200.00	1.69036	5762841	1.69036
S9	400.00	580415		400.00	1.22877	400.00	1.75863	12668105	1.75863
Recal Correl Coef Linear	0.99965		Average RE-CF		1.2301189		1.6362722		
Recal Correl Coef Quad	0.99970		Average LAB-CF		1.23012		1.63627		
Lab Correl Coef Quad*	0.99970		%RSD	7.543	7.543%	5.556	5.556%		



### Table QC-8260 8260 Quality Control Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Soil

This table recalculates 10% of the reported compounds. 100% recalculation is not necessary as the computer generated data and these calculation do not vary. This has been proven in the past by the data validator.

VOCs Method 8260	Acetone	Carbon Dist	ulfide		Benzene							
Standard	Known	Measured	Recovery	% Diff	Known	Measured	Recovery	%Diff	Known	Measured	Recovery	%Diff
	Conc	Conc	Range	Max	RRF	RRF	Range	Max	RRF	RRF	Range	Max
ICV	40.00	38.60856	24-56	+40	1.2688	1.23012	0.76-1.776	40	1.7625	1.63627	1.06-2.47	40
CCC	40.00	38.73623	24-56	40	1.2688	1.21916	0.76-1.776	40	1.7625	1.66664	1.06-2.47	40
ICB	ND	ND	<10		ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL	
CCB	ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL	
	Known	Measured	Recovery	RPD	Known	Measured	Recovery	RPD	Known	Measured	Recovery	RPD
	Conc	Conc	Range	<20	Conc	Conc	Range	<20	Conc	Conc	Range	<20
LCS	40.00	40.2	20-60		40	41.9	25.6-49.2		40	40.3	30-50.4	
Method Blank	ND	3.8	<10		ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL	
MS	40.00	35	20-60	32.00	40.00	39.6	25.6-49.2	7.70	40.00	38.2	30-50.4	9.80
MSD	40.00	80*	20-60		40.00	42.7	25.6-49.2		40.00	42.1	30-50.4	

\* Biased High no affect on non-detect data or data below the Reporting Limit

Data Validation Specialists

## Table CALVER-8270 8270 Calibration Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Soil

This table recalculates 10% of the reported compounds. 100% recalculation is not necessary as the computer generated data and these calculation do not vary. This has been proven in the past by the data validator.

June 6, 2011 cal date

SVOCs Method 8270	Acenaphthe	ne	bis(2-Ethylh phthalate	exyl)	2,4-Dimeth	ylphenol	Hexachloro	achlorobenzene Nitrobenzene		Phenol		
Standard	Known	Measured	Known	Measured	Known	Measured	Known	Measured	Peak	Calculated	Peak	Calculated
	Conc	CF	Conc	CF	Conc	CF	Conc	CF	Area	CF	Area	CF
S1	1.00	1.32488	1.00	1.03632	1.00	0.34193	1.00	0.80877	22388	0.40175	22388	2.28874
S2	5.00	1.26564	5.00	0.83547	2.50	0.35128	2.50	0.6716	50705	0.37137	50705	1.9726
S3	10.00	1.23613	10.00	0.83524	5.00	0.34059	5.00	0.66053	106063	0.37655	106063	2.06083
S4	20.00	1.2864	20.00	0.82335	10.00	0.36556	10.00	0.68721	222626	0.37264	222626	2.07634
S5	50.00	1.25044	50.00	0.8771	20.00	0.35574	20.00	0.69681	460930	0.37701	460930	2.0775
S6	80.00	1.24496	80.00	0.908	40.00	0.35566	40.00	0.69662	1000759	0.37099	1000759	2.08455
S7	120.00	1.25873	120.00	0.90942	100.00	0.36413	100.00	0.70336	2550069	0.38297	2550069	2.11519
Sb	160.00	1.20367	160.00	0.92409	200.00	0.35729	200.00	0.69763	5762841	0.37067	5762841	2.07903
Average RE-CF		1.2588563		0.8936238		0.3540225		0.7028163		0.3779938		2.0943475
Average LAB-CF		1.25886		0.89362		0.35402		0.70282		0.37799		2.09435
%RSD	2.847	2.847%	7.77	7.770%	2.584	2.584%	6.439	6.439%	2.77	2.770%	4.237	4.237%

## Purves Environmental Data Validation Specialists

### Table QC-8270 8270 Quality Control Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Soil

This table recalculates 10% of the reported compounds. 100% recalculation is not necessary as the computer generated data and these calculation do not vary. This has been proven in the past by the data validator.

SVOCs Method 8270	Acenaphthe				bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate				2,4-Dimethylphenol			
Standard	Known	Measured	Recovery	% Diff	Known	Measured	Recovery	%Diff	Known	Measured	Recovery	%Diff
	Conc	Conc	Range	Max	RRF	RRF	Range	Max	RRF	RRF	Range	Max
ICV	1.23688	1.25886	0.64-1.91	50	0.88979	0.89362	0.46-1.37	50	0.37755	0.35402	0.18-0.54	50
CCC	1.27142	1.25886	0.64-1.91	50	0.91265	0.89362	0.46-1.37	50	0.36229	0.35402	0.18-0.54	50
ICB	ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL	
ССВ	ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL	
	Known	Measured	Recovery	RPD	Known	Measured	Recovery	RPD	Known	Measured	Recovery	RPD
	Conc	Conc	Range	<20	Conc	Conc	Range	<20	Conc	Conc	Range	<20
Method Blank	ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL	
LCS	3.33	2.79	1-4.5		3.33	2.93	1.13-4.96		3.33	2.54	1.1-3.96	
MS	3.34	2.37	1-4.5	6.60	3.34	2.48	1.13-4.96	8.10	3.34	2.14	1.1-3.96	2.40
MSD	3.37	2.53	1-4.5		3.37	2.7	1.13-4.96		3.37	2.19	1.1-3.96	

\* Biased High no affect on non-detect data or data below the Reporting Limit

SVOCs	Hexachlorot	penzene			Nitrobenzen	e			Phenol			
Method 8270												
Standard	Known	Measured	Recovery	% Diff	Known	Measured	Recovery	%Diff	Known	Measured	Recovery	%Diff
	Conc	Conc	Range	Max	RRF	RRF	Range	Max	RRF	RRF	Range	Max
ICV	0.26988	0.2552	0.13-0.39	50	0.38925	0.37799	0.19-0.57	50	2.04921	2.09977	1.64-2.46	20
CCC	0.26149	0.2552	0.13-0.39	50	0.38274	0.37799	0.19-0.57	50	2.04921	2.09435	1.64-2.46	20
ICB	ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL	
ССВ	ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL	
	Known	Measured	Recovery	RPD	Known	Measured	Recovery	RPD	Known	Measured	Recovery	RPD
	Conc	Conc	Range	<20	Conc	Conc	Range	<20	Conc	Conc	Range	<20
Method Blank	ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL	
LCS	3.33	2.94	1.07-4.23		3.33	2.5	1-3.83		3.33	2.3	1-4	
MS	3.34	2.45	1.07-4.23	5.30	3.34	2.02	1-3.83	5.70	3.34	2.44	1-4	5.90
MSD	3.37	2.58	1.07-4.23		3.37	2.14	1-3.83		3.37	42.1	1-4	

Data Validation Specialists

#### Table CALVER-8081A 8081A Calibration Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Soil

This table recalculates 10% of the reported compounds. 100% recalculation is not necessary as the computer generated data and these calculation do not vary. This has been proven in the past by the data validator.

April 6, 2011 cal date Water

Pesticieds Method 8081A	Heptachlor		4,4'-DDT		
Standard	Known	Measured	Known	Measured	
	Conc	CF	Conc	CF	
S1	1.25		1.25	865565	
S2	2.50	1214804	2.50	771508	
S3	5.00	1196509	5.00	820535	
S4	10.00	1195439	10.00	784719	
S5	20.00	1084669	20.00	791838	
S6	50.00	1105740	50.00	755519	
S7	100.00	1139231	100.00	754613	
S8	250.00	1062684	250.00	754303	
Average RE-CF		1142725.1		787325	
Average LAB-CF		1142725		787325	
%RSD	5.302	5.302%	4.960	4.960%	

#### Table QC-8081A 8081A Quality Control Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Soil

Pesticieds Method 8081A	Heptchlor				4,4'-DDT			
	Known	Measured	Recovery	RPD	Known	Measured	Recovery	RPD
anna chann a chuile ta chann ann an ann an airtean ann an ann ann ann ann ann ann ann a	Conc	Conc	Range	<20	Conc	Conc	Range	<20
Method Blank	ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL	
LCS	8.33	8.22	6.66-10		16.7	14	13.34-20	
MS	8.39	8.54	6.66-10	5.60	16.80	13.5	13.34-20	7.10
MSD	8.48	9.03	6.66-10		17.00	14.5	13.34-20	

Data Validation Specialists

## Table CALVER-8082 8082 Calibration Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Soil

This table recalculates 10% of the reported compounds. 100% recalculation is not necessary as the computer generated data and these calculation do not vary. This has been proven in the past by the data validator.

PCBs	Arochlor 10	16	-			
Method 8082		Peak 1	Peak 2	Peak 3	Peak 4	Peak 5
Standard	Known	Measured	Measured	Measured	Measured	Measured
	Conc	CF	CF	CF	CF	CF
S1	50.00	1160050	560108	847634	618119	884475
S2	100.00	1141187	561399	846733	645262	861814
S3	200.00	1007040	493808	754941	566157	768861
S4	300.00	1013958	497593	763484	582891	771201
S5	500.00	958438	467781	732203	605993	737817
S6	1000.00	946501	468290	741932	581969	742805
S7	2000.00	888210	444014	707006	532752	704229
S8	20.00	1161900	564514	831558	635583	860307
Average RE-CF		1034660.5	507188.38	778186.38	596090.75	791438.63
Average LAB-CF		1034661	787325	778186	596091	791439
%RSD		10.299%	9.530%	7.142%	6.291%	8.559%
Lab %RSD		10.299	9.530	7.142	6.291	8.559

#### Table QC-8081A 8081A Quality Control Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Soil

PCBs Method 8082	Arochlor 1016							
	Known	Measured	%	RPD				
	Conc	Conc	Recovered	<20				
Method Blank	ND	ND	<1/2RL					
LCS	66.70	65	98					
MS	68.30	63.3	93	8.40				
MSD	66.60	68.9	103					

Data Validation Specialists

#### Table CALVER-8330 8330 Calibration Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Soil

This table recalculates 10% of the reported compounds. 100% recalculation is not necessary as the computer generated data and these calculation do not vary. This has been proven in the past by the data validator.

April 6, 2011 cal date Water

Explosives	2-Nitrotolue	ne	Nitroglycerin	1
Method 8330				Peak 1
Standard	Known	Measured	Known	Measured
	Conc	CF	Conc	CF
S1	5.00	66	5.00	*
S2	10.00	57.5	10.00	
S3	20.00	50.65	20.00	86.400
S4	50.00	50.72	50.00	77.580
S5	100.00	49.81	100.00	78.760
S6	200.00	48.835	200.00	75.490
S7	500.00	46.446	500.00	72.724
S8	1000.00	42.85	1000.00	68.336
Average RE-CF		51.601375		76.548333
Average LAB-CF		51.60138		76.5483
%RSD		13.856%		7.972%
Lab %RSD		13.856		7.972

#### Table QC-8330 8330 Quality Control Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Soil

Explosives Method 8330	2-Nitrotolue	ne		Nitroglycerin				
in an ann an Maria ann an Ann an Ann ann an Ann	Known	Measured	%	RPD	Known	Measured	%	RPD
	Conc	Conc	Recovered	<25	Conc	Conc	Recovered	<25
Method Blank	ND	ND	<1/2RL		ND	ND	<1/2RL	
LCS	1.00	0.939	94		5.00	4.84	97	
MS	0.952	0.916	96	0.00	4.76	4.59	96	2.00
MSD	0.990	0.955	96		4.95	4.83	98	

#### Table CALVER-6860 6860 Calibration Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Soil

This table recalculates 10% of the reported compounds. 100% recalculation is not necessary as the computer generated data and these calculation do not vary. This has been proven in the past by the data validator.

April	6,	201	1	cal	date	Water	
-------	----	-----	---	-----	------	-------	--

Prechlorate	Perchlorate		Nitroglycerin	า
Method 6860				Peak 1
Standard	Known	Measured	Known	Measured
	Conc	CF	Conc	CF
S1	5.00	66	5.00	•
S2	10.00	57.5	10.00	
S3	20.00	50.65	20.00	86.400
S4	50.00	50.72	50.00	77.580
S5	100.00	49.81	100.00	78.760
S6	200.00	48.835	200.00	75.490
S7	500.00	46.446	500.00	72.724
S8	1000.00	42.85	1000.00	68.336
Average RE-CF		51.601375		76.548333
Average LAB-CF		51.60138		76.5483
%RSD		13.856%		7.972%
Lab %RSD	T	13.856		7.972

#### Table QC-6860 6860 Quality Control Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Soil

Prechlorate Method 6860	Perchlorate						
na na kalana da pana kata na kalanda da kalan	Known	Measured	%	Recovery	RPD		
	Conc	Conc	Recovered	Range	<25		
Method Blank	ND	ND	<1/2RL	70-130			
LCS	0.481	0.536	111				
Interference Check	0.498	0.59	119				
MS	0.486	0.598	123	80-120	5.00		
MSD	0.499	0.63	126				

Data Validation Specialists

Nitrocellulose Method 353.2

Standard

**S1** 

S2

**S**3

**S4** 

**S**5

**S**6

#### Table Gen Chem-1 Nitrocellulose Calibration Check

Concentration

Known

0.00

0.05

0.20

0.40

1.00

2.00

Measured

-41

7909

25128

47878

129162

259069



Soil

## Laboratory Sample ID: G1F030473-4

**Mercury Sample Calculation Check** 

Sample Counts 1839 1839 0.64 Recalculated sample Concentration 0.64 Reported value

#### Table QC-353.2 353.2 Quality Control Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

Nitrocellulose Method 353.2					
	Known	Measured	%	Recovery	RPD
	Conc	Conc	Recovered	Range	<25
Method Blank	ND	ND	<1/2RL	50-150	
ICV	1.000	0.952	95.2		
CCV	1.00	1.028	102.80		
LCS	50.700	22.9	45.20%		
MS	50.700	17.9	35.3	50-150	29.59
MSD	50.000	13.1	26.2		

Data Validation Specialists

Cyanide Method 9012A

Standard

**S1** 

S2

**S**3

**S**4

**S**5

**S**6

**S**7

Laboratory Sample ID:

Sample Counts

Mercury Sample Calculation Check

1839

### Laboratory: Test America Sacramento, CA G1F030473

#### Table Gen Chem-2 Cyanide 9012A Calibration Check

Concentration

Known

0.00000

0.005

0.010

0.025

0.050

0.100

0.200

G1F030473-4

0.64 Reported value

1839

Measured

0.004

0.007

0.011

0.022

0.043

0.081

0.163



## Table QC-1 Cyanide 9012A Quality Control Check Table 10% of Compounds Reported

This table recalculates 10% of the reported compounds. 100% recalculation is not necessary as the computer generated data and these calculation do not vary. This has been proven in the past by the data validator.

Cyanide Method 9012A					
	Known	Measured	%	Recovery	RPD
	Conc	Conc	Recovered	Range	<25
Method Blank	ND	ND	<1/2RL	50-150	
ICV	0.100	0.952	95.2		
CCV	1.00	0.09038	90.38		
LCS	19.600	22	112.00%		
MS	2.110	2.26	98*	50-150	13.00
MSD	2.110	1.98	84*		

\*The result is minus the sample concentration

## Table 6010B Metals-1 6010B Metals Check Table 10% of Elements Reported

Metals Method 6010B	Calcium Concentrat	Calcium Concentration		Cobalt Concentration		Lead Concentration	
Standard	Known	Measured	Known	Measured	Known	Measured	
S0	0	0.0020953	0	0	0	0	
S1	4	3.96	3.622	3.622	0.12454	0.12454	
S2	20	19.191					
Recal Correl Coef		0.9999	1.00000		1.00000		
Lab Correl Coef		1.000	1		1		

Calcium Method 6010B					
	Known	Measured	%	Recovery	RPD
	Conc	Conc	Recovered	Range	<25
Method Blank	ND	ND	<1/2RL	90-110%	
ICB	0	0			
ICV	10000	10354	104%	90-110%	
ССВ	0	0			
CCV	25000	25991	104%	90-110%	
ICSA&B				80-120%	
LCS	1000	940	94.00%	80-120%	
MS	5120	6396	125%	75-125%	
MSD	5070	4426	87%	75-125%	>25

Lead Method 6010B					
	Known	Measured	%	Recovery	RPD
	Conc	Conc	Recovered	Range	<25
Method Blank	ND	ND	<1/2RL	90-110%	
ICB	0	0			
ICV	250	262.92	105%	90-110%	
ССВ	0	0			
CCV	500	495.13	99%	90-110%	
ICSA&B	50	55.51	111%	80-120%	
LCS	50	50.4	101%	80-120%	
MS	51.2	34.7	68%	75-125%	
MSD	50.7	50.5	100%	75-125%	>25

	Known	Measured	%	Recovery	RPD
	Conc	Conc	Recovered	Range	<25
Method Bla	ND	ND	<1/2RL	90-110%	
ICB	0	0			
ICV	1000	1046.7	104.70%	90-110%	
CCB	0	0			
CCV	2500	2499.8	100%	90-110%	
ICSA&B	500	485.18	97%	80-120%	
LCS	50	46.6	93%	80-120%	
MS	51.2	45.5	89%	75-125%	2%
MSD	50.7	43.9	87%	75-125%	



Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services

# Appendix H

Anomaly Cluster Photo Log







Picture showing propellant can and top in cluster area 1 (MI Sample Area 3).



## Appendix H – Anomaly Cluster Photo Log



Picture showing propellant can and tops present in cluster area 2.

November 2011







Picture showing propellant cans and tops present in cluster area 3 (MI Sample Area 2).







Visible propellant can and tops in cluster area 4.



## Appendix H – Anomaly Cluster Photo Log



Picture showing propellant can tops present in cluster area 5 (MI Sample Area 1).







Individual propellant can located outside the cluster areas along rail bed near the center of the site.



Individual propellant can debris items visible on surface within the southeastern portion of the site.

November 2011



Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services

# Appendix I

**Cumulative Signed Documentation/Correspondence**


Mön, Aug 1, 2011 at 11:09 AM

# Fwd: Prelim Draft Investigation Report for CC-RVAAP-80 Propellant Can Top AOC (UNCLASSIFIED)

1 message

Brian Stockwell <bstockwell@pikainc.com>

To: Sue Boles <sboles@pikainc.com>, Shahram Taherinia <staherinia@pikainc.com>

FYI and archive

------Forwarded message ------From: Tait, Kathryn S Ms CIV NG OHARNG <<u>kathryn.s.tait@us.army.mil</u>> Date: Mon, Aug 1, 2011 at 11:08 AM Subject: Prelim Draft Investigation Report for CC-RVAAP-80 Propellant Can Top AOC (UNCLASSIFIED) To: Brian Stockwell <<u>bstockwell@pikainc.com</u>> Cc: Jay.N.Trumble@usace.army.mil, bguthrie04@comcast.net, "Nichter, Mark W LRL" <<u>Mark.W.Nichter@usace.army.mil</u>>

Classification: UNCLASSIFIED Caveats: FOUO

Brian: I have reviewed and above referenced report and do not have any comments. Good job on the report.

Katie Tait Environmental Specialist 2 Ohio Army National Guard (614)336-6136 kathryn.s.tait@us.army.mil

Classification: UNCLASSIFIED Caveats: FOUO

Regards,

Brian Stockwell Project Manager PIKA International, Inc. Office - <u>330-358-7135</u> Cell - <u>330-352-6955</u>



# Fwd: FW: Formatted Document (Mohr) - RVAAP - Group 2 Propellant Can Tops AOC (UNCLASSIFIED)

Brian Stockwell <bstockwell@pikainc.com> To: Sue Boles <sboles@pikainc.com>

Thu, Oct 27, 2011 at 11:10 AM

fyi

----- Forwarded message ------From: Trumble, Jay N LRL < Jay.N.Trumble@usace.army.mil> Date: Thu, Oct 27, 2011 at 10:54 AM Subject: FW: Formatted Document (Mohr) - RVAAP - Group 2 Propellant Can Tops AOC (UNCLASSIFIED) To: Brian Stockwell < bstockwell@pikainc.com>

Classification: UNCLASSIFIED Caveats: NONE

Brian,

I just saw something and asked my chemist a question. She is going to look at the disk, but if we do not have the raw data, expect a request for it.

I was starting to put together a brief history to get an Army conversation started on her comment #13. Check on it, but it looks like the average perchlorate in soil is around 0.1 parts per trillion. 1/10,000 of a part per billion.

It looks like this might be off by three zeros. The 2007 hoped for detection (or reporting) limit was 2.0 ppb.

Thank you, Jay Trumble Project Engineer, Environmental Engineering Engineering Division, Louisville District office: 502-315-6349 fax: 502-315-6309 jay.n.trumble@usace.army.mil

-----Original Message-----From: Schillo, Kathy [mailto:Kathy.Schillo@epa.state.oh.us] Sent: Monday, October 24, 2011 3:03 PM To: Burke, Justin; Eberle, Mike; Fisher, Todd; Beckham, Glen LRL; Trumble, Jay N LRL; 'william.meade1@us.army.mil'; 'kathryn.s.tait@us.army.mil'; 'Kim.Harriz@us.army.mil'; 'christy.esler@us.army.mil'; 'bstockwell@pikainc.com'; 'sboles@pikainc.com'; 'mark.c.patterson@us.army.mil' Cc: Mohr, Eileen Subject: Formatted Document (Mohr) - RVAAP - Group 2 Propellant Can Tops AOC

For your records, attached is Eileen Mohr's letter and enclosure to Mr. Mark Patterson with RVAAP, regarding: RAVENNA ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT, GROUP 2 PROPELLANT CAN TOPS AOC, PORTAGE/TRUMBULL COUNTIES, OHIO EPA ID # 267000859160. If you have any questions, please contact Eileen directly. Thank you. Classification: UNCLASSIFIED Caveats: NONE

--Regards,

Brian Stockwell Project Manager PIKA International, Inc. Office - <u>330-358-7135</u> Cell - <u>330-352-6955</u>



# **RVAAP Group 2 response to comment**

1 message

### Brian Stockwell <bstockwell@pikainc.com>

Wed, Nov 2, 2011 at 1:41 PM

To: Eileen Mohr <eileen.mohr@epa.state.oh.us>

Cc: Eric S LRL Cheng <Eric.S.Cheng@usace.army.mil>, "Esler, Christy L Ms ARMY GUEST USA OSA USA" <christy.esler@us.army.mil>, "Tait, Kathryn S CIV NGOH" <kathryn.s.tait@us.army.mil>, "Trumble, Jay N LRL" <Jay.N.Trumble@usace.army.mil>, "Patterson, Mark C Mr CIV USA OSA" <mark.c.patterson@us.army.mil>, Sue Boles <sboles@pikainc.com>, Shahram Taherinia <staherinia@pikainc.com>, Shahrukh Kanga <skanga@pikainc.com>

Hi Eileen - attached please find the response to comments for the *Draft Investigation Report for the Compliance Restoration site-CC-RVAAP-80-Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environemtal Services.* If you have any questions or require any clarification, please let me know.

--Regards,

Brian Stockwell Project Manager PIKA International, Inc. Office - <u>330-358-7135</u> Cell - <u>330-352-6955</u>

DraftGroup2Corrbas11-2-11.doc 87K

## DOCUMENT: Draft Investigation Report for the Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services

REVIEWER: Eileen T. Mohr, Ohio EPA, NEDO, DERR

DATE: October 24, 2011

Cmt #	Pg #/ Line #	Comment	Recommendation/ Requirement	Response
1	7/29	Text change.	Change text to read: "The following tasks were" (The text already indicated that there was one primary objective.)	The text on page 7, line 29 will be changed to read " <i>The following</i> <i>tasks were achieved during the</i> <i>investigation:</i> "
2	8/18	Move text.	After the existing text, add: The Camp Ravenna perimeter fence encloses both installations. (The text is being moved from pg. 10/16-19.)	The text on page 10, lines 16-19 which reads "The Camp Ravenna perimeter fence encloses both installations" will be moved to follow the sentence on page 8, line 18."
3	10/1	Text change.	Change to: "Demilitarization of various other"	The noted text on page 10, line 1 will be changed to read "Demilitarization of various other munitions was conducted from October 1982 through 1992."
4	10/11- 17	Text deletion.	Delete this paragraph, as it is basically a duplication of information found on page 8.	The noted text on page 10, line 11- 17 will be deleted.
5	11/23	Text change.	Change to: "A map showing"	The text on page 10, line 23 will be changed to read "A map showing the location of the Building DB-802 within LL2 is presented in Appendix B, Figure 4."
6	18/6-7	Text change.	Change text to read: "activities, 100- foot by 100-foot grids were surveyed and marked across the site"	The noted sentence on page 18, will be changed to read "Prior to initiating the geophysical activities, 100-foot by 100-foot grids were

7	19/1-2	Clarification requested		surveyed and marked across the site to facilitate the investigation."
1	19/1-2	Clarification requested.	Clarify whether or not the assertion that there was/is no disturbance of the sub- surface lithology is based upon the GPR or some other observation. Add to the text.	To clarify, the noted text on page 19, lines 1-2 will be revised to read "Additionally, based upon the GPR data results there were no signs of disturbance within the subsurface lithology (i.e., signs of excavation and dumping)."
8	19/24	Text change.	Revise text to read: " representatives from the Ohio EPA to evaluate" (The assumption would be that PIKA would be present.)	The noted text on page 19, line 24 will be revised to read "Prior to collecting the sample, a site walk was conducted on 25 May 2011 with representatives from the Ohio EPA to evaluate each of the anomaly cluster areas for selecting the three (3) MI sample areas."
9	21/17	Text change.	Change to: "above the RSL and/or RVAAP- specific Surface Soil"	The noted text on page 21, line 17 will be changed to read "The RVAAP full suite sample (MI sample Area 2, Sample PCTss- 002M-0001) did show detectable concentrations for five (5) metal analytes (arsenic, lead, mercury, vanadium, zinc) that are slightly above the RSL and/or RVAAP- specific Surface Soil Background Criteria."

10	21/29- 32	Text change.	Revise to read: " each of the MI samples were sent to the laboratory. Subsequent to lab analyses, excess soils were disposed of by the laboratory. As such, no IDW was generated that required disposal by PIKA."	The noted text on page 21, lines 29-32 will be revised to read "Additionally, all the soils generated from the 30 aliquots at each of the MI samples were sent to the laboratory. Subsequent to lab analyses, excess soils were disposed of by the laboratory. As such, no IDW was generated that required disposal by PIKA.
11	25/16	Text change.	Change to: "above the RSL and/or RVAAP- specific Surface Soil"	The noted text on page 25, line 16 will be revised to read "The RVAAP full suite sample (MI sample Area 2, Sample PCTss-002M-0001) did show detectable concentrations for five (5) metal analytes (arsenic, lead, mercury, vanadium, zinc) that are slightly above the RSL and/or RVAAP-specific Surface Soil Background Criteria."
12	25/20	Text change.	Change to: "estimated, i.e., below the reporting limit." (The screening levels have nothing to do with the flagging.)	The noted text on page 25, line 20 will be changed to read "Both perchlorate and propellants were reported at MI Sample Area 1 (sample PCTss-001M-0001-SO); including the associated duplicate sample, and also at MI Sample Area 3 (sample PCTss-003M-0001- SO), however each result was

				flagged as estimated, i.e., below the reporting limit."
13	25	Notes to Army.	<ol> <li>Subsurface samples need to be taken.</li> <li>The other 2 clusters need to have sampling conducted.</li> <li>What are the plans for investigating the individual anomalies?</li> <li>What are the plans for AOC clean-up?</li> </ol>	Acknowledged.
14	Арр А	Point of information.	Did not review the SOW.	Acknowledged.
15	App B/ Fig 1	Map change.	Need to add AOC boundaries to the key, or remove from the lower map.	Appendix B, Figure 1 will be revised to include the AOC boundaries in the key.
16	App B/ Fig 2	Map changes.	<ul> <li>a. Need to add AOC boundaries to the key, or remove from the map.</li> <li>b. Need to add igloos (etc.) to the key.</li> <li>c. There are a number of rectangular areas that appear on this map. Unclear as to what these are. If these are artifacts, please remove.</li> <li>d. Check all roads (ex. there are 2 Demolition Roads at the bottom of the map on the SW.)</li> </ul>	Appendix B, Figure 2 will be revised as noted in the listed changes a through d.

17	App B/ Fig 3	Map clarification.	Clarify whether or not any of the depicted streams/tribs should be intermittent.	Appendix B, Figure 3 will be revised to depict which streams/tributaries are intermittent and a new symbol for intermittent streams will be added to the key.
18	App B/ Fig 4	Map change.	Add AOC boundary to the legend.	The AOC boundary will be added to Appendix B, Figure 4.
19	App B/ Fig 5	Map changes.	<ul><li>a. Add the source of this information to the figure.</li><li>b. The key is not legible, please re-do.</li></ul>	Appendix B, Figure 5 will be revised as noted in the listed changes a and b.
20	App B/ Fig 6	Map changes.	<ul> <li>a. Add a key.</li> <li>b. The anomaly designations are not legible. Please re-do so, that the figure can be read.</li> </ul>	Appendix B, Figure 6 will be revised as noted in the listed changes a and b.
21	App B/ Fig 7	Map changes.	a. Add a scale. b. Add a key.	Appendix B, Figure 7 will be revised as noted in the listed changes a and b.
22	App B/ Fig 8	Map change.	In the small "Site Location" box, the site is marked as a small dot on the SE side of a larger red area. It is unclear as to what the red area depicts. Please clarify.	The large red area is the fenced in area comprised of the RVAAP Group 2, Area 1, and Area 2.
23	App D/ Pg 13/ Fig 1	Map changes.	<ul><li>a. Add a scale.</li><li>b. Add a key.</li><li>c. Add a north arrow.</li></ul>	Figure 1 on page 13 of Appendix D will be revised as noted in the listed changes a through c.
24	App D/ Pg 14/ Fig 2	Map changes.	<ul> <li>a. The map is very difficult to read.</li> <li>Please make this more legible.</li> <li>b. Add a scale.</li> <li>c. Add a key.</li> </ul>	Figure 2 on page 14 of Appendix D will be revised as noted in the listed changes a through c.
25	App D/	Map change.	a. Add a scale.	A scale will be added to Figure 3

	Pg 15/			on page 15 of Appendix D.
26	Fig 3 App D/ Pg 16/ Fig 4	The map depicts the GPR processed data.	However, the text does not have a corresponding good explanation of this figure or for the GPR data as a whole. This should be added to the text.	For explanation, additional text will be added to Figure 4, Appendix D to point out that the GPR data images are showing consistent soil lithology (i.e., undisturbed) at each of the cluster areas.
27	App D/ Pg 17/ Fig 5	Map changes.	a. Add a scale. b. Add a key. c. Add a north arrow.	Figure 5 on page 17 of Appendix D will be revised as noted in the listed changes a through c.
28	App D/ Pg 18	Text clarification.	What is meant by "project size anomalies?"	For clarification the noted text on page 18 of Appendix D will be revised to read "
29	App D/ Pg 18	The text indicates that all the anomalies were surveyed and the GPS coordinates are on an attached spreadsheet.	No spreadsheet was included. Please include.	The coordinates have been added to Figure 2. For clarification the noted text will be changed to read <i>"All anomalies have been surveyed and the coordinates are included on Figure 2."</i>
30	App D/ Pg 19	Disagree with the statement that the goal of the project was to identify the areas of the Propellant Can Tops.	The goals and objectives were as stated on pages 7 and 8 of the main text. Revise accordingly.	The noted text on page 19 of Appendix D will be revised to read "The data collection achieved the overall defined objectives for the project by delineating the boundaries of the propellant can top areas in order confirm the presence or absence of releases of propellants and/or other MC to the surface soils at the Group 2 Propellant Cans Tops site."

31	App E	No chain of custody form is included in the document.	Add the COC to the revised document.	The missing COC noted in Appendix E will be included in the revised document.
32	App E	Revision of the tables needed.	The tables should have the RLs listed, not just that the analytical results were <rl. please="" revise.<="" td=""><td>The summary tables in Appendix E will be revised to list the RLs as noted.</td></rl.>	The summary tables in Appendix E will be revised to list the RLs as noted.
33	App E	Addition of footnotes.	Add to the revised tables what is meant by ER and SO.	The following information will be added to the footnotes for the tables in Appendix E: <i>"ER = Equipment Rinse</i> SO = Soil"
34	App G	a. pg 3/2 <sup>nd</sup> para. b. pg 5/2 <sup>nd</sup> sentence. c. pg 6/section 2.2 d. pg 8/section 2.4 e. pg 10/section 2.5 f. pg 10/section 2.5.4 g. pg 11/section 2.6 h. pg 12/section 2.7 i. pg 13/section 2.7 i. pg 13/section 2.8 j. pg 14/section 2.9 k. pg 15/section 2.10 l. pg 16/section 2.11 m. pg 23/section 2.18.4 n. pg 26/section 2.23.5 p. pg 27/section 2.23.5 g. pg 27/section 3.3.3	<ul> <li>a. The text indicates that the samples were picked up by North Canton personnel, then went to Denver and Sacramento, and then back to North Canton. As this doesn't make a lot of sense, please clarify.</li> <li>b. Please clarify the sentence that begins: "Ten Percent"</li> <li>c. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.</li> <li>d. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.</li> <li>d. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined</li> </ul>	a. Based upon the chain of custodies, the samples were picked up by North Canton, There is no further evidence that as to how the samples were distributed by the laboratory narrative. I can only state what labs received what. Based upon the reports generated, North Canton picked up the samples on 5/26/11. They state in their general chemistry report for Nitrocellulose that the samples were received 6/3/11. Based upon that information, what you said in point a may be true. They did send the samples to Sacramento and then back to North Canton.

FAGE 0

<ul> <li>r. pg 28/section 3.4/top of the page</li> <li>s. pg 8 of the App B checklists</li> <li>t. pg 10 of the App B checklists</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.</li> <li>e. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.</li> <li>f. Because something is not</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>b. In a level IV review only 10% of the data is completely reviewed.</li> <li>The remaining data is verified if an issue is found in the initial review.</li> <li>Common comment for c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j, k, l, n. That is a boiler plate comment. In some reviews certain compounds are of concern and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>investigated further the recovery issue is not significant, and the data is valid? Please explain this reasoning.</li> <li>g. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.</li> <li>h. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined and by whom? Explain. All a particular method are of concern.</li> <li>h. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined and by whom? Explain. All</li> </ul>	others are not. For example PAHs are run by 8270 and that was the only part of the list that was of concern. Additionally, the method list contains numbers of compounds or elements that are not part of the standard reporting list but are included in the raw data. Those compounds or elements that are analyzed but not reported are not analytes of concern and are not reviewed. It can be removed but is typically required.
	<ul> <li>compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.</li> <li>i. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.</li> </ul>	f. The laboratory uses that statement as a means to terminate their review. If nothing is done to further verify the supposed issue then there is no confirmation that an issue exists or that the problem may have been laboratory error

······································	····		
	j.	The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined	and not necessarily a true matrix problem. Therefore if the laboratory does not further
		and by whom? Explain. All	investigate, then the issue cannot
*	1	compounds analyzed within a	be verified. MS/MSD is more of a
	1	particular method are of concern.	validation of digestion than true
	L	The text indicates that the validation	matrix interference. A true matrix
	<u> </u>	reviewed only those compounds of	interference would be resolved by
	ļ	concern. How were these determined	use of Method of Standard
		and by whom? Explain. All	Additions as required for CLP work.
			Additionally, the MS/MSD only
		compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.	affects the sample tested and does
	1	The text indicates that the validation	not affect the entire batch.
	1.	reviewed only those compounds of	not anect the entire bator.
		concern. How were these determined	m. This comment is in regard to
		and by whom? Explain. All	the Lead MS/MSD recoveries. The
		compounds analyzed within a	issue with lead in many of these
		particular method are of concern.	munitions and firing ranges is that
	m	. The matrix spike passed and the	the lead source above normal soil
	111	matrix spike duplicate and RPD failed.	lead levels is often metallic.
		The validator indicated that the	Metallic Lead does not go through
		MS/MSD did not impact the sample	the mixing, grinding, and sieving
		data based upon professional	process well because it is
		judgment. Can additional explanation	malleable. Often it does not break
		be given? (Trying to understand the	up into a finer particle but into
		reasoning, not questioning the	slivers or pieces that get through
		validator's professional judgment.)	the process and are still not
	n.		uniformly distributed throughout the
	1 11.	reviewed only those compounds of	soil. Most soil lead is a compound
		concern. How were these determined	and not the lead metal by nature.
		and by whom? Explain. All	Based upon my experience in
		and by whom ( Explain. All	Dased upon my experience in

<ul> <li>compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.</li> <li>o. The text in this section indicates that sample homogeneity may have been an issue, it is unclear as to how this could have been an issue, given that the samples were to be dried, sieved, and ground. Please explain further.</li> <li>p. The text indicates that antimony is not a common element in soil. Please. provide further clarification, sources, etc., for this statement. While it may be a trace element compared to others, it is quite frequently found in soil samples obtained from RVAAP.</li> <li>q. The text references a holding time issue with the equipment rinsate sample. Provide additional information.</li> <li>r. Change text to read: " in the proper condition, and all soil analyses were performed within the proper holding time." (Section 3.3.3 indicated that the samples were extend within the soil. The digestion for soil is the same as for wark. The digestion for soil is the same as for wark. The digestion for soil is the same as for wark. The digestion the soil. The digestion for soil is the same as for wark. The digestion the soil. The digestion for soil is the same as for wark. The digestion has to be changed for soil but such modifications are not under the laboratory's control, thus this problem will continue. Basically J</li> </ul>		 		······································
<ul> <li>o. The text in this section indicates that sample homogeneity may have been an issue. It is unclear as to how this could have been an issue, given that the samples were to be dried, sieved, and ground. Please explain further.</li> <li>p. The text indicates that antimony is not a common element in soil. Please explain further carification, sources, etc., for this statement. While it may be a trace element compared to others, it is quite frequently found in soil samples obtained from RVAAP.</li> <li>q. The text references a holding time issue with the equipment rinsate sample. Provide additional information.</li> <li>r. Change text to read: " in the proper condition, and all soil analyses were performed within the proper holding time." (Section 3.3.3 indicated that the samples were extracted within the digestion of soil is the same as for work for Artimony in thes soil. The digestion for soil is the same as for work for Artimony in the soil. The digestion for soil is the same as for work for Artimony in the soil. The digestion for soil is the same as for work for Artimony in the soil. The digestion for soil is the same as for work for Artimony in the soil. The digestion for soil is the same as for water. The digestion has to be changed for soil but such modifications are not under the laboratory's control, thus this problem will continue. Basically I</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>sample homogeneity may have been an issue. It is unclear as to how this could have been an issue, given that the samples were to be dried, sieved, and ground. Please explain further.</li> <li>p. The text indicates that antimony is not a common element in soil. Please . provide further clarification, sources, etc., for this statement. While it may be a trace element compared to others, it is quite frequently found in soil samples obtained from RVAAP.</li> <li>q. The text references a holding time issue with the equipment rinsate sample. Provide additional information.</li> <li>r. Change text to read: " in the proper condition, and all soil analyses were performed within the proper holding time." (Section 3.3.3 indicated that the samples were extracted within the holding time. Yet the comments on pg. 9 state the opposite. Rectify the disconnect.</li> <li>o. This comment relates to the MS/MSD comment. It comes back to the grinding part. Lead does not with outstribute evenly throughout the sample.</li> <li>p. This comes from experience in the CLP program. Antimony in water digests well and recoveries are often very good. Antimony in water digests well and recoveries in soil were poor at best. In the CLP program we ignored the spikes because the problem was so common. This is due to using a digestion process that does not work for Antimony in the soil. The digestion for soil is the same as for water. The digestion has to be changed for soil but such modifications are not under the laboratory's control, thus this problem will continue. Basically I</li> </ul>			•	
<ul> <li>an issue. It is unclear as to how this could have been an issue, given that the samples were to be dried, sieved, and ground. Please explain further.</li> <li>p. The text indicates that antimony is not a common element in soil. Please .</li> <li>provide further clarification, sources, etc., for this statement. While it may be a trace element compared to others, it is quite frequently found in soil samples obtained from RVAAP.</li> <li>q. The text references a holding time issue with the equipment rinsate sample. Provide additional information.</li> <li>r. Change text to read: " in the proper condition, and all soil analyses were performed within the proper holding time." (Section 3.3.3 indicated that there were holding time." (Section 3.3.3 indicated that there samples were extracted within the holding time. Yet the comments on pg. 9 state the opposite. Rectify the disconnect.</li> </ul>		0.		it also includes copper as well.
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PAGE 11



# **RVAAP Group 2 response to comment**

Mohr, Eileen <eileen.mohr@epa.state.oh.us>

To: Brian Stockwell <bstockwell@pikainc.com>

Fri, Nov 4, 2011 at 2:16 PM

Cc: Eric S LRL Cheng <Eric.S. Cheng@usace.army.mil>, "Esler, Christy L Ms ARMY GUEST USA OSA USA" <christy.esler@us.army.mil>, "Tait, Kathryn S CIV NGOH" <kathryn.s.tait@us.army.mil>, "Trumble, Jay N LRL" <Jay.N.Trumble@usace.army.mil>, "Patterson, Mark C Mr CIV USA OSA" <mark.c.patterson@us.army.mil>, Sue Boles <sboles@pikainc.com>, Shahram Taherinia <staherinia@pikainc.com>, Shahrukh Kanga <skanga@pikainc.com>, "Mohr, Eileen" <eileen.mohr@epa.state.oh.us>, "Fisher, Todd" <todd.fisher@epa.state.oh.us>

Hi Brian:

I had a look at the RTCs and have a couple comments:

1. Please complete the response to comment #28.

2. Comment #34 related to the data validation process. Many of the responses to me seemed to present circular arguments and didn't really answer the questions I had: specifically 34 c, d, e,f, g, h, i, j, k, l, n, s, t. Given the fact that additional sampling efforts will be needed at this AOC, I am willing to let the responses to #34 stand, if I can get an email from the USACE chemist indicating that these issues have no impact on the data and the results are valid.

Thanks. Have a great weekend.

Eileen

From: Brian Stockwell [bstockwell@pikainc.com]
Sent: Wednesday, November 02, 2011 1:41 PM
To: Mohr, Eileen
Cc: Eric S LRL Cheng; Esler, Christy L Ms ARMY GUEST USA OSA USA; Tait, Kathryn S CIV NGOH; Trumble, Jay N LRL; Patterson, Mark C Mr CIV USA OSA; Sue Boles; Shahram Taherinia; Shahrukh Kanga
Subject: RVAAP Group 2 response to comment

[Quoted text hidden]



# **RVAAP Group 2 response to comment**

#### Brian Stockwell <bstockwell@pikainc.com>

To: "Mohr, Eileen" <eileen.mohr@epa.state.oh.us>

Fri, Nov 4, 2011 at 3:30 PM

Cc: Eric S LRL Cheng <Eric.S.Cheng@usace.army.mil>, "Esler, Christy L Ms ARMY GUEST USA OSA USA" <christy.esler@us.army.mil>, "Tait, Kathryn S CIV NGOH" <kathryn.s.tait@us.army.mil>, "Trumble, Jay N LRL" <Jay.N.Trumble@usace.army.mil>, "Patterson, Mark C Mr CIV USA OSA" <mark.c.patterson@us.army.mil>, Sue Boles <sboles@pikainc.com>, Shahram Taherinia <staherinia@pikainc.com>, Shahrukh Kanga <skanga@pikainc.com>, "Fisher, Todd" <todd.fisher@epa.state.oh.us>

got it - thanks Eileen

Brian [Quoted text hidden]



# Fwd: RVAAP Group 2 response to comment (UNCLASSIFIED)

Brian Stockwell <bstockwell@pikainc.com>

Mon, Nov 7, 2011 at 3:28 PM

To: Sue Boles <sboles@pikainc.com>, Shahram Taherinia <staherinia@pikainc.com>

fyi

------ Forwarded message ------From: **Trumble, Jay N LRL** <<u>Jay.N.Trumble@usace.army.mil</u>> Date: Mon, Nov 7, 2011 at 3:18 PM Subject: RE: RVAAP Group 2 response to comment (UNCLASSIFIED) To: Brian Stockwell <<u>bstockwell@pikainc.com</u>>

Classification: UNCLASSIFIED Caveats: NONE

Brian,

Yes.

Jay Trumble Project Engineer, Environmental Engineering Engineering Division, Louisville District office: <u>502-315-6349</u> fax: <u>502-315-6309</u> jay.n.trumble@usace.army.mil

-----Original Message-----From: Brian Stockwell [mailto:<u>bstockwell@pikainc.com]</u> Sent: Monday, November 07, 2011 2:36 PM To: Trumble, Jay N LRL Subject: Fwd: RVAAP Group 2 response to comment

Hi Jay - will Kathy be looking at the Data Validation responses per below ? Thanks

------ Forwarded message ------From: Mohr, Eileen <<u>eileen.mohr@epa.state.oh.us</u>> Date: Fri, Nov 4, 2011 at 2:16 PM Subject: RE: RVAAP Group 2 response to comment To: Brian Stockwell <<u>bstockwell@pikainc.com</u>> Cc: Eric S LRL Cheng <<u>Eric.S.Cheng@usace.army.mil</u>>, "Esler, Christy L Ms ARMY GUEST USA OSA USA" <<u>christy.esler@us.army.mil</u>>, "Tait, Kathryn S CIV NGOH" <<u>kathryn.s.tait@us.army.mil</u>>, "Trumble, Jay N LRL" <<u>Jay.N.Trumble@usace.army.mil</u>>, "Patterson, Mark C Mr CIV USA OSA" <<u>mark.c.patterson@us.army.mil</u>>, Sue Boles <<u>sboles@pikainc.com</u>>, Shahram Taherinia <<u>staherinia@pikainc.com</u>>, Shahrukh Kanga <<u>skanga@pikainc.com</u>>, "Mohr, Eileen" <<u>eileen.mohr@epa.state.oh.us</u>>, "Fisher, Todd"

<todd.fisher@epa.state.oh.us>

Hi Brian:

I had a look at the RTCs and have a couple comments:

1. Please complete the response to comment #28.

2. Comment #34 related to the data validation process. Many of the responses to me seemed to present circular arguments and didn't really answer the questions I had: specifically 34 c, d, e,f, g, h, i, j, k, I, n, s, t. Given the fact that additional sampling efforts will be needed at this AOC, I am willing to let the responses to #34 stand, if I can get an email from the USACE chemist indicating that these issues have no impact on the data and the results are valid.

Thanks. Have a great weekend.

Eileen

To: Mohr, Eileen

Cc: Eric S LRL Cheng; Esler, Christy L Ms ARMY GUEST USA OSA USA; Tait, Kathryn S CIV NGOH; Trumble, Jay N LRL; Patterson, Mark C Mr CIV USA OSA; Sue Boles; Shahram Taherinia; Shahrukh Kanga Subject: RVAAP Group 2 response to comment

Hi Eileen - attached please find the response to comments for the Draft Investigation Report for the Compliance Restoration site-CC-RVAAP-80-Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environemtal Services. If you have any questions or require any clarification, please let me know.

--

Regards,

Brian Stockwell Project Manager PIKA International, Inc. Office - <u>330-358-7135</u> Cell - <u>330-352-6955</u>

--

Regards,

From: Brian Stockwell [bstockwell@pikainc.com] Sent: Wednesday, November 02, 2011 1:41 PM

Brian Stockwell Project Manager PIKA International, Inc. Office - <u>330-358-7135</u> Cell - <u>330-352-6955</u>

Classification: UNCLASSIFIED Caveats: NONE

--

Regards,

Brian Stockwell Project Manager PIKA International, Inc. Office - <u>330-358-7135</u> Cell - <u>330-352-6955</u> Trumble, Jay N LRL <Jay.N.Trumble@usace.army.mil>



Sue Boles <sboles@pikainc.com>

# FW: Ravenna Propellant Can Tops (UNCLASSIFIED)

2 messages

Mon, Jan 23, 2012 at 10:51 AM

To: Sue Boles <sboles@pikainc.com> Cc: Brian Stockwell <bstockwell@pikainc.com>, "Krantz, Kathy J LRL" <Kathy.J.Krantz@usace.army.mil>, "Beckham, Glen LRL" <Glen.Beckham@usace.army.mil>

Classification: UNCLASSIFIED Caveats: NONE

Sue,

Please see below.

Thank you, Jay Trumble Project Engineer, Environmental Engineering Engineering Division, Louisville District office: <u>502-315-6349</u> fax: <u>502-315-6309</u> jay.n.trumble@usace.army.mil

-----Original Message-----From: Mohr, Eileen [mailto:<u>eileen.mohr@epa.state.oh.us]</u> Sent: Monday, January 23, 2012 8:32 AM To: Trumble, Jay N LRL Cc: Beckham, Glen LRL; Krantz, Kathy J LRL; Mohr, Eileen Subject: RE: Ravenna Propellant Can Tops (UNCLASSIFIED)

That's good. Thanks Jay.

-----Original Message-----From: Trumble, Jay N LRL [mailto:<u>Jay.N.Trumble@usace.army.mil]</u> Sent: Thursday, January 19, 2012 4:01 PM To: Mohr, Eileen Cc: Beckham, Glen LRL; Krantz, Kathy J LRL Subject: FW: Ravenna Propellant Can Tops (UNCLASSIFIED)

Classification: UNCLASSIFIED Caveats: NONE

Eileen,

Based upon the email you sent to Brian Stockwell on 4 November, Kathy reviewed your comments, the responses, and looked over the report again.

"2. Comment #34 related to the data validation process. Many of the responses to me seemed to present circular arguments and didn't really answer the questions I had: specifically 34 c, d, e,f, g, h, i, j, k, I, n, s, t. Given the fact

that additional sampling efforts will be needed at this AOC, I am willing to let the responses to #34 stand, if I can get an email from the USACE chemist indicating that these issues have no impact on the data and the results are valid."

Kathy had the attached independent data validation report completed for the CC-80 chemistry. The data is useable. This document and the DVR will be added to the Pika report.

Please let me know if I need to do anything else.

Thank you, Jay Trumble Project Engineer, Environmental Engineering Engineering Division, Louisville District office: <u>502-315-6349</u> fax: <u>502-315-6309</u> jay.n.trumble@usace.army.mil

-----Original Message-----From: Krantz, Kathy J LRL Sent: Thursday, January 19, 2012 2:47 PM To: Trumble, Jay N LRL Subject: FW: Ravenna Propellant Can Tops (UNCLASSIFIED)

Classification: UNCLASSIFIED Caveats: NONE

Here it is Jay.

-----Original Message-----From: Patti Meeks [mailto:<u>patti.meeks@mecx.net]</u> Sent: Thursday, January 19, 2012 2:13 PM To: Kinder, Derek S LRL; Krantz, Kathy J LRL Cc: <u>elizabeth.wessling@mecx.net</u> Subject: Ravenna Propellant Can Tops

Derek and Kathy,

Attached please find the Final Data Validation Report for the Ravenna Group 2 Propellant Can Tops May 2011 Sampling Event. Hardcopy reports should be sent out tomorrow via UPS. Please let me know if you have any questions regarding this submission.

Thanks, Patti

patti meeks, phd | environmental chemist

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Thank You Jay. [Quoted text hidden]

## Sue Boles

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U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Louisville District

## Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant Group 2 Propellant Can Tops May 2011 Sampling Ravenna, Ohio

## Final Data Validation Report Sample Delivery Groups: G1F030473

January 2012

Prepared for: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Louisville District Contract No. W912QR-08-D-0001 Delivery Order 0033

Prepared by: MEC<sup>x</sup>, LP 12269 East Vassar Drive Aurora, Colorado 80014



### CONTRACTOR STATEMENT OF INDEPENDANT TECHNICAL REVIEW

MEC<sup>X</sup>, LP (MEC<sup>X</sup>) has completed the Data Validation Report for one sample delivery group from the Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant Group 2 Propellant Can Tops, May 2011 Sampling. Notice is hereby given that an independent technical review has been conducted to determine the usability and bias of the analytical data.

Significant concerns and the resolution are as follows:

None

As noted above, all concerns resulting from this independent technical review have been considered.

A 4).

Elizabeth Wessling Senior Environmental Chemist MEC<sup>X</sup> Independent Technical Review Team Leader

Patti Meeks, Ph.D. Senior Environmental Chemist MEC<sup>X</sup> Independent Technical Review Team Member

### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The overall objective of the project described in this document was to conduct an initial investigation of the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops areas to delineate the boundaries of the propellant can top areas and confirm the presence or absence of releases of propellants and/or other munitions constituents to the surface soils at this area of concern. Data described in this report are comprised of three primary multi-incremental soil samples, one discrete soil sample, one field duplicate sample, one equipment rinsate sample and one trip blank collected by PIKA International, Inc. in May 2011.

This report details the findings of the third party data validation, analysis of field duplicate results, and the determination of data usability performed by  $MEC^{X} LP (MEC^{X})$  on the samples described above.

The following analyses were performed by TestAmerica Laboratories, West Sacramento (TA-West Sacramento) located in West Sacramento, California:

- United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) SW-846 Method 6010B for 22 metals on samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER
- USEPA SW-846 Method 7470A/7471A for mercury on samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER
- USEPA SW-846 Method 8330B for 15 explosives on samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER
- USEPA Method 8330B for nitroglycerin and the propellant nitroguanidine on samples PCTss-001M-0001-SO, PCT22-001M-0001-DUP, PCTss-002M-0001-SO, PCTss-002M-0001-ER, and PCTss-003M-0001-SO
- USEPA SW-846 Method 8260B for 33 volatile organic compounds (VOCs) on samples PCT22-002D-0001-SO and TRIP BLANK
- USEPA SW-846 Method 8270C for 64 semivolatile compounds (SVOCs) on samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER
- USEPA SW-846 Method 8081 for 21 pesticides on samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER
- USEPA SW-846 Method 8082 for 7 polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) on samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER
- USEPA Method 353.2 for the propellant nitrocellulose on samples PCTss-001M-0001-SO, PCT22-001M-0001-DUP, PCTss-002M-0001-SO, PCTss-002M-0001-ER, and PCTss-003M-0001-SO

TA-West Sacramento subcontracted samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER to TA-North Canton, located in North Canton, Ohio, for cyanide analysis by USEPA SW-846 Method 9012A. Samples PCTss-001M-0001-SO, PCT22-001M-0001-DUP, PCTss-002M-0001-SO, PCTss-002M-0001-ER, and PCTss-003M-0001-SO were subcontracted by TA-West

Sacramento to TA-Denver, located in Arvada, Colorado, for perchlorate analysis by USEPA SW-846 Method 6860.

No quality assurance (QA) split samples were required for this field effort.

Specific concerns regarding the data are noted below:

. . .

- The laboratory Receipt Checklist noted that sample PTss-001M-0001-DUP was not received. The resolution of this comment was not documented in the data package.
- As noted above, sample PCTss-001M-0001-DUP was not received at the laboratory. Per PIKA direction, the laboratory collected an additional sub-sample of PCTss-001M-001-SO and labeled this volume as PCTss-001M-0001-DUP. This sample is considered a laboratory duplicate and not a valid field duplicate.
- The following reporting limits exceeded the criteria listed in the Facility-Wide Quality Assurance Project Plan (FWQAPP). Unless otherwise noted below, the method detection limits (MDLs) met the criteria, indicating the laboratory's ability to detect these analytes at the concentrations necessary to delineate the site.
  - Antimony selenium, thallium, and silver RLs exceeded the project criteria. The undiluted MDLs for selenium and thallium also exceeded the project criteria
  - Cyanide RL exceeded the project criterion
  - o Chloromethane RL exceeded the project criterion
  - A total of 61 SVOC RLs exceeded the project criteria and all polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) RLs exceeded the project criterion
  - o PCB-1221 RL exceeded the project criterion
  - Dieldrin, endrin, 4,4'-DDD, endosulfan II, 4,4'-DDT, endrin aldehyde, endrin ketone, and endosulfan sulfate RLs exceeded the project criteria

No data were rejected. Results with MDLs that exceed project criteria may or may not be usable for their intended purposes; it is dependent on the final data user to make this determination on a case-by-case basis. All remaining results are usable for their intended purposes as gualified by MEC<sup>X</sup>.

Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant, Propellant Can Tops Data Validation Report

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### ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ADR °C CCB CCC CCV CT %D DoD EDD FWQAPP GC/MS ICSA ICSA ICSA ICSA ICS LCS LCS LCSD MEC <sup>X</sup> MRL MS MDL PCB PIKA QAPP QC QSM RL RPD RRF RSD	Automated Data Review Degrees Celsius Continuing Calibration Blank Calibration Check Compounds Continuing Calibration Verification CT Laboratories Percent Difference Department of Defense Electronic Data Deliverable Facility-Wide Quality Assurance Project Plan Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry Interference Check Sample A Interference Check Sample AB Initial Calibration Verification Inductively Coupled Plasma Louisville Chemistry Guidance Laboratory Control Sample Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate MEC <sup>X</sup> , LP Method Reporting Limit Matrix Spike Matrix Spike Duplicate Method Detection Limit Polychlorinated Biphenyl PIKA International, Inc. Quality Assurance Quality Assurance Project Plan Quality Systems Manual Reporting Limit Relative Percent Difference Relative Response Factor Relative Response Factor Relative Standard Deviation
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RVAAP	Relative Standard Deviation Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant
SAIC	Science Applications International Corporation
SDG	Sample Delivery Group
SPCC	System Performance Check Compound
SVOC	Semivolatile Organic Compounds
TA	TestAmerica Laboratories
USACE	United State Army Corps of Engineers
USEPA	United State Environmental Protection Agency
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## 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 PROJECT OVERVIEW

The overall objective of the project described in this document was to conduct an initial investigation of the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops areas to delineate the boundaries of the propellant can top areas and confirm the presence or absence of releases of propellants and/or other munitions constituents to the surface soils at this area of concern.

Sampling was conducted by PIKA International, Inc. (PIKA) in May 2011. Three primary multiincremental soil samples, one discrete soil sample, one field duplicate sample, one equipment rinsate sample, and one trip blank were collected.

The following analyses were performed by TestAmerica Laboratories, West Sacramento (TA-West Sacramento) located in West Sacramento, California:

- United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) SW-846 Method 6010B for 22 metals on samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER
- USEPA SW-846 Method 7470A/7471A for mercury on samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER
- USEPA SW-846 Method 8330B for 15 explosives on samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER
- USEPA Method 8330B for nitroglycerin and the propellant nitroguanidine on samples PCTss-001M-0001-SO, PCT22-001M-0001-DUP, PCTss-002M-0001-SO, PCTss-002M-0001-ER, and PCTss-003M-0001-SO
- USEPA SW-846 Method 8260B for 33 volatile organic compounds (VOCs) on samples PCT22-002D-0001-SO and TRIP BLANK
- USEPA SW-846 Method 8270C for 64 semivolatile compounds (SVOCs) on samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER
- USEPA SW-846 Method 8081 for 21 pesticides on samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER
- USEPA SW-846 Method 8082 for 7 polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) on samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER
- USEPA Method 353.2 for the propellant nitrocellulose on samples PCTss-001M-0001-SO, PCT22-001M-0001-DUP, PCTss-002M-0001-SO, PCTss-002M-0001-ER, and PCTss-003M-0001-SO

TA-West Sacramento subcontracted samples PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER to TA-North Canton, located in North Canton, Ohio, for cyanide analysis by USEPA SW-846 Method 9012A. Samples PCTss-001M-0001-SO, PCT22-001M-0001-DUP, PCTss-002M-0001-SO, PCTss-002M-0001-ER, and PCTss-003M-0001-SO were subcontracted by TA-West Sacramento to TA-Denver, located in Arvada, Colorado, for perchlorate analysis by USEPA SW-846 Method 6860.

No quality assurance (QA) samples were required for this field effort.

This report describes findings of the third party data validation, analysis of field duplicate results, and the determination of data usability performed by MEC<sup>X</sup>, LP (MEC<sup>X</sup>) on the site samples reported in SDG G1F030473 from TA-West Sacramento.

### 1.2 PREVIOUS ACTIVITIES AND DATA

The following summary was adapted from the Facility-Wide Sampling and Analysis Plan for Environmental Investigations at the Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant, Ravenna, Ohio (FWQAPP) prepared by Science Applications International Corporation (SAIC) in March 2001, and supplemental information provided to MEC<sup>X</sup> by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE).

Located in northeastern Ohio on approximately 21,000 acres, Ravenna Army Ammunitions Plant (RVAAP) was established in 1940 to load, store, and demilitarize conventional artillery ammunition, bombs, mines, fuses and boosters, primers and percussion elements. Originally RVAAP operated as two separate units, the Portage Ordnance Depot and the Ravenna Ordnance Plant. During World War II, a contractor operated the Ravenna Ordnance Depot and the government operated the Portage Ordnance Depot. Ordnance production and storage for World War II continued until August 1945, at which time the facility was renamed the Ravenna Arsenal, and the government assumed control of all operations. Then, from 1951 to 1999, the entire facility was operated by contractors. Ordnance production at the facility was phased out and sent to Plum Brook Ordnance Works in Sandusky, Ohio and Keystone Ordnance Works in Meadville, Pennsylvania. All production at the facility had ceased by 1957 and the plant was placed on standby. In 1961, the plant was operational for seven months, processing and performing explosive melt-out of bombs. After deactivation late in 1961, the facility was renamed RVAAP. From mid-1968 until 1971, the plant was reactivated to load, assemble, and pack munitions on three load lines and two component lines. Operations ceased at Load Lines 1, 2, 3, and 4 in 1971; however, the Lines were reactivated to perform demilitarization operations for several months in 1973 and 1974. In 1992, RVAAP was again placed on "Inactive" status. Salvage and demolition operations started in 1998 and administrative control of the facility was transferred to the Ohio Army National Guard in 1999.

CC-RVAAP-80 consists of the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops area located at RVAAP. Propellant can lids or "tops" were identified on the ground surface/near surface at the southern end of the former Group 2 Ammunition Storage Area. This site was never used or classified as an operational range and these materials are typically classified as Range-Related Debris (RRD).

The soil samples described in this report were collected in order to conduct an initial investigation of the Group 2 Propellant Can Tops areas to delineate the boundaries of the areas and confirm the presence or absence of releases of propellants and/or other munitions constituents to the surface soils at this area of concern.

## 2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK PERFORMED

This section describes the data verification and data validation procedures used during the evaluation of the site samples reported in SDG G1F030473 from TA-West Sacramento.

### 2.1 DATA VALIDATION PROCESS

Three primary multi-incremental soil samples, one discrete soil sample, one multi-incremental field duplicate sample, one equipment rinsate sample and one trip blank were collected in association with the field effort. Level IV validation was performed on PCTss-02D-0001-SO for VOCs and PCTss-02M-0001-SO for all remaining analyses listed in Section 1.1. As noted in Section 3.2 below, sample PCTss-01M-0001-DUP was not a valid field duplicate of sample PCTss-01M-0001-SO; therefore, these samples were assessed as laboratory duplicates.

Data validators assessed results based on the FWQAPP, Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual for Environmental Laboratories Version 4.1 (DoD QSM), the specific EPA methods, the National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (1999), and the National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Data Review (2004). The following were reviewed for Level IV validation:

- Sample management (collection techniques, sample containers, preservation, handling, transport, chain-of-custody, holding times),
- Calibration data summary forms (initial and continuing),
- Method blank sample results,
- Laboratory control sample (LCS) or LCS/LCS duplicate (LCS/LCSD) recoveries and/or precision,
- Surrogate recoveries (if applicable),
- Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) recoveries and precision,
- Field QA/QC sample results,
- Other QC indicators as applicable,
- Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) tuning, if a GC/MS is used,
- Internal standards performance,
- Sample results verification,
- Target compound identification,
- Raw data.

### 2.2 DATA VALIDATION QUALIFIERS

Data qualifiers, as defined below, were applied following the FWQAPP and the DoD QSM:

- U Nondetected at the limit of detection The analyte was analyzed for but not definitively detected.
- J Estimated

The identification of the analyte is acceptable but the quality assurance criteria indicate that the quantitative values may be outside the normal expected range of precision. Additionally used to identify detects reported below the reporting limit.

N Identity Presumptive and Tentative

There is presumptive evidence that the analyte is present but it has not been confirmed. There is an indication that the reported analyte is present; however, all quality control requirements necessary for confirmation were not met.

R Rejected

Data are considered to be rejected and shall not be used for environmental decisions.

### 2.3 DATA VALIDATION FLAGGING CODES

The qualification codes in the following table may have been used to flag the data described in this document: Sample qualifications are shown on the hand-marked sample summary forms in Appendix A.

Qualifier	Organics	Inorganics
Н	Holding times were exceeded.	Holding times were exceeded.
S	Surrogate recovery was outside QC limits.	The sequence or number of standards used for the calibration was incorrect.
С	Calibration %RSD or %D was noncompliant.	Correlation coefficient was noncompliant.
R	Calibration RRF was noncompliant.	%R for calibration is not within control limits.
В	Presumed contamination as indicated by the preparation (method) blank results.	Presumed contamination as indicated by the preparation (method) or calibration blank results.
L	Laboratory Blank Spike/Blank Spike Duplicate %R was not within control limits.	Laboratory Control Sample %R was not within control limits.
Q	MS/MSD recovery was poor or RPD high.	MS recovery was poor.
Ε	Not applicable	Duplicates showed poor agreement.
1	Internal standard performance was unsatisfactory.	ICP ICS results were unsatisfactory.
Α	Not applicable.	ICP Serial Dilution %D were not within control limits.
М	Tuning (BFB or DFTPP) was noncompliant.	ICPMS tuning was noncompliant
	Presumed contamination as indicated by the trip blank results.	Not applicable.
+	False positive – reported compound was not present.	False positive – reported compound was not present.
	False negative - compound was present but	False negative - compound was present but

Table 1.	Qualification	code	reference	table

Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant, Propellant Can Tops Data Validation Report

Qualifier	Organics	Inorganics
	not reported.	not reported.
F	Presumed contamination as indicated by the FB or ER results.	Presumed contamination as indicated by the FB or ER results.
\$	Reported result or other information was incorrect.	Reported result or other information was incorrect.
?	TIC identity or reported retention time has been changed.	Not applicable.
D	The analysis with this flag should not be used because another more technically sound analysis is available.	The analysis with this flag should not be used because another more technically sound analysis is available.
Р	Instrument performance for pesticides was poor.	Post Digestion Spike recovery was not within control limits.
*(), *())	A deficiency was found that has been described in the "Sample Management," section (*II) or the "Method Analyses" section (*III).	A deficiency was found that has been described in the "Sample Management," section (*II) or the "Method Analyses" section (*III).

×---
# 3. DATA ACQUISITION ACTIVITIES

# 3.1 SAMPLE COLLECTION

Soil samples were collected in May 2011. The samples were submitted under chain of custody to the primary laboratory, TA-West Sacramento.

Unless otherwise noted below, the chains of custody associated with the samples validated at Level IV were appropriately signed by both field and/or laboratory personnel with all samples and analyses accounted for, cooler custody seals intact, and within the temperature limits of  $4\pm2^{\circ}$ C. All documentation regarding sample handling as presented in the case narratives, chains of custody, correspondence, and sample condition upon receipt forms was evaluated with the following remaining deficiencies listed in the table below. No further requests were made to the primary contractor or the laboratories, and no data were qualified.

# Chain-of-custody issues

There was a discrepancy between the collection time on the chain of custody and the collection time on the sample containers for PCTss-002M-0001-ER. The time listed on the chain of custody was used by the laboratory.

The container for sample PCTss-002D-0001-SO was labeled PCTss-002-0001-SO. The identification listed on the chain of custody was used by the laboratory.

The laboratory receipt checklist noted that sample PCTss-001M-0001-DUP was not received. Per a telephone conversation with the laboratory Project Manager, K. Dahl, it was determined that PIKA directed the laboratory to sub-sample parent sample PCTss-001M-0001-SO to create sample PCTss-001M-0001-DUP. Sample PCTss-001M-0001-DUP is a laboratory duplicate and not a field duplicate. Samples subcontracted to TA-Denver were received below the temperature limit of 4±2°C, at 0.5°C. As the samples were not noted to be frozen or damaged, no qualifications were required.

## 3.2 SAMPLE ANALYSIS

TA-West Sacramento, the primary laboratory, analyzed a total of three primary multi-increment soil samples, one multi-increment field duplicate sample, and one equipment rinsate sample by USEPA Method 8330B for nitroglycerin and nitroguanidine by and USEPA Method 353.2 for nitrocellulose. TA-West Sacramento also analyzed one discrete soil sample and one trip blank for USEPA SW-846 Method 8260B for VOCs and one multi-increment soil sample and one equipment rinsate sample for USEPA SW-846 Method 6010B for various metals, USEPA SW-846 Method 7470A/7471A for mercury, USEPA Method 8330B for explosives, USEPA SW-846 Method 8270C for SVOCs, USEPA SW-846 Method 8081 for pesticides, and USEPA SW-846 Method 8082 for PCBs. TA-West Sacramento subcontracted one multi-increment soil sample and one equipment rinsate sample TA-North Canton for cyanide analysis by USEPA SW-846 Method 9012A. Three primary multi-increment soil samples, one multi-increment field duplicate sample, one equipment rinsate sample were subcontracted by TA-West Sacramento to TA-Denver for perchlorate analysis by USEPA SW-846 Method 6860.

## 3.3 DATA COMPLETENESS

The mercury instrument print-out did not include absorbances for any samples except the initial calibration standards. Data completeness for the remaining methods utilized by this project were found to be generally acceptable as no deliverables were missing.

## 3.4 METHOD REQUIRMENTS

All method preservation requirements were met.

## 3.5 HOLDING TIME REQUIREMENTS

The soil extraction and analytical holding times for the analyses reviewed in this document are as follows:

Method	Analysis	Extraction Holding Time	Analysis Holding Time
SW-846 Method 6010B	Metals	N/A	180 days
SW-846 Method 7471A	Mercury	N/A	28 days
SW-846 Method 8260B	VOCs	N/A	14 days
SW-846 Method 8270C	SVOCs	14 days	40 days
SW-846 Method 8081	Pesticides	14 days	40 days
SW-846 Method 8082	PCBs	14 days	40 days
SW-846 Method 8330B	Explosives	14 days	40 days
SW-846 Method 8330	Nitroguanidine	14 days	40 days
Method 353.2	Nitrocellulose*	N/A	28 days
SW-846 Method 9012A	Cyanide	N/A	14 days
SW-846 Method 6860	Perchlorate	N/A	28 days

\*The nitrocellulose holding time cited by the Cold Regions Research Laboratory method is seven days. As the method utilized by the laboratory was based on a different procedure, it was the reviewer's professional opinion that the nitrate/nitrite holding time of 28 days should be applied.

## 3.6 DETECTION LIMIT REQUIREMENTS

The reporting limits for nondetected results in sample PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002D-0001-SO were compared to the criteria listed in Table 3-3 of the FWQAPP. Reporting limits (RLs) listed below exceeded these criteria. Unless otherwise noted below, the method detection limits (MDLs) met the FWQAPP criteria, indicating the laboratory was capable of detecting the analyte at concentrations necessary to delineate potential contamination.

- Antimony selenium, thallium, and silver RLs exceeded the project criteria. Undiluted MDLs for selenium and thallium exceeded the project criteria
- Cyanide RL exceeded the project criterion
- Chloromethane RL exceeded the project criterion
- A total of 61 SVOC RLs exceeded the project criteria and all polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) and MDLs exceeded the project criterion

- PCB-1221 RL exceeded the project criterion
- Dieldrin, endrin, 4,4'-DDD, endosulfan II, 4,4'-DDT, endrin aldehyde, endrin ketone, and endosulfan sulfate RLs exceeded the project criterion.

There were no project criteria for 2,2'-oxybis(1-chloropropane).

# 4. DATA QUALITY EVALUATION

This section summarizes the data quality of validated samples PCTss-002D-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-SO for each analytical method evaluated.

## 4.1 EXPLOSIVES

One primary multi-increment soil sample and one equipment rinsate sample were analyzed by TA-West Sacramento for explosives by USEPA SW-846 Method 8330B.

- MDL studies were not evaluated as part of this project.
- Calibration: Calibration criteria were met.
  - Initial calibration average percent relative standard deviations (%RSDs) were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-3 of ≤15%, or the linear regression r values were ≥0.990.
  - The second source initial calibration verification standard (ICV) recoveries for both the primary and confirmation calibrations were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-3 of 80-120%.
  - The continuing calibration verification (CCV) standard %Ds were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-3 of ≤20%. Although not required by the DoD QSM, method reporting limit (MRL) standards were analyzed in association with the validated sample. The MRL standard recoveries were within the reasonable control limit of ±30%.
- Blanks: The method blank associated with the validated sample had no target compound detects above the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-3 of one-half the reporting limit or one-tenth the amount detected in a sample.
- Blank Spikes and Laboratory Control Samples: Recoveries were within the control limits listed in QSM Tables G-2 (Poor Performers) and G-13.
- Surrogate Recovery: All surrogate recoveries were within the laboratory-established control limits of 79-111%.
- Laboratory Duplicate: As noted in Section 3.2, sample PCTss-001M-0001-DUP was identified as a laboratory duplicate of sample PCTss-0001M-0001-SO. Both samples were analyzed for nitroglycerin only. There were no detects above the MDL for nitroglycerin in either sample.
- Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate: MS/MSD analyses were not performed on the validated sample of this SDG; however, the MS/MSD analysis of sample PCTss-0003M-0001-SO had recoveries within the control limits listed in QSM Tables G-2 (Poor

Performers) and G-13, and RPDs within the control limit listed in QSM Table F-3 of ≤20%.

- Compound Identification: Compound identification was verified for the sample validated at a Level IV. Review of the sample (and associated QC) chromatograms and retention times indicated no problems with target compound identification. The validated sample had no detected target compounds.
- Compound Quantification and Reported Detection Limits: Compound quantification was verified for the sample validated at a Level IV. The reporting limits were supported by the low point of the initial calibration and the laboratory MDLs.
- Confirmation analysis was performed for the validated sample. The validated sample had no detected target compounds.
- System Performance: Review of the raw data indicated no problems with system performance.
- Some manual integrations were performed for initial calibration standards, CCVs and QC associated with the sample data reviewed at Level IV. All manual integrations were deemed acceptable by the reviewer.
- Field QC Samples: Field QC samples were evaluated, and if necessary, qualified based on method blanks and other laboratory QC results affecting the usability of the field QC data. Any remaining detects were used to evaluate the associated site samples. Following are findings associated with field QC samples:
  - Field Blanks and Equipment Rinsates: The sample validated for this SDG had no associated field blank. One equipment rinsate sample was collected and analyzed for explosives. The equipment rinsate had no detects above the MDL.
  - Field Duplicates: As noted in Section 3.2, there were no valid field duplicate samples collected for this project.

## 4.2 PROPELLANTS – NITROGUANIDINE AND NITROCELLULOSE

Three primary multi-increment soil samples, one field duplicate sample, and one equipment rinsate sample were analyzed by TA-West Sacramento for nitroguanidine by USEPA SW-846 Method 8330B (Modified) and nitrocellulose by USEPA 353.2.

- MDL studies were not evaluated as part of this project.
- Calibration: Calibration criteria were met.
  - The initial calibration linear regression r values for nitroguanidine and nitrocellulose were within the control limits listed in QSM Table F-3 of ≥0.990 and Table F-11 of ≥0.995, respectively.

- The second source ICV recoveries were within the control limits listed in QSM Tables F-3 of 80-120% for nitroguanidine and 90-100% for nitrocellulose.
- o The CCV standard %Ds were within the control limits listed in QSM Table F-3 of ≤20% for nitroguanidine. The nitrocellulose CCV standard recoveries were within the control limits listed in QSM Table F-11 of 90-100%. Although not required by the QSM, nitroguanidine and nitrocellulose MRL standards were analyzed in association with the validated sample. The MRL standard recoveries were within the reasonable control limit of ±30%.
- Blanks: The method blank associated with the validated sample had no target compound detected above the control limits listed in QSM Tables F-3 and F-11 of one-half the reporting limit or one-tenth the amount detected in a sample.
- Blank Spikes and Laboratory Control Samples: As no LSC recovery criteria were listed in the QSM for nitroguanidine, the recovery was assessed against the laboratoryestablished control limits of 72-121%.

The nitrocellulose recovery, 45%, was within the laboratory control limits of 34-115%, but was outside the maximum control limits listed in QSM Table F-11 of 80-120%. Nondetected nitrocellulose in PCTss-002M-0001-SO was qualified as an estimated nondetect, "UJ," and was coded with an "L" qualification code.

- Surrogate Recovery: A surrogate was not used for the analysis of nitroguanidine or nitrocellulose.
- Laboratory Duplicate: As noted in Section 3.2, sample PCTss-001M-0001-DUP was identified as a laboratory duplicate of sample PCTss-0001M-0001-SO. Both samples were analyzed for nitroguanidine and nitrocellulose. Both samples had nitroguanidine detected above the MDL but below the reporting limit at 0.063(J) and 0.12(J) mg/Kg, respectively. Both samples had nitrocellulose detected above the MDL but below the reporting limit at 1.1(J) and 0.82(J) mg/Kg, respectively. In cases where results were <5× the reporting limit, the reasonable control limit of ± the reporting limit was applied. The nitroguanidine and nitrocellulose duplicate results were acceptable.</li>
- Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate: MS/MSD analyses were not performed on the validated sample of this SDG; however, the nitroguanidine MS/MSD analysis of sample PCTss-0003M-0001-SO had recoveries and RPD within the laboratory-established control limits of 72-121% and ≤20%, respectively.

Nitrocellulose MS/MSD analyses were performed on nonvalidated sample PCTss-003M-0001-SO. The recoveries were 35% and 26%. The nitrocellulose MS recovery was within the laboratory control limits of 34-115%, but both recoveries were outside the maximum control limits listed in QSM Table F-11 of 80-120%. As per the National Functional Guidelines, all samples in an SDG are qualified for MS/MSD outliers; therefore, nondetected nitrocellulose in PCTss-002M-0001-SO was qualified as an estimated

nondetect, "UJ." The qualified result was coded with a "Q" qualification code. The MS/MSD RPD exceeded the control limit listed in QSM Table F-11 of ≤15%; therefore, nondetected nitrocellulose in PCTss-002M-0001-SO was qualified as an estimated nondetect, "UJ." The qualified result was coded with an "\*III" qualification code.

- Compound Identification: Compound identification was verified for the sample validated at Level IV. Review of the sample (and associated QC) chromatograms and retention times indicated no problems with target compound identification.
- Compound Quantification and Reported Detection Limits: Compound quantification was verified for the sample validated at a Level IV. The reporting limit was supported by the low point of the initial calibration and the laboratory MDL. Any result reported between the MDL and the reporting limit was qualified as estimated, "J."

The reviewer noted that the laboratory used a nitrate/nitrite to nitrocellulose conversion factor of 0.118. Other laboratories analyzing soil samples for nitrocellulose for other RVAAP field efforts have used a conversion factor of 0.12, which is closer to the 0.126 value cited in the method developed by Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. As the conversion factor difference resulted in a sample concentration difference for nitrocellulose of approximately 6%, it was the reviewer's professional opinion that the data were not adversely affected.

- Target compound confirmation on a second column was not performed for the modified version of USEPA SW-846 Method 8330B for the analysis of nitroguanidine.
- Manual integrations were not performed for nitroguanidine or nitrocellulose sample data or associated QC reviewed at Level IV.
- Field QC Samples: Field QC samples were evaluated, and if necessary, qualified based on method blanks and other laboratory QC results affecting the usability of the field QC data. Any remaining detects were used to evaluate the associated site samples. Following are findings associated with field QC samples:
  - Field Blanks and Equipment Rinsates: The sample validated for this SDG had no associated field blank. One equipment rinsate sample was collected and analyzed for nitroguanidine and nitrocellulose. The equipment rinsate had no detects above the MDL.
  - Field Duplicates: As noted in Section 3.2, there were no valid field duplicate samples collected for this project

# 4.3 POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCBS)

One primary multi-increment soil sample and one equipment rinsate sample were analyzed by TA-West Sacramento for PCBs by USEPA SW-846 Method 8082.

- MDL studies were not evaluated as part of this project.
- Calibration: Calibration criteria were met.
  - Initial calibration average %RSDs were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-2 of ≤20%, or the linear regression r values were ≥0.990.
  - The second source ICV recoveries were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-2 of 80-120%.
  - The CCV standard %Ds were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-2 of ≤20%.
- Blanks: The method blank associated with the sample validated at Level IV had no target compound detects above the control limits listed in the DoD QSM Table F-2, of one-half the reporting limit for target compounds or one-tenth the amount detected in a samples.
- Blank Spikes and Laboratory Control Samples: Recoveries and RPDs for Aroclors 1016 and 1260 were within the control limits listed in QSM Table G-17 of 40-140% and 60-130%, respectively, and the RPDs were within the control limit listed in QSM Table F-2 of ≤30%.
- Surrogate Recovery: Recoveries were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table G-3 of 60-125%.
- Laboratory Duplicates: There were no laboratory duplicates analyzed for PCBs.
- Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate: MS/MSD analyses were performed on the validated sample, PCTss-02M-0001-SO. The recoveries and RPDs for Aroclors 1016 and 1260 were within the control limits listed in G-17 of 40-140 and 60-130%, respectively, and the RPDs were within the control limit listed in QSM Table F-2 of ≤30%.
- Compound Identification: Compound identification was verified for the sample validated at Level IV. Review of the sample chromatograms, standards, and retention times indicated no problems with target compound identification.
- Compound Quantification and Reported Detection Limits: Compound quantification was verified for the sample validated at a Level IV. The reporting limits were supported by the low point of the initial calibration and the laboratory MDLs. Any result reported between the MDL and the reporting limit was qualified as estimated, "J."
- The sample was not analyzed on a second analytical column for target compound confirmation; however, no Aroclors were detected in the sample above the MDL on the primary column.
- System Performance: Review of the raw data indicated no problems with system performance.

- Some routine manual integrations were performed for the calibration and QC data associated with the sample data. All manual integrations reviewed at Level IV were deemed appropriate by the reviewer.
- Field QC Samples: Field QC samples were evaluated, and if necessary, qualified based on method blanks and other laboratory QC results affecting the usability of the field QC data. Any remaining detects were used to evaluate the associated site samples. Following are findings associated with field QC samples:
  - Field Blanks and Equipment Rinsates: The sample validated for this SDG had no associated field blank. One equipment rinsate sample was collected and analyzed for PCBs. The equipment rinsate had no detects above the MDL.
  - Field Duplicates: As noted in Section 3.2, there were no valid field duplicate samples were collected for this project.

# 4.4 PESTICIDES

One primary multi-increment soil sample and one equipment rinsate sample were analyzed by TA-West Sacramento for pesticides by USEPA SW-846 Method 8081.

- MDL studies were not evaluated as part of this project.
- Calibration: Calibration criteria were met.
  - Initial calibration %RSDs for both columns were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-2 of ≤20%, or the linear regression r values were ≥0.990.
  - The second source ICV recoveries were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-2 of 80-120%.
  - The DDT/Endrin breakdown standards were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-2 of ≤15%.
  - The continuing calibration verification (CCV) standard %Ds affecting sample data were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-2 of ≤20%. Although not required by the DoD QSM, MRL standards were analyzed in association with the validated sample. The MRL standard recoveries were within the reasonable control limit of ±30%.
- Blanks: The method blank associated with the validated sample had no target compound detects above the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-2, of one-half the reporting limit or one-tenth the amount detected in a site sample.
- Blank Spikes and Laboratory Control Samples: Recoveries were within the control limits listed in QSM Table G-15 and RPDs were within the control limit listed in QSM Table F-2 of ≤30%.

- Surrogate Recovery: Recoveries were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table G-3.
- Laboratory Duplicates: There were no laboratory duplicates analyzed for pesticides.
- Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate: MS/MSD analyses were performed on the validated sample, PCTss-02M-0001-SO. The recoveries were within the control limits listed in QSM Table G-15 and RPDs were within the control limit listed in QSM Table F-2 of ≤30%.
- Compound Identification: Compound identification was verified for the sample validated at Level IV. Review of the sample chromatograms and retention times indicated no problems with target compound identification.
- Compound Quantification and Reported Detection Limits: Compound quantification was verified for the sample validated at Level IV. The reporting limits were supported by the low point of the initial calibration and the laboratory MDLs. Any result reported between the MDL and the reporting limit was qualified as estimated, "J."

The sample was analyzed on two analytical columns for target compound confirmation. The intercolumn RPD comparison exceeded 40% for the 4,4'-DDE result in the validated sample, PCTss-02M-0001-SO. The result was qualified as estimated, "J," and was coded with a \*III qualification code. The laboratory reported the higher result from the second analytical column; however, the result was changed by the reviewer to the primary column concentration, from 0.73(J)  $\mu$ g/Kg to 0.27(J)  $\mu$ g/Kg to comply with the QSM. The result was coded with a "\$" qualification code.

- System Performance: Review of the raw data indicated no problems with system performance.
- Some manual integrations were performed for the sample, and initial calibration standards, CCVs, and QC associated with the sample data reviewed at Level IV. All manual integrations were deemed acceptable by the reviewer.
- Field QC Samples: Field QC samples were evaluated, and if necessary, qualified based on method blanks and other laboratory QC results affecting the usability of the field QC data. Any remaining detects were used to evaluate the associated site samples. Following are findings associated with field QC samples:
  - Field Blanks and Equipment Rinsates: The sample validated for this SDG had no associated field blank. One equipment rinsate sample was collected and analyzed for pesticides. The equipment rinsate had no detects above the MDL.
  - Field Duplicate Samples: As noted in Section 3.2, there were no valid field duplicate samples were collected for this project.

# 4.5 SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SVOCS)

One primary multi-increment soil sample and one equipment rinsate sample were analyzed by TA-West Sacramento for semivolatile compounds by USEPA Method 8270C.

- MDL studies were not evaluated as part of this project.
- GC/MS Tuning: The DFTPP tunes met the method abundance criteria. The sample was analyzed within 12 hours of the DFTPP injection time.
- Calibration: Calibration criteria were met.
  - Initial calibration average RRFs and ICV and CCV RRFs were within method control limits of ≥0.050 for system performance check compounds (SPCCs). All initial calibration %RSDs were within the method control limits listed in the DoD QSM Table F-4 of ≤30% for calibration check compounds (CCCs) and ≤15% for remaining compounds, or linear regression r values ≥0.995.
  - All second source ICV standard recoveries affecting sample data were within the control limits listed in the DoD QSM Table F-4, of ±20%.
  - Continuing calibration %Ds affecting sample data were within the method control limits of ≤20% listed in DoD QSM Table F-4.
- Blanks: The method blank associated with the sample validated at Level IV had no target compound detects above the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-4 of one-half the reporting limit for target compounds or one-tenth the amount detected in any sample, and no common laboratory contaminants.
- Blank Spikes and Laboratory Control Samples: LCS recoveries were within the control limits listed in the DoD QSM Tables G-2 (Poor Performers) and G-7 for recoveries, and the RPDs were within the control limit listed in QSM Table F-4 of ≤30%.
- Surrogate Recovery: Surrogate recoveries were within the control limits listed in the DoD QSM Table G-3.
- Laboratory Duplicates: There were no laboratory duplicates analyzed for SVOCs.
- Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate: MS/MSD analyses were performed on the validated sample, PCTss-02M-0001-SO. The recoveries were within the control limits listed in the DoD QSM Tables G-2 (Poor Performers) and G-7 with the exception of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, recovered in both the MS and MSD at 11%. The nondetected parent sample result for 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine was qualified as estimated, "UJ," and coded with a "Q" qualification code. RPDs were within the control limit listed in QSM Table F-4 of ≤30%.

- Internal Standards Performance: The internal standard area counts and retention times were within the DoD QSM Table F-4 control limits established by the midpoint initial calibration standard: ±30 seconds for retention times and -50% / +100% for internal standard areas.
- Compound Identification: Compound identification was verified for the sample validated at Level IV. Review of the sample chromatogram, retention times, and spectra indicated no problems with target compound identification.

2,4-Dinitrotoluene and 2,6-dinitrotoluene were reported by both Methods 8270C and 8330B. As the reporting limits were lower for the 8330B analyses; the results for both compounds were rejected, "R," in the 8270C analysis in favor of the 8330B results. The rejected analytes were coded with a "D" qualification code.

- Compound Quantification and Reported Detection Limits: Compound quantification was verified for the sample validated at Level IV. The reporting limits were supported by the low point of the initial calibration and the laboratory MDLs. Any result reported between the MDL and the reporting limit was qualified as estimated, "J," by the laboratory.
- System Performance: Review of the raw data indicated no problems with system performance.
- Some routine manual integrations were performed for the samples and calibration and QC data associated with the sample data. All manual integrations reviewed at Level IV were deemed appropriate by the reviewer.
- Field QC Samples: Field QC samples were evaluated, and if necessary, qualified based on method blanks and other laboratory QC results affecting the usability of the field QC data. Any remaining detects were used to evaluate the associated site samples. Following are findings associated with field QC samples:
  - Field Blanks and Equipment Rinsates: The sample validated for this SDG had no associated field blank. One equipment rinsate sample was collected and analyzed for SVOCs. Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate was detected in the equipment rinsate at 1.1(J) µg/L; however, bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate was not detected in the associated validated site sample. The equipment rinsate had no other detects above the MDL.
  - Field Duplicate Samples: As noted in Section 3.2, there were no valid field duplicate samples were collected for this project.

## 4.6 VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCS)

One primary discrete soil sample and one trip blank sample were analyzed by TA-West Sacramento for volatile compounds by USEPA Method 8260B.

• MDL studies were not evaluated as part of this project.

- GC/MS Tuning: The BFB tunes met the method abundance criteria. The sample was analyzed within 12 hours of the BFB injection time.
- Calibration: Calibration criteria were met.
  - Initial calibration average RRFs and ICV and CCV RRFs were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-4 of ≥0.30 for chlorobenzene and 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane, and ≥0.10 for chloromethane and bromoform, and 1,1-dichloroethane. All initial calibration %RSDs were within the method control limits listed in the DoD QSM Table F-4 of ≤30% for calibration check compounds (CCCs) and ≤15% for remaining compounds, or linear regression r values ≥0.990.
  - All second source initial calibration verification standard recoveries were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-4 of 80-120%.
  - Continuing calibration %Ds affecting validated sample data were within the method control limits of ≤20% listed in DoD QSM Table F-4.
- Blanks: The method blank associated with the validated sample had no target compound detects above the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-4 of one-half the reporting limit or one-tenth the amount of any sample detect target compounds, and no common laboratory contaminants detected above the reporting limit. Acetone was detected below the reporting limit in the method blank at 3.8(J) µg/Kg. The sample result below the reporting limit for acetone was qualified as nondetected, "U," at the reporting limit and coded with a "B" qualification code.
- Blank Spikes and Laboratory Control Samples: LCS recoveries were within the control limits listed in the DoD QSM Table G-5.
- Surrogate Recovery: Surrogate recoveries were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table G-3.
- Laboratory Duplicates: There were no laboratory duplicates analyzed for VOCs.
- Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate: No MS/MSD analyses for volatiles were performed on the validated sample or any other sample in this SDG.
- Internal Standards Performance: The internal standard area counts and retention times were within DoD QSM Table F-4 control limits established by the midpoint initial calibration standard: ±30 seconds for retention times and -50% / +100% for internal standard areas.
- Compound Identification: Compound identification was verified for the sample validated at a Level IV. Review of the sample chromatogram, retention times, and spectra indicated no problems with target compound identification.

- Compound Quantification and Reported Detection Limits: Compound quantification was verified for the sample validated at a Level IV. The reporting limits were supported by the low point of the initial calibration and the laboratory MDLs. Any result reported between the MDL and the reporting limit was qualified as estimated, "J," by the laboratory.
- System Performance: Review of the raw data indicated no problems with system performance.
- Manual integrations were not performed for the sample validated at Level IV, or for associated calibration and QC samples.
- Field QC Samples: Field QC samples were evaluated, and if necessary, qualified based on method blanks and other laboratory QC results affecting the usability of the field QC data. Any remaining detects were used to evaluate the associated site samples. Following are findings associated with field QC samples:
  - Trip Blanks: Sample TRIP BLANK was associated with the validated sample. The trip blank had no target compounds detected above the MDL.
  - Field Blanks and Equipment Rinsates: No field blank or equipment rinsate samples were associated with the validated sample of this SDG.
  - Field Duplicate Samples: As noted in Section 3.2, there were no valid field duplicate samples were collected for this project.

## 4.7 METALS

One primary multi-increment soil sample and one equipment rinsate sample were analyzed by TA-West Sacramento for various metals by USEPA Methods 6010B and 7471A.

- MDL studies were not evaluated as part of this project.
- Calibration: Except as noted below, calibration criteria were met.
  - Initial calibration: Linear regression r-values were within the control limit listed in the DoD QSM Tables F-7 of ≥0.995.
  - The ICP ICV and CCV recoveries were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-7 of 90-110%. The mercury ICV and CCV recoveries were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-7 of 90-110% and 80-120%, respectively.
  - Except for antimony, MRL recoveries were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-7 of 80-120%. Antimony was recovered at 77%; therefore, nondetected antimony in PCTss-002M-0001-SO was qualified as estimated, "UJ," and coded with a "C" qualification code.

- Blanks: The method blanks and CCBs (Level IV only) had no applicable detects above the control limit listed in DoD QSM Table F-7 of one-half the MRL or one-tenth the amount detected in a sample.
- Interference Check Samples: ICP interference check sample A (ICSA) and AB (ICSAB) recoveries were within the control limits listed in DoD QSM Table F-7 of 80-120%. There were no analytes detected in the ICSA above the control limit listed in DoD QSM Table F-7 of <MDL.</li>
- Blank Spikes and Laboratory Control Samples: The recoveries were within the control limits listed in QSM Table G-19.
- Laboratory Duplicates: No field duplicate samples were analyzed for metals.
- Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate: MS/MSD analyses were performed on PCTss-002M-0001-SO and PCTss-002M-0001-ER. Although equipment rinsate samples are not valid MS/MSD parent samples, all recoveries were acceptable. Except as noted below, the soil MS/MSD recoveries were within the control limits listed in QSM Table G-19. Matrix spike control limits were not applied when the native sample concentration exceeded the spiked amount by a factor of four or more.

Results noted in the table below were qualified as estimated, "J," for detects and "UJ," for nondetects in the associated samples; however, nondetected results were not qualified for recoveries above the control limit. All qualified results were coded with a "Q" qualification code. When no other qualifications with conflicting bias were assigned to a result, detected results with low recoveries were assigned a negative bias, "J-," and detected results with high recoveries were assigned a positive bias, "J+."

Samples qualified for MS/MSD recovery outliers				
Parent Sample	Analyte	%Rs	Qualified Samples	
	Antimony	32%, 34%	Antimony in PCTss-002M-0001-SO	
PCTss-002M-0001-SO	Calcium	, 125%	Calcium in PCTss-002M-0001-SO	
	Lead	, 68%	Lead in PCTss-002M-0001-SO	

'- -" indicates and acceptable recovery

Except as noted below, MS/MSD RPDs were within the control limit listed in QSM Table F-7 of  $\leq$ 20%. Results noted in the table below were qualified as estimated, "J," for detects. All qualified results were coded with an "\*III" qualification code.

Samples qualified for MS/MSD RPD outliers			
Parent Sample	Analyte	RPD	Qualified Samples
PCTss-002M-0001-SO	Calcium	31%	Calcium in PCTss-002M-0001-SO
FC135-002W-0001-30	Lead	21%	Lead in PCTss-002M-0001-SO

• Serial Dilution: A serial dilution analysis was performed on PCTss-002M-0001-ER. Although equipment rinsate samples are not valid parent samples, all serial dilution %Ds were within the control limit listed in DoD QSM Table F-7 of  $\leq$ 10%. The serial dilution control limit is only applicable when the original sample concentration is minimally  $\geq$ 50× the MDL.

- Internal Standards: These criteria are not applicable to the 6010B or 7471A analyses.
- Sample Result Verification: For Level IV validation, calculations were verified and the sample results reported on the sample result summary were verified against the raw data. Any result reported between the MDL and the reporting limit was qualified as estimated, "J."

The TA-West Sacramento mercury raw data did not list the sample absorbances; therefore, the reviewer was not able to calculate the sample results from the raw data.

- Manual Integrations: No manual integrations were noted in the mercury analyses.
- Field QC Samples: Field QC samples were evaluated, and if necessary, qualified based on method blanks and other laboratory QC results affecting the usability of the field QC data. Any remaining detects were used to evaluate the associated site samples. Following are findings associated with field QC samples:
  - Field Blanks and Equipment Rinsates: The sample validated for this SDG had no associated field blank. One equipment rinsate sample was collected and analyzed for metals and mercury. Selenium was detected in the equipment rinsate but was not detected in PCTss-002M-0001-SO.
  - Field Duplicate Samples: As noted in Section 3.2, there were no valid field duplicate samples were collected for this project.

## 4.7 GENERAL CHEMISTRY – CYANIDE AND PERCHLORATE

One primary soil sample and one equipment rinsate sample were analyzed by TA-North Canton for cyanide by USEPA Method 9012A, and three primary soil samples, one field duplicate sample and one equipment rinsate sample were subcontracted to TA-Denver for perchlorate by SW-846 Method 6860.

- MDL studies were not evaluated as part of this project.
- Calibration: Calibration criteria were met.
  - Initial calibration: Linear regression r values were within the control limit listed in QSM Tables F-10 and F-12 of ≥0.995.
  - All ICV and CCV recoveries and the cyanide distilled standard recoveries were within the control limits listed in QSM Tables F-10 and F-12 of 85-115%.

- The perchlorate detection limit standard recovery was within the control limit listed in QSM Table F-12 of 70-130%.
- Blanks: Method blanks and CCBs had no applicable detects above the control limit listed in QSM Tables F-10 and F-12 of one-half the MRL or one-tenth the amount detected in a sample.
- Blank Spikes and Laboratory Control Samples: The perchlorate recovery was within the control limits in QSM Table F-12 of 80-120%. As the QSM does not list recovery limits for cyanide, the reasonable laboratory limits of 80-120% were applied. The cyanide recovery was within the control limits.
- Laboratory Duplicates: As noted in Section 3.2, sample PCTss-001M-0001-DUP was identified as a laboratory duplicate of sample PCTss-001M-0001-SO. Perchlorate was detected above the MDL but below the reporting limit in both samples at 0.093(J) and 0.11(J) mg/Kg, respectively. In cases where results were <5× the reporting limit, the reasonable control limit of ± the reporting limit was applied. The perchlorate duplicate result was acceptable. The duplicate samples were not analyzed for cyanide.</li>
- Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate: MS/MSD analyses were performed on validated sample PCTss-002M-0001-SO for both perchlorate and cyanide. Both perchlorate recoveries were outside the control limits listed in QSM Table F-12 of 80-120%, at 123% and 126%; however, perchlorate was not detected in parent sample PCTss-002M-0001-SO. The cyanide recoveries were within the control limits listed in QSM Table F-10 of 80-120%. The cyanide and perchlorate RPDs were within the control limits listed in QSM Tables F-10 and F-12 of ≤20% and ≤15%, respectively.
- Sample Result Verification: For Level IV validation, calculations were verified and the sample results reported on the sample result summary were verified against the raw data. Any result reported between the MDL and the reporting limit was qualified as estimated, "J."
- Perchlorate Internal Standard Performance: The internal standard area counts and retention times were within QSM Table F-12 control limits established by the average IS area from the initial calibration of ±50%. The relative retention times were within the control limit listed in QSM Table F-12 of ±2%.
- Perchlorate Isotope Ratios: The chlorine isotope ratios, monitored at parent mass 100.9 amu, were within the limits listed in QSM Table F-12 of 2.3 to 3.8 for all QC and environmental samples.
- Manual Integrations: One manual integration in the perchlorate detection limit standard was noted and deemed acceptable.
- Field QC Samples: Field QC samples were evaluated, and if necessary, qualified based on method blanks and other laboratory QC results affecting the usability of the

field QC data. Any remaining detects were used to evaluate the associated site samples. Following are findings associated with field QC samples:

- Field Blanks and Equipment Rinsates: The sample validated for this SDG had no associated field blank. One equipment rinsate sample was collected and analyzed for perchlorate and cyanide. There were no detects above the MDL in the equipment rinsate sample.
- Field Duplicate Samples: As noted in Section 3.2, there were no valid field duplicate samples were collected for this project.

# 5. DATA DEFICIENCIES

## 5.1 REJECTED DATA

No data were rejected for calibration or other QC criteria outliers. In instances where a data point had multiple results, the reviewer chose the most technically sound result to report and rejected the remaining data points. These rejected data points do not affect data quality or usability and are not included in Table 2.

# 5.2 DATA USABILITY

No information regarding the number of planned samples was received from PIKA; however, a field duplicate sample is usually collected for this type of project. As no valid field duplicate sample was collected (see Section 3.2), it appears the field completeness was less than 100%.

The completeness was determined for the validated sample only as the remaining samples were not validated or reviewed at any level by MEC<sup>X</sup>. The analytical completeness goal for the project that was established in the FWQAPP was 90% for each method. The completeness goal was met for all analyses. Data that exceeded the established reporting limit criteria and data estimated for quality control outliers or for detects between the MDL and the RL were included in Table 2 for informational purposes only.

			Number of Results					
Analyzed Analyzed Samule Samule	11 1 N 1 N 1 N 1	Total	Rejected	RLs / MDLs & RLs Exceeding Criteria	Estimated for QC Outliers	Estimated for Detects <rl< th=""><th>Percent Complete</th></rl<>	Percent Complete	
Explosives	1	16	16	0	0/0	0	0	100%
PCBs	1 (1966)	7	7	0	1/0	0	0	100%
Pesticides	1	21	21	0	8/0	1	1	100%
SVOCs*	1	62	62	0	61/17	1	. <b>1</b> . da bing bing	100%
VOCs	1	33	33	0	1/0	1	0	100%
Metals	1	23	23	0	4/1	3	2	100%
Cyanide	1	1	1	0	1/0	0	1	100%
Nitroguanidine	1	1.1	1	0	0/0	0	0	100%
Nitrocellulose	1	1	1	0	0/0	1	0	100%
Perchlorate	1 <u>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 </u>	1.		0	0/0	0	0	100%
		Totals	166	0	76/18	7	5	100%

# Table 2. Analytical completeness for primary data

\*The reviewer chose to report 2,4-dinitrotoluene and 2,6-dinitrotoluene from the 8330B analyses and therefore, these two compounds are not included in the analytes count.

# 6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

# 6.1 PRIMARY AND FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE COMPARISON SUMMARY

As noted in Section 3.2, there were no valid field duplicate samples were collected for this project

# 6.2 SPECIFIC DATA CONCERNS

Specific concerns regarding the data are noted below:

- The laboratory Receipt Checklist noted that sample PTss-001M-0001-DUP was not received. The resolution of this comment was not documented in the data package.
- As noted above, sample PCTss-001M-0001-DUP was not received at the laboratory. Per PIKA direction, the laboratory collected an additional sub-sample of PCTss-001M-001-SO and labeled this volume as PCTss-001M-0001-DUP. This sample is not a valid field duplicate.
- The following reporting limits exceeded the criteria listed in the Facility-Wide Quality Assurance Project Plan (FWQAPP). Unless otherwise noted below, the method detection limits (MDLs) met the criteria, indicating the laboratory's ability to detect these analytes at the concentrations necessary to delineate the site.
  - Antimony selenium, thallium, and silver RLs exceeded the project criteria. MDLs for selenium and thallium exceeded the project criteria
  - o Cyanide RL exceeded the project criterion
  - o Chloromethane RL exceeded the project criterion
  - A total of 61 SVOC RLs exceeded the project criteria and all polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) RLs exceeded the project criterion
  - o PCB-1221 RL exceeded the project criterion
  - Dieldrin, endrin, 4,4'-DDD, endosulfan II, 4,4'-DDT, endrin aldehyde, endrin ketone, and endosulfan sulfate RLs exceeded the project criterion

In order to avoid repetition of the issues noted above, the following actions should be taken:

- All correspondence regarding issues noted during sample receipt should be documented in the data package.
- The contractor should communicate the project required reporting limits to the laboratory prior to the start of field work. If criteria cannot be met for critical analytes or analyses, a subcontract laboratory should be considered.

# 7. REFERENCES

Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review. United States Environmental Protection Agency Contract Laboratory Program (CLP). October 1999.

Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Data Review. United States Environmental Protection Agency. October 2004.

Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual for Environmental Laboratories, Version 4.1. DoD Data Quality Workgroup. April 2009.

Facility-Wide Sampling and Analysis Plan for Environmental Investigations at the Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant, Ravenna, Ohio. SAIC. March 2001.

Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, Revision 6. United States Environmental Protection Agency. February 2007.

# **APPENDIX A**

# **Qualified Sample Result Forms**

Qualifier	Organics	Inorganics
Н	Holding times were exceeded.	Holding times were exceeded.
S	Surrogate recovery was outside QC limits.	The sequence or number of standards used for the calibration was incorrect.
С	Calibration %RSD or %D was noncompliant.	Correlation coefficient was noncompliant.
R	Calibration RRF was noncompliant.	%R for calibration is not within control limits.
В	Presumed contamination as indicated by the preparation (method) blank results.	Presumed contamination as indicated by the preparation (method) or calibration blank results.
L	Laboratory Blank Spike/Blank Spike Duplicate %R was not within control limits.	Laboratory Control Sample %R was not within control limits.
Q	MS/MSD recovery was poor or RPD high.	MS recovery was poor.
E	Not applicable	Duplicates showed poor agreement.
1	Internal standard performance was unsatisfactory.	ICP ICS results were unsatisfactory.
Α	Not applicable	ICP Serial Dilution %D were not within control limits.
М	Tuning (BFB or DFTPP) was noncompliant.	ICPMS tuning was noncompliant
T	Presumed contamination as indicated by the trip blank results.	Not applicable
<b>+</b> .	False positive – reported compound was not present.	False positive – reported compound was not present.
	False negative – compound was present but not reported.	False negative – compound was present but not reported.
F	Presumed contamination as indicated by the FB or ER results.	Presumed contamination as indicated by the FB or ER results.
\$	Reported result or other information was incorrect.	Reported result or other information was incorrect.
?	TIC identity or reported retention time has been changed.	Not applicable.
D	The analysis with this flag should not be used because another more technically sound analysis is available.	The analysis with this flag should not be used because another more technically sound analysis is available.
Р	Instrument performance for pesticides was poor.	Post Digestion Spike recovery was not within control limits.
*11, *111	A deficiency was found that has been described in the "Sample Management," section (*II) or the "Method Analyses" section (*III).	A deficiency was found that has been described in the "Sample Management," section (*II) or the "Method Analyses" section (*III).

# Qualification Code Reference Table

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-S0

#### HPLC

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-004	Work Order #: MJ07R1A9	Matrix: SOLID
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received: 06/03/11	
Prep Date: 06/08/11	Analysis Date: 06/13/11	
Prep Batch [; 1159133		
Dilution Factor: 0.95		

% Moisture....: 5.1 Method..... \$W846 8330

		REPORTIN	G	
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.019
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	ND	0.24	mg∕kg	0.048
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.019
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.019
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.028
2-Amino-4,6-	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0,095
dinitrotoluene				
2-Nitrotoluene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.076
3-Nitrotoluene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.066
4-Amino-2,6-	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.019
dinitrotoluene				
4-Nitrotoluene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.076
HMX	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0,028
Nitrobenzene	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.048
Nitroglycerin	ND	0.48	mg/kg	0.12
PETN	ND	0.48	mg/kg	0.15
RDX	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.038
Tetryl	ND	0.24	mg/kg	0.048
	PERCENT	RECOVERY		
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS		
3,4-Dinitrotoluene	90	(78 - 10	8)	

# LEVEL IV

•

# Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

#### HPLC

Lot-Sample <b>‡</b> : G1F030473-004 Date Sampled: 05/26/11 Prep Date: 06/08/11 Prep Batch <b>‡</b> : 1159146	Work Order #: Date Received: Analysis Date:	06/03/11	Matrix	SOLID
Dilution Factor: 1 % Moisture; 5.1	Method	SW846 8330	(Modif	
PARAMETER Nitroguanidine U	RESULTND	REPORTING LIMIT 0.25	UNITS mg/kg	MDL 0.020

# LEVEL IV

Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-S0

#### GC Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample #: Date Sampled: Prep Date: Prep Batch #: Dilution Factor:	05/26/11 06/09/11 1160138	Work Order #: Date Received: Analysis Date:	06/03/11	Matrix	SOLID
<pre>% Moistpre;</pre>	5,1	Method	SW846 8082		
			REPORTING		
PARAMETER		RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
Aroclos 1016		ND	33	ug/kg	8.2
Aroclor 1221		ND	66	ug/kg	11
Aroclor 1232		ND	33	ug/kg	8.2
Aroclor 1242	l l	ND	33	ug/kg	8.2
Aroclor 1248		ND	33	ug/kg	8.2
Aroclor 1254		ND	33	ug/kg	8.2
Aroclor 1260	÷.	ND	33	ug/kg	8.2

	PERCENT	RECOVERY
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS
Decachlorobiphenyl	95	(65 - 135)
Tetrachloro-m-xylene	88	(65 - 135)

LEVEL IV

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

#### GC Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-004	Work Order #: MJ07R1CA	Matrix: SOLID
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received: 06/03/11	
Prep Date: 06/09/11	Analysis Date: 06/22/11	
Prep Batch 4: 1160137		
Dilution Factor: 0,99		
<pre>% Moisture: 5.1</pre>	Method SW846 8081A	

		REPORTIN	G		
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL	
alpha-BHC	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.22	COLUMN T
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.17	
Heptachlor	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.19	
Aldrin	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.21	
beta-BHC	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.33	
delta-BHC	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.16	
Hepcachlor epoxide	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.12	
Endosulfan I	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.051	
gamma-Chlordane	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0.052	
alpha-Chlordane 🗸 🗸	ND	1.7	ug/kg	0,20	
4,4'-DDB J/+,*TT	0,27 0-73 J, PG	3.4	ug/kg	0.22	
Dieldrin	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0,090	
Endrin	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0.11	
4,4'-DDD	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0.26	
Endosulfan II	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0.099	
4,4'-DDT	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0.40	
Endrin aldehyde	NO	3.4	ug/kg	0,11	
Methoxychlor	ND	17	ug/kg	1.3	
Endosulfan sulfate	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0.091	
Endrin ketone	ND	3.4	ug/kg	0.34	
Toxaphene -1/	ND	66	ug/kg	20	
01107003 PF	PERCENT RECOVERY	RECOVERY LIMITS			
SURROGATE	<u>RECOVER1</u> 85	(50 - 15	0)		
Decachlorobiphenyl	85	(50 - 15)			
Tetrachioro-m-xylene	60	(20 - 12)	0)		

#### NOTE (S) :

J Estimated result, Result is less than RL.

PG. The percent difference between the original and confirmation analyses is greater than 40%

MC 10. 2011

Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-S0

#### GC/MS Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample 1: G1F030473-004	Work Order #: MJ07R1A4	Matrix: SOLID
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received: 06/03/11	
Prep Date: 06/09/11	Analysis Date.,: 06/20/11	
Prep Batch 4: 1160142		
Dilution Factor: 0,99		

Method....: SW846 8270C

		REPORTING		
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
Acenaphthene	ND	0,99	mg/kg	0.082
Acenaphthylene	ND	0.99	ng/kg	0.084
Anthracene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.085
Benzo (a) anthracene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.091
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.094
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.11
Benzo(ghi)perylene	ND	0.99	mg/kġ	0,11
Benzo (a) pyrene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.093
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.087
methane				
bis(2-Chloroethyl)-	ND	0,99	mg/kg	0.080
ether				
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)	ND	5.0	mg/kg	0.097
phthalate				
4-Bromophenyl phenyl	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.084
ether				
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.094
Carbazole	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.094
4-Chloroaniline	ND	3,3	mg/kg	0.057
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.091
2-Chloronaphchalene	ND	0,99	mg/kg	0.080
2-Chlorophenol	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.087
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ather	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.092
Chrysene	ND	0,99	mg/kg	0.083
Dibenzo(a, h) anthracene	ND	0.99	ma/kg	9.10
Dibenzofuran	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.085
Di-n-butyl phthalate	ND	5.0	mg/kg	0,096
1, 2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	3.3	mg/kg	0.074
1, 3-Oichlorobenzene	ND	3,3	mg/kg	0.077
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	3.3	mg/kg	0.076
3, 3'-Dichlorobenzidine $UT/Q$	ND	5.0	mg/kg	0,093
2, 4-Dichlorophenol	ND	3.3	mg/kg	0.088
Diethyl phthalate	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.089
2,4-Dimethylphonol	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.17
Dimethyl phthalate	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.086
4,6-Dinitro-	0.14 J	2.0	mg/kg	0.080
2-methylphenol				

(Continued on next page)

LEVEL IV

% Moisture....: 5.1

TestAmorica West Sacramento (918) 373-5600

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

#### GC/MS Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample #...: G1F030473-004 Work Order #...: MJ07R1A4 Matrix...... SOLID

		REPORTING		
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	16	mg/kg	0.21
2,4-Dinitrotoluene $R/D$	ND	0,99	mg/kg	0.088
2,6-Dinitrotoluene VV	ND	3,3	mg/kg	0.098
Di-n-octyl phthalate U	ND	0,99	mg/kg	0,096
Fluoranthene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.094
Fluorene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.091
Hexachlorobenzene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.088
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	5.0	mg/kg	0.081
Hexachlorocyclopenta- diene	ND	16	mg/kg	0.061
Hexachloroethane	ND	3,3	mg/kg	0.080
Indeno (1, 2, 3-cd) pyrene	DND	0.99	mg/kg	0.095
Isophorene	ND	5.0	mg/kg	0.092
2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	2.0	mg/kg	0.084
2-Methylphenol	ND	2.0	mg/kg	0.057
4-Methylphenol	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.15
Naphthalene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.081
2-Nitroaniline	ND	16	mg/kg	0.083
3-Nitroaniline	ND	16	mg/kg	0.17
4-Nitroaniline	ND	16	mg/kg	0.087
Nitrobenzene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.075
2-Nitrophenol	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.081
4-Nitrophenol	ND	16	mg/kg	0.28
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	3,3	mg/kg	0.085
N-Nitrosodi-n-propyl- amine	ND	0,99	mg/kg	0,083
2,2'-oxybis	ND	2,0	mg/kg	0.078
(1-Chloropropane)				
Pentachlorophenol	ND	16	mg/ky	0.050
Phenanthrone	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.093
Phenol	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.082
Pyrene	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0.093
1,2,4-Trichloro-	ND	2.0	mg/kg	0.082
benzene				
2,4,5-Trichloro-	ND	2.0	mg/kg	0.082
phenol				
2,4,6-Trichloro-	ND	0.99	mg/kg	0,083
phenol				

(Continued on next page)

#### Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

#### GC/MS Semivolatiles

Lot-Sample #...: G1F030473-004 Work Order #...: MJ07R1A4

Matrix.....: SOLID

	PERCENT	RECOVERY
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS
2-Fluorobiphenyl	72	(65 - 135)
2-Fluorophenol	68 ,	(65 - 135)
Nitrobenzene-d5	62 /	165-1351-35-100
Phenol-d5	74	(65 - 135)
Terphenyl-dl4	81	(65 - 135)
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	דד	(65 - 135)

#### NOTE (9) :

\* Surrogate recovery is outside stated control limits.

J Estimated result. Result is tess than RL.

AC N

LEVEL IV

Client Sample ID: PCTss-002D-0001-SO

#### GC/MS Volatiles

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-003	Work Order #: MJ07L1AC	Matrix: SOLID
Date Sampled: 05/26/11	Date Received: 06/03/11	
Prep Date: 06/07/11	Analysis Date: 06/07/11	
Prep Batch 4: 1159051		
Dilution Factor: 1		

Method..... SW846 8260B

		REPORTIN	G	
PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	MDL
Methylene chloride 🖗	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.84
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	10	ug/kg	0.92
Styrene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.31
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.68
Tetrachloroethene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.61
Toluene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0,61
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.36
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.44
Trichloroethene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.60
Vinyl chloride	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.36
Xylenes (total)	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.81
Acetone U/B	5.3 J,B	10	ug/kg	1.4
Benzene iL	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.26
Bromodichloromethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.53
Bromoform	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.40
Bromomethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.86
2-Butanone (MEK)	ND	10	ug/kg	1.4
Carbon disulfide	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.49
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.53
Chlorobenzene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.29
Dibromochloromethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.21
Chloroethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.45
Chloroform	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.26
Chloromethane	ND	10	ug/kg	0.50
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.29
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.73
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.26
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.64
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0,60
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0,64
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.75
Ethylbenzene	ND	5.0	ug/kg	0.34
2-Hexanone	ND	10	ug/kg	0.74
	PERCENT	RECOVERY	t	
SURROGATE	RECOVERY	LIMITS		
4-Bromofluorobenzene	92	(65 - 13	· ·	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	98	(65 - 13		
Toluene-d8	104	(65 - 13	5)	

(Continued on next page)

% Moisture....: 24

Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

#### TOTAL Metals

Lot-Sample #: G1F030473-004 Date Sampled: 05/26/11 % Moisture: 5.1	Date Received: 06/03/11	Matrix SOLID
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	PARAMETER	RESULT	REPORTI 1.IMIT	NG UNITS	METHOD	PREPARATION- ANALYSIS DATE	WORK ORDER 1
	Prep Batch #	• 1161109					
L	Silver	ND	0.53	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AC
Ý			Dilution Fac		NDL 0.095		
	Aluminum	10600	22.1	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07RIAD
			Dilution Fac	stor: 1	MDL		
	Arsenic	8.4	2.2	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJOTRIAE
			Dilution Fac		KDL 1.4		
	Barium	81.7	2.1	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AF
			Dilution Fac	stor: 1	MDL.,, 0.13		
	Beryllium	0.45	0.32	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07RIAG
	,		Dilution Fac		MDL 0.032		
T. /2							
J+/0,+1	Calcium	954	105	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AH
			Dilution Fac	ctor: 1	HDL 4.7		
	Cadmium	0.13 B	0.32	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	M1070131
			Dilution Fac		MDL 0.032	VV/ XV	Part Intho
	Cobalt	7.7	0.63	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07RIAK
			Dilution Fac	stor: 1	HDL		
	Chromium	14.5	1.3	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	M7020131
		1110	Dilution Fac	. *	MDL 0,15	00710-00714711	COUTRIAD
	Copper	12.1	2.6	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJOTRIAM
			Dilution Fac	stor: 1	MDL 0.23		
	Iron	17600	10.5	mq/kq	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MITO TO T SW
			Dilution Fac		NOL	00/10/00/14/11	NOOTKLAN
	Potassium	654	105	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AP
			Dilution Fac	tor: 1	MDL 10.5		
	Magnesium	1770	52.7	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MT078130
	·····		Dilution Fac		MDL	00/10-00/14/11	100 INJAQ
	Manganese	833	1.3	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AR
			Dilution Fac	tor; 1	MDL 0.26		
			1000	tinued on	next page)		
	I EVCI	1\/	1001	ictiliada Oli	none payer		

# LEVEL IV

TestAmerica West Sacramento (916) 373-5600

45 of 2467

Client Sample ID: PCTss-002M-0001-SO

#### TOTAL Metals

#### Lot-Sample #...; G1F030473-004

Matrix....: SOLID

			REPORTI	NG		PREPARATION-	WORK
	PARAMETER	RESULT	LIMIT	UNITS	METHOD	ANALYSIS DATE	ORDER #
7	Sodium	35.6 B	527	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07RIAT
			Dilution Fac	ctor: 1	MDL 11.6		
	Nickel	18.5	1.1	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AU
			Dilution Fac	stor: 1	MDL 0.25		
丁-/4,*田	Lead	34.1	2.1	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-05/14/11	MJ07RIAV
, ,	-		Dilution Fac	ctor: 1	MDL 0.27		
vs/c,Q	Antimony	ND	1.6	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AW
			Dilution Fac	otor: 1	MDL 0.99		
V	Selenium	ND	2.1	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1AX
			Dilucion Fac	ctor: 1	NDL 1.5		
U	Thallium	ND	2.1	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1A0
			Dilucion Fac	ctor: 1	MDL 0.89		
	Vanadium	24.4	1.1	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1A1
			Dilution Fac	stor: 1	MDL 0.20		
	Zinc	62.4	3.2	mg/kg	SW846 6010B	06/10-06/14/11	MJ07R1A2
			Dilution Fac	ctor: 1	MDL, 0.20		
	Pron Patch	<b>#: 1165205</b>					
	Mercury	0.049	0.040	mg/kg	SW846 7471A	06/14/11	HJ07R1CC
			Dilution Fac		MDL 0.0086		1100 ( ILAOU
	NOTE (S) :						
	**************************************	limits have been adjusted for dry	weight.				
	B Estimated (esuit.)		· •				

B Extended result. Result is less than RL

# LEVEL IV

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	-						
		Clien		nternation e ID; PCTs	al, Inc. 5-002M-0001-50		
			Ge	neral Chem	~		
	Lot-Sample #: GIF Date Sampled: 05/ & Moisture: 5.1	26/11		Order <b>#</b> Received	: MJ07R Mat : 06/03/11	rix: S	DLID
	PARAMETER	RESULT	RL	UNITS	Method	PREPARATION- ANALYSIS DATE	PREP BATCH #
	Cyanide, Total	0.19 B	0.53 Ution Fac	mg/kg tor: 1	SW846 9012A HDL 0.11	06/08-06/09/11	1160026
UJ/L,9,401.	Nitrocellulose	ND Dilt	5.0 Stion Fac	mg/kg tor: 1	TAL-SOP WS-WC-005 MDL 0.78	06/15-06/16/11	1166054
<i>ب</i>	*Percent Moisture	5.1 Dil	0.10 ution Fac	용 tor: 1	ASTM D 2216-90 HDL 0.10	06/15-06/16/11	1166183

NOTE (S) :

RL Reporting Limit

Results and reporting limits have been adjusted for dry weight.

8 Estimated result. Result is less than RL.

# \*Analysis not validated

LEVELIV

Client: TestAmerica Laboratories, Ir	10.		Analytical Data Job Number: 280-16702-1 Sdg Number: G1F030473
Client Sample ID: PCTSS-002M-0	001-SO		
Lab Sample ID: 280-16702-3 Client Matrix: Solid			Date Sampled: 05/26/2011 1120 Date Received: 06/08/2011 0930
	6860 Perchlorate by IC/MS or I	CIMSIMS	
Analysis Method:         6860           Prep Method:         6860           Dilution:         1.0           Analysis Date:         06/16/2011 1954           Prep Date:         06/09/2011 1658	Analysis Batch: 280-72023 Prep Batch: 280-71229	Instrument ID: Lab File ID: Initial Weight/Vol Final Weight/Vol Injection Volume	me: 100 mL
Analyte DryWt Co Perchlorate U	orrected: N Result (ug/Kg) ND	Qualifier MDL 0.040	RL 0.50
asigmenica Denver	TestAmerica Wost Sacramento (916	) 373-5600	06/17/2011

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# **APPENDIX B**

# Validator Checklists
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	Louisville District - LCG
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#### VOLATILE ORGANIC ANALYSIS CHECKLIST

Project Name: Ravenua Group 2 Wopehant Can Topos Laboratory: Test Auserica - West Sacramento
Laboratory: Test America - West Sacramento
Batch Number(s): 1159051
Sample Delivery Group (SDG): <u>G1F030473</u>

- Holding Time:

   (a) Were samples preserved?
   (b) Were samples analyzed within holding time?
- 2. Was the BFB tune performed at the beginning of each 12hour period during which samples were analyzed?



<u>No</u>

Yes

- 3. Was mass assignment based on m/z 95?
- 4. Indicate if BFB ions abundance relative to m/z 95 base peak met the ions abundance criteria:

<u>m/z</u>	Acceptance Criteria
50	15.0 - 40.0 %
75	30.0 - 66.0 %
95	100%, Base Peak
96	5.0 - 9.0%
173	<2.0% of m/z 174
174	>50%
175	5.0 - 9.0% of mass 174
176	95.0 - 101.0% of m/z 174
177	5.0 - 9.0% of m/z 176

The relative ion abundance of m/z 95/96, m/z 174/176, and 176/177 are of critical importance.

The relative ion abundance of m/z 50 and 75 are of lower importance.





3010 100D		
	Yes	No
	105	110
<ul> <li>Were QC/MRL run at the beginning and end of every daily sequence or every 12 hours?</li> </ul>	И	[]
Unity sequence of every 12 down	/	
• Was the QC/MRL between 70-130% R	[1]	[]
<ul> <li>For the non-contaminants of concern was the N/A QC/MRL between 60-140% (Sporadic Marginal Failure)</li> </ul>	[]	[]
8. Initial Calibration Verification (ICV):	1	
• Is the mid level (2 <sup>nd</sup> source) recovery within 80 - 120%		
<ul> <li>for contaminants of concern ?</li> <li>Is the mid level (2<sup>nd</sup> source) recovery within 60-140% point for non-contaminants of concern (Sporadic Marginal Technology)</li> </ul>	Y/A	
Failure)?		
9. Continuing Calibration Verification (CCV):		
<ul> <li>Was CCV conducted every 12 hours?</li> </ul>	IT	Ĺŀ
• Did SPCC meet the RF values?	1	[]
RF	/	
Chloromethane 0.1	$\mathcal{N}$	[]
1,1-Dichloroethane 0.1	H.	[]
Bromoform 0.1	N/	
Chlorobenzene 0.3	i.	Ē Ī
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 0.3	171	1
• Did the CCC meet the minimum requirements (D $\leq$ 20%)?	N	[]
	гÁ	r 1
I, I-Dichloroethene		
Chloroform		
1,2-Dichloropropane	11/	
Toluene		
Ethylbenzene		[]
Vinyl chloride	[X	[]
• <u>Primary Evaluation</u> : Was the mean, Drift or $D \le 20\%$ from the initial calibration?	И	[]

Alternative Evaluation: Maximum allowable Drift/D for

	each target analyte is $\leq 30\%$ when mean D $\leq 20\%$ ? HVA	<u>Yes</u> 	<u>No</u> []
10. Sa	mple Analysis:		
•	Was the RRT of an identified component within $\pm 0.06$ RRT units of the RRT of the standard component?	1X	
•	Did the abundance of ions in the sample spectra agree within 30% of the major ions (> 10% of the base ion) in the standard spectra?	เส	[]
٠	Were the internal standard areas within the QC limits (from -50% to +200%)?	IX .	
11. Sa	mple Quality Control:		
٠	<u>Method Blanks</u> : Were target analytes $\leq 1/2$ MRL?	11	[]
٠	$\underline{LCS}$ : Were the percent recoveries for LCS within the limits?	И	[]
٠	<u>MS/MSD</u> : Were the percent recoveries within limits? $N/A$	[]	[]
	Were the RPD within control limits?	[]	[]
recove	Monitoring Compounds (Surrogates); are surrogate ries within QC limits (50-150%)? QGM Take COT-3 mments (attach additional sheets if necessary):	И	[]

Signature: Name: Lynn S. Calvin

Validated/Reviewed by:

Date: 12.08.2011

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	SE	MIVOLATILE ORGANIC A	NALYS	IS
Pro	ject Name	CHECKLIST Ravenna Group 2 Wopehan Test America - West Sacra	et Can	Tops
Lab	oratory:	TestAmerica - West Sacra	mento	
		er(s): 11(00142		
San	nple Deliv	very Group: <u>C71 F030473</u>		
1.	(a) Were	Iolding Time: samples extracted within holding time? BR samples analyzed within holding time?	Yes M (soil)	
2.	Was the	nt Tuning: DFTPP tune performed at the beginning of each 12- iod during which samples were analyzed?	ฬ	[]
3,		s Assignments: ss assignment based on m/z 1987	Ń	[]
4.		<u>indance:</u> if DFTPP ions abundance relative to m/z 198 base the ions abundance criteria: <u>Acceptance Criteria</u> 30.0 - 60.0 % < 2% of mass 69 < 2% of mass 69 40-60% < 1% 100%, Base peak 5-9% 10 - 30% > 1%	ZZZZZZZZZ	المحمد بعدم المحمد ا
	505 441 442 443	Provide the second s		[] []

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	<ul> <li>Was manual integration "M" performed?</li> </ul>	<u>Yes</u> [1]	<u>No</u> [ ]
	If the answer is "Yes", check for supporting documents.		
	• Was the manual integration necessary?	[1]	
6.	If the answer is "No", contact the laboratory inquiring about the reasons behind the manual integration, and inform the District Chemist immediately if there were no valid reasons. QCMDL:		
*	Was MDL Check performed?	[]	[1
7.	QCMRL:		
	• Were QC/MRL run at the beginning and end of every daily sequence or every 12 hours?	11	[]
	<ul> <li>Was the QC/MRL between 70-130% R</li> </ul>	[]	[]
	• For the non-contaminants of concern was the A/A QC/MRL between 50-150% (Sporadic Marginal Failure)?		<b>[</b> ]
8,	Initial Calibration Verification (ICV):	11	[]
	<ul> <li>Is the mid level (2<sup>nd</sup> source) recovery within 70-130% for contaminants of concern ?</li> <li>Is the mid level (2<sup>nd</sup> source) recovery within 50-150% for non-contaminants of concern (Sporadic Marginal Failure)?</li> </ul>	[]	[]
<u>9.</u>	Continuing Calibration Verification (CCV):		
	<ul> <li>Was CCV conducted every 12 hours?</li> <li>Did any of SPCC meet the minimum RF values?</li> </ul>		

N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine0.05Hexachlorocyclopentadiene0.052,4-dinitrophenol0.054-nitrophenol0.05	Yes [1] [1] [1]	<u>No</u> [] [] []
<ul> <li>Did the CCC meet the minimum requirements (D ≤ for the followings?</li> </ul>	20%)	
<u>Base/Neutral Fraction</u> : Acenaphthene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene Hexachlorobutadiene Diphenylamine Di-n-octylphthalate Fluoranthene Benzo(a)pyrene		لعسا أسعا إستار المتار المتار كسية المعا
Acid Fraction: 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 2,4-Dichlorophenol 2-Nitrophenol Phenol Pentachlorophenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol		
<ul> <li><u>Primary Evaluation</u>: Was Drift or D ≤ 20% cale from the initial calibration?</li> <li><u>Alternative Evaluation</u>: Maximum allowable Drift each target analyte is ≤ 30%. M/A</li> </ul>		[]
10. Sample Analysis:		
• Was the RRT of an identified component within RRT units of the RRT of the standard component?	± 0.06	[]
<ul> <li>Did the abundance of ions in the sample spectra within 30% of the major ions (&gt; 10% of the base the standard spectra?</li> </ul>	ion) in	[]
<ul> <li>Were the internal standard areas within the QC (from -50% to +200%)?</li> </ul>	limits	[]

11. Sample Quality Control:

• <u>Method Blanks</u> : Were target analytes $\leq 1/2$ MRL?	Yes [/]	<u>No</u> []
• <u>LCS</u> : Were the percent recoveries for LCS within the limits?	N	[]
11% / <u>MS/MSD</u> ; Were the percent recoveries within limits? 11% / 3,3 diclovolacuzidine in both USAUSD Were the RPD within control limits?		
<ul> <li>System Monitoring Compounds (Surrogates): are surrogate recoveries within QC limits?</li> </ul>	M	

12. Comments (attach additional sheets if necessary):

Validated/Reviewed by:

Date: 12.9.2011

Signature: MCaliniu Name: LYMM S. Calvin

	POLY CHLORINATED BIPH	ENYL	ĴS
	(PCB/AROCLORS) CHECI	KLIST	
Pro	oject Name: Ravenna Cavonjo z Projecha	ut Cai	1 tops
Lat	oject Name: <u>Ravenna Czvonje z Projec</u> ha poratory: <del>TestA</del> menica – West Sac	vanieu	to
	tch Number(s):38		
Sar	nple Delivery Group: <u>C71 F030473</u>		
1.	Holding Time: (a) Were samples extracted within holding time? (ER) (b) Were samples analyzed within holding time?	Yes V	No P 1
2.	Initial Calibration:		
	<ul> <li>Did the initial calibration consist of five standards? (eight</li> <li>Did Aroclors 1016 and 1260 meet the RSD ≤ 20% or ther ≥ 0.99?</li> </ul>		[]
	<ul> <li>Was manual integration "M" performed? If the answer is "Yes", check for supporting documents.</li> </ul>	[X	]
	• Was the manual integration necessary?	И	[]
3.	If the answer is "no", contact the laboratory inquiring about the reasons behind the manual integration, and inform the District Chemist immediately if there were no valid reasons. QCMDL:		
•	Was MDL Check performed?	[]	IT
4.	QCMRL:		
	<ul> <li>Were QC/MRL run at the beginning and end of every daily sequence or every 12 hours?? (wot vegut ved QSV</li> <li>Was the QC/MRL between 70-130% R N/A</li> </ul>	M) []	17
	• Was the QC/MRL between 70-130% R $N/A$	[]	[]
5.	Initial Calibration Verification (ICV):	. ھ	
ls	the mid level (2 <sup>nd</sup> source) recovery within 85 - 115%?	M	<b>[]</b>

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Louisville District - LCG

VERSION 5 June 2002	U.S. Army Corps of Engine	ers Louisville D	District - L
<ol> <li>Continuing Calibration Verification</li> </ol>	on (CCV):	Yes	<u>No</u>
<ul> <li>Was CCV conducted every 12 average</li> <li>Was Drift or D ≤ 15% from 1</li> </ul>		11	[]
maximum %D < 20% for a spectrum	ecific compound?	i j	11
7. Sample Analysis:		2	
<ul> <li>Was the RRT of an identified retention time window created</li> </ul>	-	[]	
• Were samples with levels higher (E), diluted and re-analyzed?	than the calibration range $N/A$	[]	
• Were identified Aroclors co column? $N/A - uo$	nfirmed on a second GC	; []	[]
<ul> <li>Were individual Aroclor stand pattern of the peaks? (Individual Aroclors are 122 1254. Both Aroclor 1016, and mixed calibration standards.)</li> </ul>	1, 1232, 1242, 1248, and	<i>И</i> ,	[]
• Was RPD of target analyte co	nformation $\leq 40$ ? N/A	[.]	[]
8. Sample Quality Control:			
• Method Blanks: Were target a	nalytes ≤ 1/2 MRL?	17	Í I
• <u>LCS</u> : Were the percent reco limits? LC5/LC5D	veries for LCS within the $RVD_{3} = 30^{-8}C_{0}$	[1	[]
• <u>MS/MSD</u> : Were the percent re	coveries within limits?	' U	[]
Were the RPDs within control lim		17 17	11
<ul> <li><u>System Monitoring Comp</u> surrogate recoveries within QC</li> </ul>	ounds (Surrogates): are limits?	1	[]

**VERSION 5** U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Louisville District - LCG June 2002 9. Comments (attach additional sheets if necessary):

Validated/Reviewed by:

Signature: MCalvin Name: Lynn S. Calvin

Date: 12-8.2011

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ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES ANALYSIS CHECKLIST Project Name: Ralenna Carvoup 2 Propehant Can Tops Laboratory: Neet America - West Sacvaments Batch Number(s): 1160137 Sample Delivery Group: CALF030473			
<ol> <li>Holding Time:         <ul> <li>(a) Were samples extracted within holding time?</li> <li>(b) Were samples analyzed within holding time?</li> </ul> </li> <li>DDT/Endrin Breakdown:</li> </ol>	Yes [/] []	No [1 (BRouly) []	
<ul> <li>Was breakdown ≤ 15%?</li> <li>3. Initial Calibration:</li> </ul>	И	[]	
<ul> <li>Did the initial calibration consist of five standards? (eight</li> <li>Did all compounds meet the RSD ≤ 20% or r ≥ 0.99?</li> </ul>	Dia, Ia	[]	
<ul> <li>Was manual integration "M" performed? If the answer is "Yes", check for supporting documents.</li> </ul>	11	[]	
<ul> <li>Was the manual integration necessary?</li> <li>If the answer is "no", contact the laboratory inquiring about the reasons behind the manual integration, and inform the District Chemist immediately if there were no valid reasons.</li> <li>QCMDL:</li> </ul>	[1	[]	
Was MDL Check performed?	[]	4	
5. QCMRL:	/		
<ul> <li>Were QC/MRL run at the beginning and end of every daily sequence or every 12 hours??</li> <li>Was the QC/MRL between 70-130% R (vecoveries affecting satisfy le vesuit</li> </ul>	1-1 1/1 7=3)	[]	

Jun	e 2002	Yes	No
6.	Initial Calibration Verification (ICV):	1	[]
	<ul> <li>Is the mid level (2<sup>nd</sup> source) recovery within 85 - 115%?</li> </ul>	[7]	ŧJ
7.	Continuing Calibration Verification (CCV):		
	Was CCV conducted every 12 hours?	11	[]
ċ	• Was Drift or $D \le 15\%$ from the initial calibration with a maximum $D \le 20\%$ for a specific compound? DDT, Wettoxychlor	[] <sup>1</sup>	И
8.	Sample Analysis:		
	<ul> <li>Was the RRT of an identified component within the retention time window created as SW-846 requires?</li> </ul>	เส	[]
	• Were samples with levels higher than the calibration range (E), diluted and re-analyzed? $A \neq A$	[]	[]
	• Were identified compounds confirmed on a second GC, column? changed lab verdov ted and ohme value to panimary column concerts	ml/	
	• Was RPD of target analyte confirmation $\leq 40$ ? 4,4-DDT 94%	[]	1
9.	Sample Quality Control:		
	• <u>Method Blanks</u> : Were target analytes $\leq 1/2$ MRL?	17	[]
	• <u>LCS</u> : Were the percent recoveries for LCS within the limits? $LCS/LCSD$ KPDs $\pm 30\%$	1	[]
	<ul> <li><u>MS/MSD</u>: Were the percent recoveries within limits?</li> </ul>	U/	[]
	Were the RPD within control limits?	17	[]
	<ul> <li><u>System Monitoring Compounds (Surrogates)</u>: are surrogate recoveries within QC limits?</li> </ul>	17	[]

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10. Comments (attach additi	onal sheets if necessary):	
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······································		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		цинидалан н
Validated/Reviewed by:		
Signature: MC	aliriu	Date: 12.08.20
Name: Lymn S.	Calvin	

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#### NITROAROMATICS & NITRAMINE DATA ANALYSIS (EXPLOSIVE RESIDUES) CHECKLIST (Nitroguanidine)

Project Name: Ravenna Groupz Propel Laboratory: Test America - West Sacr	laut Ca	en Tops
Laboratory: Test America-West Sacr	ramerit	50
Batch Number(s): 115914-6		
Sample Delivery Group: 691 F030473		
<ol> <li>Holding Time: Were samples analyzed within holding time?</li> </ol>	<u>Yes</u> [/ 40]	NO IT (BRONLY)
2. Initial Calibration:		
• Did the initial calibration consist of five standards? $(4.1)$	เป	
• Did the RSD meet the criteria $\leq 20\%$ for each individual Calibration Compound or $r \geq 0.99$ ?	18	[]
<ul> <li>Was manual integration "M" performed?</li> <li>If the answer is "Yes", check for supporting documents.</li> </ul>		17
<ul> <li>Was the manual integration necessary? N/A</li> </ul>		[]
<ul> <li>If the answer is "no", contact the laboratory inquiring about the reasons behind the manual integration, and inform the District Chemist immediately if there were no valid reasons.</li> <li>3. QCMDL:</li> </ul>		
Was MDL Check performed?		ГЛ
4. QCMRL:		
• Were QC/MRL run at the beginning and end of every	И	[]
daily sequence or every 12 hours??		[]
• Was the percentage "D" for QC/MRL $\leq$ 30%?		
5. Initial Calibration Verification (ICV):	N	[]

June	2002	Yes	No
	• Was the ICV made of a 2 <sup>nd</sup> source?	V	[]
	• Was the mid level (2 <sup>nd</sup> source) recovery within 85 - 115%?		
6.	Continuing Calibration Verification (CCV):		
	<ul> <li>{Daily calibration}</li> <li>Was midpoint calibration standard conducted at the beginning of the day?</li> </ul>	17	[]
	<ul> <li>Was midpoint calibration standard conducted every ten samples or every twelve hours?</li> </ul>	1	[]
	• Was midpoint calibration standard conducted after the last sample of the day?	17	( )
	<ul> <li>Did the CCV meet the minimum requirements (D ≤ 15% with a maximum D ≤ 20% for a specific compound if the mean D ≤ 15%)?</li> </ul>	[8	[]
7.	<ul> <li>Sample Analysis:</li> <li>Was the RRT of an identified component within the retention time window created as SW-846 requires?</li> </ul>	1	[]
	• Were all identified hits, above the initial calibration curve, diluted and reanalyzed? $N/A$	[]	[]
	Were all identified hits confirmed on a second column?	[]	1
	• Was RPD of target analyte confirmation $\leq 40? M/A$ .	[]	[]
	• Was there a shoulder on the 2,4,6-TNT peak? $N/A$		[]
	If the answer is "Yes", then tetryl decomposition is suspected. Peak height rather than peak area should be used for calculating TNT concentration. If teryl was identified in aqueous samples, was pH adjusted to $<3$ ? If the answer is "No", then check for tetryl decomposition, and qualify hits with "J" accordingly.	[]	[]
8.	Sample Quality Control:	UX	[]
	• <u>Method Blanks</u> : Were target analytes $\leq 1/2$ MRL?	LX	r 1
	• <u>LCS</u> : Were the percent recoveries for LCS within the limits?	LX	[]

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	the percent recoveries within limits?	Yes [1]	<u>No</u> []
Were the RPDs	within control limits?	[]	
surrogate recove	oring Compounds (Surrogates); Were ries within QC limits? dditional sheets if necessary):	เส	[]
Validated/Reviewed by:			

Signature: MCaliriu Name: Lynn S. Calvin

Date: 12.09.2011

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#### NITROAROMATICS & NITRAMINE DATA ANALYSIS (EXPLOSIVE RESIDUES) CHECKLIST

Project Name: Ravenna (grvoupe 2 Propella Laboratory: Test America - West Sach	it Can vament	Topos
Batch Number(s): <u>++59+++6MC</u> 1159133		
Sample Delivery Group: CALE030473		
1. Holding Time: Were samples analyzed within holding time?	<u>Yes</u> V	No 11 (BRowly)
2. Initial Calibration:	<b>X</b>	
<ul> <li>Did the initial calibration consist of five standards? (eight</li> </ul>	DIT	[]
• Did the RSD meet the criteria $\leq 20\%$ for each individual Calibration Compound or $r \geq 0.99$ ?	И	[]
<ul> <li>Was manual integration "M" performed? If the answer is "Yes", check for supporting documents.</li> </ul>	UX	[]
• Was the manual integration necessary?	[1	[]
<ul> <li>If the answer is "no", contact the laboratory inquiring about the reasons behind the manual integration, and inform the District Chemist immediately if there were no valid reasons.</li> <li>3. QCMDL:</li> </ul>		wo
Was MDL Check performed?	X	1X.HC
4. QCMRL:		
• Were QC/MRL run at the beginning and end of every daily sequence or every 12 hours??	И	[]
• Was the percentage "P" for $QC/MRL \leq 30\%$ ? For vecou • Initial Calibration Verification (ICV): (1)	[X]	[]
5. Initial Calibration Verification (ICV): ()	HELT	L ]

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		Yes	No	
	• Was the ICV made of a 2 <sup>nd</sup> source?	И	[]	
	<ul> <li>Was the mid level (2<sup>nd</sup> source) recovery within 85 - 115%?</li> </ul>	日		
6.	Continuing Calibration Verification (CCV):			
	<ul> <li>{Daily calibration}</li> <li>Was midpoint calibration standard conducted at the beginning of the day?</li> </ul>	И	[]	
	• Was midpoint calibration standard conducted every ten samples or every twelve hours?	V	[]	
	• Was midpoint calibration standard conducted after the last sample of the day?	11	[]	
	• Did the CCV meet the minimum requirements ( $D \le 15\%$ with a maximum $D \le 20\%$ for a specific compound if the mean $D \le 15\%$ )?	(X	[]	
7.	Sample Analysis:			
/.	<ul> <li>Was the RRT of an identified component within the retention time window created as SW-846 requires?</li> </ul>	[A	[]	
	• Were all identified hits, above the initial calibration			
	curve, diluted and reanalyzed? N/A	[]	[]	
	• Were all identified hits confirmed on a second column? 2nd column analy red - no detects	1	[]	
	• Was RPD of target analyte confirmation $\leq 40$ ? $M/A$	[]	[]	
	• Was there a shoulder on the 2,4,6-TNT peak? $N/A$	[]	Kille	-
	If the answer is "Yes", then tetryl decomposition is suspected. Peak height rather than peak area should be used for calculating TNT concentration. If teryl was identified in aqueous samples, was pH adjusted to $<3?$	[]	[]	
	If the answer is "No", then check for tetryl decomposition, and qualify hits with "J" accordingly.			
8.	Sample Quality Control:	[1	[]	
	<ul> <li>Method Blanks: Were target analytes ≤ 1/2 MRL?</li> </ul>			
	• <u>LCS</u> : Were the percent recoveries for LCS within the limits?	(7	[]	

····~

Yes

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N

<u>No</u>

[]

• MS/MSD: Were the percent recoveries within limits?

Were the RPDs within control limits?

• <u>System Monitoring Compounds (Surrogates)</u>: Were surrogate recoveries within QC limits?

9. Comments (attach additional sheets if necessary):

Validated/Reviewed by:

Signature: MCalvin Name: Lynn S. Calvin

Date: 12.9.2011

	VERSION 5 U.S. A June 2002	rmy Corps of Engineers	Louisville	District -	LCG
	ICP METALS CH	5 ANALYSIS ECKLIST	(601	<b>0)</b> ∜	Hg
	Project Name: <u>Ravenna</u> Pro Laboratory: <u>TA-West</u> Say	<u>pellant Cans</u> cramento			
	Batch Number(s): Sample Delivery Group: <u>GIF03(</u>	0413			
			Yes		<u>No</u>
1.	<ul><li>Holding Time:</li><li>Were samples analyzed within hol</li></ul>	ding time (6-Months)?			Ë J
2.	Initial Calibration:				
	<ul> <li>Did the initial calibration consist on One calibration standard a three calibration standards</li> </ul>	nd a blank?	É		proverse preservery
	• Was $R \ge 0.995$		[]		[]
3.	QCMDL:				
	• Was MDL Check performed?		[]	_	N
QC	CMRL:				
	• Were QC/MRL run at the begin daily sequence or every 12 hours?				[]
	• Was the QC/MRL between 70-130	% R?	14		[]
	Common Elements can be betw MRL level (Fe, Al, Mg and Ca)	een the MRL and 2X	-41		[]
4.	Initial Calibration Verification (ICV):		1.4		L J
	• Is the mid level (2 <sup>nd</sup> source) recover	ery within 90 + 110%?			
5.	Initial Calibration Blank (ICP):				
		191		1. T	

• Were analytes in the blank $\leq 1/2$ MRL?	Yes N	<u>No</u> []
6. Interelement Check Standard:		
<ul> <li>Was ICS-A (interferents only) conducted at the beginning of analytical sequence?</li> </ul>		· [ ]
• Was ICS-AB results within QC limits (80-120)?	N	
7. Continuing calibration Blank (CCB):		
<ul> <li>Was CCB conducted every 10 samples?</li> <li>Was CCB conducted at end of the analytical sequence?</li> <li>Were analytes ≤ 1/2 MRL?</li> </ul>	ÉZZ	اسمه اسما مسن
8. Continuing Calibration Verification (CCV):		
Was CCV conducted every 10 samples?	14	[]
• Was CCV conducted at end of the analytical sequence?	М	[]
• Was the %R between 90-110?	L/	[ ]
9. Sample Analysis:		
<ul> <li>Were samples with levels higher than the calibration range (E), diluted and re-analyzed?</li> <li>N / A</li> </ul>	[]	[]
10. Sample Quality Control:		
• <u>Method Blanks</u> : Were target analytes $\leq 1/2$ MRL?	14	[]
<ul> <li><u>LCS</u>: Were the percent recoveries for LCS within the limits? 80-120</li> </ul>	CAR!	, <b>o</b> k []
• $MS$ : Were the percent recoveries within limits? $86 - 120^{7}$ $PCT_{55} - 002M - 0001 ER + 50$	[]	Ń
• MD: Were the RPDs within control limits?	L]	∕N
<ul> <li>11. Serial Dilution:</li> <li>Was serial dilution (1:4) conducted when needed?</li> </ul>	74	[]
:		

**VERSION 5** U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Louisville District - LCG June 2002 Yes <u>No</u> Was there an agreement between diluted and undiluted results [] ۵ (<10%)?12. Method of Standard Addition (MSA): Was MSA performed on samples suspected of matrix [] [] • NIA effect ( $R \ge 0.995$ )? 13. Comments (attach additional sheets if necessary): Sb (32, 34), Ca (87, 125) + 31% RPD, Pb (100, 68) + 21 % RPD MS/D CRDL -Sho-OK absorbances for samples, ICV, CCVs, etc. Can AA ti 100 ml / 0,63 g to 55m ,03 g ER has Hy SD but ND in 50. Sin 1 Xe d 9 93 239 Validated/Reviewed by: Para Met Date: 12/13/2011 Signature: Name: Patti MeelCT ICT 17: 6/14 @ 15:43 + 46 16:35 + 17:05 CCV 193

	VERSION 5 June 2002	U.S. Army Corps of Engineer	s Louisville	District - LCG	)
	CYANIDE A Project Name: <u>Ravewno</u> Laboratory: <u>TA - Wes</u>	ANALYSIS CHI Propellant Ca It Sacramento	e <b>CKI</b> n Top	1 1	trocullulose Perclhorate
	Batch Number(s):				
	Sample Delivery Group:	E 030473			
1.	<ul><li>Holding Time:</li><li>Were samples analyzed with</li></ul>	thin holding time?	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u> N	NOS/NOZ as NC
2.	Initial Calibration:				l
	<ul> <li>Did the initial calibration c One calibration stan Six calibration star</li> </ul>				
	■ Was R ≥ 0.995		'LJ	[]	
3.	QCMDL:				
	• Was MDL Check performe	ed?	<u>_</u> H	CN1 11	
4.	QCMRL:				
	• Were QC/MRL run at a sequence??	the beginning of every daily	/ N/A []	[]	
	Was the QC/MRL between	n 70-130% R?	↓ []	[]	
5.	Initial Calibration Verification	(ICV):	7	[]	
	• Is the mid level (2 <sup>nd</sup> source	) recovery within 80-120%?			
7.	Initial calibration Blank (ICP)				
	• Were analytes in the blank	≤ 1/2 MRI.?	\U	[]	
	:				
		200			

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Louisville District - LCG

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<ul> <li>7. Continuing calibration Blank (CCB):</li> <li>Was CCB conducted every 10 samples?</li> <li>Was CCB conducted at end of the analytical sequence?</li> <li>Were analytes ≤ 1/2 MRL?</li> </ul>	Yes +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1	<u>No</u> []] []]		
8. Continuing Calibration Verification (CCV):				
• Was CCV conducted every 10 samples?	Ĺ	[]	l p	
<ul> <li>Was CCV conducted at end of the analytical sequence?</li> </ul>	Ń	[]	l	
<ul> <li>Was the %R between 80-120?</li> </ul>	М	Į 1		
9. Sample Analysis:				
<ul> <li>Were samples with levels higher than the calibration range (E), diluted and re-analyzed?</li> <li>N/-A</li> </ul>	The second se	[ ]	}	
12. Sample Quality Control:				
• <u>Method Blanks</u> : Were target analytes $\leq 1/2$ MRL?	Ъ,	[	t	
• <u>LCS</u> : Were the percent recoveries for LCS within the limits?	[]	$\mathbf{M}$	<b>I</b>	
• MS: Were the percent recoveries within limits?	[]	Ň	]	
• MD: Were the RPDs within control limits?	<u>`</u> []			
13. Comments (attach additional sheets if necessary):				
N/U ICS 45% P. Collected 5/26 and/2 MPL 12676 NO2 1 NO3 ppm 7025 w/14 90-110%		[]		
USING 0.178 Faitor instead of CREEL 0.126 faite MS/D on RTSS-003M-00018 (35,2690) Jub = 34-115		31 lub	71	
(N: MS/MSD RTSS-002M-0001-50 + 60K an	alyze d	6/9		
CIDy received a TH-Dan @ 0.6°C MS/D PCTSS - OOLM- 0001-50 (123,12 LCS-012	6) but	N) lat	<u>, 80</u> -120%	15
165-11990 15-012				
201				

Name: Patti Meeks

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Louisville District - LCG

	Yes	No
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Validated/Reviewed by:		
Signature: Put W		Date: 12/14/2011



Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services

#### Appendix J

**Comment Response Table** 

#### Draft Investigation Report for the Compliance Restoration Site CC-RVAAP-80 Group 2 Propellant Can Tops and Other Environmental Services Ravenna Army Ammunition Plant, Ravenna Ohio October 24, 2011

Cmt	Pg #/	Comment	Recommendation/	Response
#	Line #	Ohio	Requirement EPA NEDO DERR - Eileen T. Mohr	
0-1	7/29	Text change.	Change text to read: "The following tasks were" (The text already indicated that there was one primary objective.)	The text on page 7, line 29 will be changed to read "The following tasks were achieved during the investigation."
O-2	8/18	Move text.	After the existing text, add: The Camp Ravenna perimeter fence encloses both installations. (The text is being moved from pg. 10/16-19.)	The text on page 10, lines 16-19 which reads "The Camp Ravenna perimeter fence encloses both installations" will be moved to follow the sentence on page 8, line 18."
O-3	10/1	Text change.	Change to: "Demilitarization of various other"	The noted text on page 10, line 1 will be changed to read "Demilitarization of various other munitions was conducted from October 1982 through 1992."
0-4	10/11- 17	Text deletion.	Delete this paragraph, as it is basically a duplication of information found on page 8.	The noted text on page 10, line 11- 17 will be deleted.
O-5	11/23	Text change.	Change to: "A map showing"	The text on page 10, line 23 will be changed to read " <i>A map showing</i> <i>the location of the Building DB-802</i> <i>within LL2 is presented in Appendix</i> <i>B, Figure 4.</i> "
O-6	18/6-7	Text change.	Change text to read: "activities, 100- foot by 100-foot grids were surveyed and marked across the site"	The noted sentence on page 18, will be changed to read " <i>Prior to</i> <i>initiating the geophysical activities,</i>

0-7	19/1-2	Clarification requested.	Clarify whether or not the assertion that there was/is no disturbance of the sub- surface lithology is based upon the GPR or some other observation. Add to the text.	100-foot by 100-foot grids were surveyed and marked across the site to facilitate the investigation." To clarify, the noted text on page 19, lines 1-2 will be revised to read "Additionally, based upon the GPR data results there were no signs of disturbance within the subsurface lithology (i.e., signs of excavation and dumping)."
O-8	19/24	Text change.	Revise text to read: " representatives from the Ohio EPA to evaluate" (The assumption would be that PIKA would be present.)	The noted text on page 19, line 24 will be revised to read "Prior to collecting the sample, a site walk was conducted on 25 May 2011 with representatives from the Ohio EPA to evaluate each of the anomaly cluster areas for selecting the three (3) MI sample areas."
O-9	21/17	Text change.	Change to: "above the RSL and/or RVAAP- specific Surface Soil"	The noted text on page 21, line 17 will be changed to read "The RVAAP full suite sample (MI sample Area 2, Sample PCTss- 002M-0001) did show detectable concentrations for five (5) metal analytes (arsenic, lead, mercury, vanadium, zinc) that are slightly above the RSL and/or RVAAP- specific Surface Soil Background Criteria."

O-10	21/29- 32	Text change.	Revise to read: " each of the MI samples were sent to the laboratory. Subsequent to lab analyses, excess soils were disposed of by the laboratory. As such, no IDW was generated that required disposal by PIKA."	The noted text on page 21, lines 29-32 will be revised to read "Additionally, all the soils generated from the 30 aliquots at each of the MI samples were sent to the laboratory. Subsequent to lab analyses, excess soils were disposed of by the laboratory. As such, no IDW was generated that required disposal by PIKA.
O-11	25/16	Text change.	Change to: "above the RSL and/or RVAAP- specific Surface Soil"	The noted text on page 25, line 16 will be revised to read "The RVAAP full suite sample (MI sample Area 2, Sample PCTss-002M-0001) did show detectable concentrations for five (5) metal analytes (arsenic, lead, mercury, vanadium, zinc) that are slightly above the RSL and/or RVAAP-specific Surface Soil Background Criteria."
O-12	25/20	Text change.	Change to: "estimated, i.e., below the reporting limit." (The screening levels have nothing to do with the flagging.)	The noted text on page 25, line 20 will be changed to read " <i>Both</i> <i>perchlorate and propellants were</i> <i>reported at MI Sample Area 1</i> ( <i>sample PCTss-001M-0001-SO</i> ); <i>including the associated duplicate</i> <i>sample, and also at MI Sample</i> <i>Area 3 (sample PCTss-003M-0001-</i>

				SO), however each result was flagged as estimated, i.e., below the reporting limit."
O-13	25	Notes to Army.	<ol> <li>Subsurface samples need to be taken.</li> <li>The other 2 clusters need to have sampling conducted.</li> <li>What are the plans for investigating the individual anomalies?</li> <li>What are the plans for AOC clean-up?</li> </ol>	Acknowledged.
O-14	App A	Point of information.	Did not review the SOW.	Acknowledged.
O-15	App B/ Fig 1	Map change.	Need to add AOC boundaries to the key, or remove from the lower map.	Appendix B, Figure 1 will be revised to include the AOC boundaries in the key.
O-16	App B/ Fig 2	Map changes.	<ul> <li>a. Need to add AOC boundaries to the key, or remove from the map.</li> <li>b. Need to add igloos (etc.) to the key.</li> <li>c. There are a number of rectangular areas that appear on this map. Unclear as to what these are. If these are artifacts, please remove.</li> <li>d. Check all roads (ex. there are 2 Demolition Roads at the bottom of the map on the SW.)</li> </ul>	Appendix B, Figure 2 will be revised as noted in the listed changes a through d.

O-17	App B/ Fig 3	Map clarification.	Clarify whether or not any of the depicted streams/tribs should be intermittent.	Appendix B, Figure 3 will be revised to depict which streams/tributaries are intermittent and a new symbol for intermittent streams will be added to the key.
0-18	App B/ Fig 4	Map change.	Add AOC boundary to the legend.	The AOC boundary will be added to Appendix B, Figure 4.
0-19	App B/ Fig 5	Map changes.	<ul><li>a. Add the source of this information to the figure.</li><li>b. The key is not legible, please re-do.</li></ul>	Appendix B, Figure 5 will be revised as noted in the listed changes a and b.
O-20	App B/ Fig 6	Map changes.	<ul> <li>a. Add a key.</li> <li>b. The anomaly designations are not legible. Please re-do so, that the figure can be read.</li> </ul>	Appendix B, Figure 6 will be revised as noted in the listed changes a and b.
O-21	App B/ Fig 7	Map changes.	a. Add a scale. b. Add a key.	Appendix B, Figure 7 will be revised as noted in the listed changes a and b.
O-22	App B/ Fig 8	Map change.	In the small "Site Location" box, the site is marked as a small dot on the SE side of a larger red area. It is unclear as to what the red area depicts. Please clarify.	The large red area is the fenced in area comprised of the RVAAP Group 2, Area 1, and Area 2.
0-23	App D/ Pg 13/ Fig 1	Map changes.	<ul><li>a. Add a scale.</li><li>b. Add a key.</li><li>c. Add a north arrow.</li></ul>	Figure 1 on page 13 of Appendix D will be revised as noted in the listed changes a through c.
O-24	App D/	Map changes.	a. The map is very difficult to read. Please make this more legible.	Figure 2 on page 14 of Appendix D will be revised as noted in the listed

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	Pg 14/		<ul><li>b. Add a scale.</li><li>c. Add a key.</li></ul>	changes a through c.
O-25	Fig 2 App D/ Pg 15/ Fig 3	Map change.	a. Add a scale.	A scale will be added to Figure 3 on page 15 of Appendix D.
O-26	App D/ Pg 16/ Fig 4	The map depicts the GPR processed data.	However, the text does not have a corresponding good explanation of this figure or for the GPR data as a whole. This should be added to the text.	For explanation, additional text will be added to Figure 4, Appendix D to point out that the GPR data images are showing consistent soil lithology (i.e.,. undisturbed) at each of the cluster areas.
0-27	App D/ Pg 17/ Fig 5	Map changes.	<ul><li>a. Add a scale.</li><li>b. Add a key.</li><li>c. Add a north arrow.</li></ul>	Figure 5 on page 17 of Appendix D will be revised as noted in the listed changes a through c.
O-28	App D/ Pg 18	Text clarification.	What is meant by "project size anomalies?"	For clarification the noted text on page 18 of Appendix D will be revised to read "Smaller events near the surface did register on the raw data when collecting, and these have been noted, however these events are much smaller than the Propellant Can Tops."
O-29	App D/ Pg 18	The text indicates that all the anomalies were surveyed and the GPS coordinates are on an attached spreadsheet.	No spreadsheet was included. Please include.	The coordinates have been added to Figure 2. For clarification the noted text will be changed to read <i>"All anomalies have been surveyed</i>

				and the coordinates are included on Figure 2."
O-30	App D/ Pg 19	Disagree with the statement that the goal of the project was to identify the areas of the Propellant Can Tops.	The goals and objectives were as stated on pages 7 and 8 of the main text. Revise accordingly.	The noted text on page 19 of Appendix D will be revised to read "The data collection achieved the overall defined objectives for the project by delineating the boundaries of the propellant can top areas in order confirm the presence or absence of releases of propellants and/or other MC to the surface soils at the Group 2 Propellant Cans Tops site."
O-31	App E	No chain of custody form is included in the document.	Add the COC to the revised document.	The missing COC noted in Appendix E will be included in the revised document.
O-32	App E	Revision of the tables needed.	The tables should have the RLs listed, not just that the analytical results were <rl. please="" revise.<="" td=""><td>The summary tables in Appendix E will be revised to list the RLs as noted.</td></rl.>	The summary tables in Appendix E will be revised to list the RLs as noted.
O-33	App E	Addition of footnotes.	Add to the revised tables what is meant by ER and SO.	The following information will be added to the footnotes for the tables in Appendix E: <i>"ER = Equipment Rinse</i> SO = Soil"
O-34	App G	a. pg 3/2 <sup>nd</sup> para. b. pg 5/2 <sup>nd</sup> sentence. c. pg 6/section 2.2 d. pg 8/section 2.4	<ul> <li>a. The text indicates that the samples were picked up by North Canton personnel, then went to Denver and Sacramento, and then back to North</li> </ul>	a. Based upon the chain of custodies, the samples were picked up by North Canton, There is no further evidence that as to how the

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PAGE 0

e. pg 10/section 2.5	Canton. As this doesn't make a lot of samples were distributed by the
f. pg 10/section 2.5.4	sense, please clarify. laboratory narrative. I can only
g. pg 11/section 2.6	b. Please clarify the sentence that state what labs received what.
h. pg 12/section 2.7	begins: "Ten Percent" Based upon the reports generated,
i. pg 13/section 2.8	c. The text indicates that the validation North Canton picked up the
j. pg 14/section 2.9	reviewed only those compounds of samples on 5/26/11. They state in
k. pg 15/section 2.10	concern. How were these determined their general chemistry report for
I. pg 16/section 2.11	and by whom? Explain. All Nitrocellulose that the samples
m. pg 23/section 2.18.4	compounds analyzed within a were received 6/3/11. Based upon
n. pg 26/section 2.23	particular method are of concern. that information, what you said in
o. pg 26/section 2.23.5	d. The text indicates that the validation point a may be true. They did send
p. pg 27/section 2.23.5	reviewed only those compounds of the samples to Sacramento and
q. pg 27/section 3.3.3	concern. How were these determined then back to North Canton.
r. pg 28/section 3.4/top of the	and by whom? Explain. All
page	compounds analyzed within a b. In a level IV review only 10% of
s. pg 8 of the App B checklists	particular method are of concern. the data is completely reviewed.
t. pg 10 of the App B checklists	e. The text indicates that the validation The remaining data is verified if an
	reviewed only those compounds of issue is found in the initial review.
	concern. How were these determined
	and by whom? Explain. All Common comment for c, d, e, f, g,
	compounds analyzed within a h, i, j, k, l, n. That is a boiler plate
	particular method are of concern.
	Ų I
	investigated further the recovery issue others are not. For example PAHs
	is not significant, and the data is valid? are run by 8270 and that was the
	Please explain this reasoning. Only part of the list that was of
	g. The text indicates that the validation concern. Additionally, the method
	reviewed only those compounds of list contains numbers of
	concern. How were these determined compounds or elements that are
	and by whom? Explain. All not part of the standard reporting
	compounds analyzed within a list but are included in the raw data.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<ul> <li>particular method are of concern.</li> <li>h. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.</li> <li>i. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.</li> <li>j. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.</li> <li>j. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a</li> </ul>	Those compounds or elements that are analyzed but not reported are not analytes of concern and are not reviewed. It can be removed but is typically required. f. The laboratory uses that statement as a means to terminate their review. If nothing is done to further verify the supposed issue then there is no confirmation that an issue exists or that the problem may have been laboratory error and not necessarily a true matrix problem. Therefore if the laboratory does not further investigate, then the issue cannot be verified. MS/MSD is more of a
and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a particular	then there is no confirmation that an issue exists or that the problem
3	
	•
	3
	<b>U</b>
particular method are of concern.	validation of digestion than true
k. The text indicates that the validation	matrix interference. A true matrix
reviewed only those compounds of	interference would be resolved by
concern. How were these determined	use of Method of Standard
and by whom? Explain. All	Additions as required for CLP work.
compounds analyzed within a	Additionally, the MS/MSD only
particular method are of concern.	affects the sample tested and does
I. The text indicates that the validation	not affect the entire batch.
reviewed only those compounds of	m This commont is in record to
concern. How were these determined	m. This comment is in regard to the Lead MS/MSD recoveries. The
and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a	issue with lead in many of these
particular method are of concern.	munitions and firing ranges is that

<ul> <li>m. The matrix spike passed and the matrix spike duplicate and RPD failed. The validator indicated that the MS/MSD did not impact the sample data based upon professional judgment. Can additional explanation be given? (Trying to understand the reasoning, not questioning the validator's professional judgment.)</li> <li>n. The text indicates that the validation reviewed only those compounds of concern. How were these determined and by whom? Explain. All compounds analyzed within a particular method are of concern.</li> <li>o. The text in this section indicates that sample homogeneity may have been an issue. It is unclear as to how this could have been an issue, lit is unclear as to how this a different elarification, sources, etc., for this statement. While it may be a trace element compared to others, it is quite frequently found in environment.</li> <li>m. The text indicates that antimony is not a common element in soil. Please provide further clarification, sources, etc., for this statement. While it may be a trace element compared to others, it is quite frequently found in environment.</li> </ul>	c. through sieving not break into hrough ot ghout the ompound nature. ce in s is a g ranges well. o the mes back does not callic lead nroughout
others, it is quite inequently found in soil samples obtained from RVAAP.water digests wer and rec are often very good. Antir soil is a different situation.q. The text references a holding time issue with the equipment rinsate sample. Provide additionalsoil is a different situation.Antimony spike recoveries	mony in Since I 7),

<ul> <li>information.</li> <li>r. Change text to read: " in the proper condition, and all soil analyses were performed within the proper holding time." (Section 3.3.3 indicated that there were holding time issues with the equipment rinsate.)</li> <li>s. The first row/last column indicates that the samples were extracted within the holding time. Yet the comments on pg. 9 state the opposite. Rectify the disconnect.</li> <li>t. The first row/last column indicates that the samples were extracted within the holding time. Yet the comments on pg. 9 state the opposite. Rectify the disconnect.</li> <li>t. The first row/last column indicates that the samples were extracted within the holding time. Yet, the comments on pd. 9 state the opposite.</li> </ul>	were poor at best. In the CLP program we ignored the spikes because the problem was so common. This is due to using a digestion process that does not work for Antimony in the soil. The digestion for soil is the same as for water. The digestion has to be changed for soil but such modifications are not under the laboratory's control, thus this problem will continue. Basically I can change the value to either estimated or outright reject it. Though Antimony is found in the
holding time. Yet, the comments on pg. 11 state the opposite. Rectify the disconnect.	<ul> <li>Though Antimony is found in the soil at that site is it high enough to be an issue or would it suffice to just flag the MS/MSD data and J flag the Antimony data. I can do that. It will happen on every soil taken there. Historically that is the trend.</li> <li>q and r. To clarify, this issue was discussed with the USACE Louisville Chemist who also felt that the holding time issue was not one since the sample was a rinsate and not a real site sample. As</li> </ul>

	pre-draft iteration.
	s. and t. That can be changed to read as stated by the commenter in item r.

#### END OF REPORT